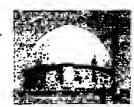
cong rallies



Opera at Bayreuth Half a cheer for half a Ring





TOMORROW'S Weekend FT Journey to the heart of Zionism

FINANCIAL TIMES

Profits growth at Commerzbank ilmited to 11%

Europe's Business Newspape



operating profits rose 11 per cent to DM498m (\$276m) in the six months to the end of June, after being more than 30 per cent ahead in the first five months, after the German bank suffered a 68 per cent drop in earnings from trading activities on tts own account. Chairman Martin Kohlhaussen (above) had forecast good

results from own-account business, but June loss are thought to have been substantial. Page 13 Asian anger over import rule change: Asian textiles and clothing exporters and US retailers and garment producers are protesting at a proposed change in US rules of origin for textiles imports which, they say, could seriously disrupt interna-

tional trade and investment, Page 12 EU cautious on aid to South Africa: The European Union is poised to approve a package of trade benefits to South Africa which falls short of pledges to offer generous support to the new postapartheid regime, Page 5

Japanese output rise holds steady: Japanese industrial production rose in the three months to June for the second consecutive quarter, the first time it has done so since the downturn hit nearly three years ago. Page 4

Dow Chemical of the US reported second-quarter operating earnings of \$602m, 17 per cent higher than in the same period last year and its best result for three years. Page 13

Imperial Chemical Industries, the UK's largest chemicals company, posted interim profits up 40 per cent to £353m (\$547m) as a result of self-help and a surprising rise in demand. Page 14; Lex. Page 12; Details, Page 20

Russia reviews share trading rules: The Russian government said it would devise rules to regulate share trading as the country's bestknown company, the MMM finance house, tottered on the verge of collapse. Page 2

International Business Machines is expected to consolidate its personal computer operations in the US with the loss of about 2,000 jobs, or 20 per cent of the division's workforce. Page 16

Interim profits down at BCH: Spanish banking group Banco Central Hispano reported a 19.5 per cent first-half fall in its net consolidated profits, to Pta29.3bn (\$225.8m), but said it was strengthening its balance sheet and improving the core banking business. Page 14

Russian bus hijacked: Four armed hijackers in Pyatigorsk, southern Russia, took 40 bus passengers hostage and demanded a getaway helicopter and a \$15m ransom. It is the fourth such attack since

Budweiser boosts Kirin's profits: Kirin Brewery, Japan's largest beer and beverage company, said brisk demand for Budweiser beer, sold under licence from Anheuser-Busch of the US, belped pusb interim profits up 4 per cent to Y35.9bn

Asahi Glass, Japan's biggest glassmaker. reported a 43.9 per cent slide in interim pre-tax profits to Y11.25bn (\$115m) because of stagnant lemand from the construction and automotive industries. Page 15

Rethink on Malaysia loan: The controversial loan from the UK for the Malaysian Pergau Dam project is being renegotiated and the £234m (\$362.7m) cost of an interest rate subsidy over 14 years may be reduced. Page 4

Scholes agrees Hanson bid: Scholes Group, UK maker of electrical installation equipment, agreed to a £96.1m (\$149m) hid from Hanson, more than 20 years after it first held merger talks with the conglomerate's Crabtree subsidiary.

Block trade market system for Paris: The Paris bourse is to operate a block-trade market system from October in an attempt to recoup some of the domestic business which has migrated to the London Stock Exchange's Seaq international trading system. Page 13

Office costs soar in China: Rents for city offices in China and Vietnam have risen sharply this year to become some of the most expensive in the world as international companies seek fcotholds in rapidly emerging markets. Page 12

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Smell of decay lingers in Kigali, city of the dead

There is an emptiness about Kigali which is more sinister than the mere lack of people.

It is the city where the genocide of Rwanda's minority Tutsi community began in April, and a faint, cloying smell of decaying flesh alerts newcomers to the fact that in Kigali, the living are

outnumbered by the dead.

After the massacres, the majority Hutu population took flight as the rebel Rwandan Patriotic Front, led by Tutsi exiles, captured the capital. It is a city of abandoned cars and abandoned villas. The three-month-long hattle for Kigali,

its scars. The parliament huilding, which stood upon one of the city's seven hills, was bombed beyond repair, so that the ceremony which installed Rwanda's new RPF-led government had to be held

outdoors. There was no officialdom present at the ceremony. Most civil servants were recruited from the ruling Hutu party, now in self-imposed exile. The new government has no hureaucracy to execute

its orders and no people to govern.
The foyer of the Meridien hotel, where half the new cabinet has taken up residence, is barricaded with sandbags. Few of its windows withstood the constant shelling which marked the fight for that sector of the city. There is no electricity

Therese, a Hutu employee left in charge of the Meridien after the evacuation of its European management, has only ventured outside the hotel once since the RPF took control of Kigali.

T went to see if my house was still standing," she says. "A Tutsi family has

taken it over." She does not plan to register a com-plaint. She fears the new government and the hoy soldiers who guard the numerous RPF roadblocks in the city. Inside the hotel, however, she feels protected by the presence of UN troops who are billeted there. The RPF victory has sounded the clarion call for the Tutsi diaspora to return home.

Driven into exile by a succession of Hutu governments, the returnees are hreathing new life into the capital. They are easy to spot in their overloaded cars with Burundese or Ugandan number

Mr Protais Nkeshimana, a taxi-driver born in neighbouring Burundi, set foot in the land of his parents for the first time this week. After driving around Kigali, he chose an empty mansion in one of the capital's smartest districts to begin a new life. "If the owner comes back, we will vacate the house," he says, without much conviction. In the new Rwanda, there are as yet no courts or

police to evict him. Outside the offices o Transintra, an international shipping company, Emile Twahirwa has come back to inspect the damage wrought by the widespread looting which accumpanied the massacres in Kigali.

Twahirwa, a Tutsi, was separated from his wife and daughter when the killings began. He was saved by an officer of the former Hutu army, who gave him a Hutu identity card and helped him escape from the capital. His family

"Every exile I know plans to return," he says. "We must rehuld the country. but this time without the ethnic

Continued on Page 12

GM doubles profit to record \$1.9bn in second quarter

By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent, in London

General Motors of the US, the world's biggest vehicle maker, more than doubled its net profits to a record \$1.9hn in the second quarter from \$889m in the same period a year ago. The big three US vehicle mak-

ers - GM, Ford and Chrysler all achieved record profits in the second quarter, as they continue to recover strongly from the heavy losses of the early 1990s.

Their profits are rising sharply belped by the continuing strength of the North American market and the start of recovery in western Europe, where GM is currently the most profitable volume carmaker.

GM remains the highest cost

producer in North America with profit margins far below Ford and Chrysler, but it is starting to reap the benefits of the drastic restructuring of its North American automotive operations, which have suffered losses for the last four years in succession. In the second quarter, GM'a domestic automotive operations achieved a net profit of \$125m compared with a loss of \$33m in the corresponding period a year

ago, and the recovery was the key factor behind the overall group's record profits. GM's international automotive

profits by 77 per cent in the second quarter to \$543m from \$306m a year ago reflecting continuing high earnings in Latin America and "significantly improved prof-

itability" in Europe. GM Hugbes Electronics, the group's defence and automotive electronics subsidiary, increased its net profit in the second quarter from \$232m to \$267m. Its Electronic Data Systems subsidiary raised its earnings to a record \$197m from \$178m, but GMAC, its financial services operation, suffered a fall in earnings to \$216m from \$285m a year ago.

GMAC is continuing to be hit by the weakness of GM's balance sheet, which has been battered by the heavy losses of recent years, which have undermined

its credit ratings.
in the US. GM's share of the car and light truck market in the first half fell to 33.7 per cent from 34.4 per cent in 1993. GM said the decline, in particular in the second quarter, reflected the start-up of production of new models and the group's inability to meet higher than expected ind for some other key vehicle lines.

In North America it had still achieved its best six-month sales performance since 1990. GM, which includes Opel/Vauxhall and Saab, increased its share

operations also increased net of the west European new car market to 12.9 per cent.

Mr Jack Smith, chief executive, said that GM recognised that it could not become "complacent" after its second quarter results. We still have a lot of work ahead to improve our earnings power and achieve target earning margins."

In the second quarter it achieved a net margin of 2.7 per cent on its North American automotive operations against a loss of 0.1 per cent a year earlier, but its international automotive operations increased their net margin to 7.5 from 4.6 per cent. "The dramatic improvement in margins is an encouraging sign that we're on track. We're still considerably short, however, of our 5 per cent annual net margin target." Mr Smith said.

In the first half, GM virtually doubled its group net income to \$2.78bn from \$1.4bn a year ago on a turnover, which rose from \$70.8hn to \$77.9bn. Before changes in accounting principles net income rose to \$33.5bn.

The North American automotive operations achieved a net compared with a loss of \$203m a year ago, while international automotive operations doubled earnings to \$969m from \$446m.

Best yet to come, Page 13 | full, if the pyramid investment

Removal men start loading valuables belonging to businessman-politician Bernard Tapic from his Paris mansion to sell as part payment of FFr1.2bn Credit Lyonnais claims he owes the bank Report, Page 2

Moscow pledge on share trading

By John Lloyd in Moscow

The Russian government yesterday said it would devise regulations on share trading as the MMM finance house tottered would destroy the dreams of large numbers of its share-

The investors are unlikely to be compensated, certainly not in

organisation collapses - though Mr Sergei Dubinin, the acting finance minister, has been put in charge of a committee which will see what can be done.

which now has an estimated 20,000 people waiting around its Moscow headquarters to trade in their shares - heard an astonishlng litany of government insouciance in the face oftbe

unorthodox activities of MMM It had not paid Rbs49,9bn of tax and had not maintained or shown to the authorities proper records, according to Mr Vladimir Gusev. The cabinet meeting called to head of the taxation service. It a company named Russia House Selengha, despite a ban on such trading by the Supreme Arbitration court. It has also, according

Continued on Page 12

Lawyers resist Berlusconi detention

By Robert Graham in Rome

Lawyers were yesterday involved in a tug-of-war with Milan magistrates to block the imprisonment of Mr Paolo Berlusconi, younger brother of the Italian prime minister, on corruption charges.
Milan magistrates issued an

arrest warrant for Mr Paolo Berlusconi on Tuesday, alleging his involvement in paying hribes totalling L330m (\$211,500) to the Guardia di Finanza, the financial police, over tax inspections of the Fininvest group.

The arrest warrant for the brother of Mr Silvio Berlusconi continued yesterday to cause neryousness in the financial markets about the stability of Italy's rightwing coalition government. The lira continued to fluctuate below the psychological floor of Li,000 against the D-Mark; but recovered slightly to L1,003 in late trading.

Anti-corruption magistrates in Milan have insisted on the 42-year-old Mr Paolo Berlusconi's detention on the grounds he might tamper with evidence. But supporters of the Berlusconi government pointed out that two

Continued on Page 12 Bank of Italy problem, Page 2 for Smithkline Beecham, It's

Tagamet fails to win US backing for sale without prescription

By Paul Abrahams in London

Tagamet, SmithKline Beecham's top-selling ulcer drug, should not be cleared for non-prescription sales in the US, two advisory committees of the Food and Drug Administration unanimously rec-

ommended yesterday.

The decision is a blow for the
Anglo-American healthcare group, which had been hoping to use over-the-counter sales to counter the expected rapid decline in Tagamet revenues in the US after the expiry of its

patents in May.
Goldman Sachs, the US investment hank, had been predicting worldwide non-prescription sales for Tagamet of £100m (\$150m) hy 1997. Tagamet is already available without a prescription in the UK. SmithKline's shares yesterday fell 111/p to 408p.

Another FDA advisory committee refused to recommend Rogaine, Upjohn's baldness treatment, for sale without a prescription. The two rejections reinfor industry concerns that the

chances of extending drugs' reve-nues after patent expiries through non-prescription sales are being jeopardised by the FDA's increasing conservatism.

This is a substantial setback

really important to be first to the market with these new generation drugs. The first could generate annual US sales of \$500m by 1995, the second \$200m, and the third \$100m," said Mr Viren Mehtha, of drugs analysts Mehtha & Isalay. This is the second time FDA

advisory committees have refused to recommend Tagamet. The committees will today consider whether to recommend Pepcid for sale without prescription. The drug, marketed hy Merck and Johnson & Johnson of the US, is one of Tagamet's main rivals. Another rival, Zantac, Glazo Holdings' top-selling prod-uct, is also being developed for non-prescription use.

The committees were concerned about possible interactions of Tagamet with two widely prescribed medicines - Upjohn's sleeping pill Halcion, and theopylline, an asthma treatment. However, they said their con-cerns about the effectiveness of Tagamet for hearthurn had been

SmithKline Beecham said it would conduct additional clinical trials to meet the committees' concerns. The committees voter the drug could be licensed with-out further intervention by them if their concerns were met.

NORDLANDSBANKEN AS **Rights Issue** of 1,432,526 New Ordinary Shares of par value NOK 50 each Issue Price: NOK 85 per Share Arranged by Joint Lead Managers OSLO SECURITIES AS Nomura International May 1994



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O THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1994 No 32,431 Week No 30

LONDON . PARIS . FRANKFURT . NEW YORK . TOKYO

troubles rebound on Bank of Italy

By Robert Graham in Rome

The Berlusconi government has failed to resolve the delicate issue of nominating a new director-general for the Bank of Italy, letting the matter sllp

'The bank's Higher Council, responsible for making the formai nomination, had been expected to agree yesterday on a replacement for Mr Lamberto Dini, who left to become treasury minister after general elections in spring.

But Mr Antonio Fazio, the bank's governor, failed to signal that the council would be called in extraordinary session; only such a meeting can deter-mine who will hold the number two job at the bank.

The postponement is a further sign of difficulties encountered by Mr Silvio Beriusconi, the prime minister, as he tries to fill top jobs. It was only this week, after two month's wranpling among the partners in the right-wing coalition, that the government agreed on the compromise choice of Mr Michele Tedeschi to head Iri, the principal state bolding.

Attempts to find an acceptable successor to Mr Dini have come up against competing toterests in the Bank of Italy and the government.

Although the 13-man Higher Council choses the replacement, their choice must be confirmed by the head of state in conjunction with the prime minister and treasury minister. In the wake of the Council's previous abortive meeting at the start of the month, the government Issued a strongly worded statement asserting its right to make nominations to senior posts at the bank. This right was not to be confused with the bank's autonomy, the statement insisted.

However, the Bank of Italy continues to press for someone from within the institution, preserving both tradition and a sense of autonomy. The logical successor, in hierarchical terms, would be Mr Tommaso Padoa Schioppa, the most senior of the two deputy director-generals. But the government regards him as too close to Mr Carlo Azeglio Ciampi, who resigned as bank governor to become prime minister in 1993 and wbo promoted Mr Fazio above Mr Dini.

The Berlusconi government wants to introduce new blood to the bank. Its favoured candidate has been Mr Rainer Masera, a former head of the bank's research department, liberal economist and currently in charge of Imi, the state controlled financial

A compromise which would give the vacant job to Mr Vincenzo Desario, the junior deputy governor who is close to Mr Fazio, has yet to find sup-port. But the weaker the Berlusconi government becomes, the more Mr Fazio is likely to get his own way.

The debate over the choice of a replacement does not reflect on the quality of the respective candidates hut rather whom each person is seen to repre-sent. Whatever the outcome. relations between the government and the bank risk being

Bank officials said yesterday that, hy allowing more time for reflection, it was hoped an acceptable solution could be reached that would avoid harming such a sensitive rela-

Good links between the two have become all the more important as the economy begins to recover from recession and as the government crisis produces speculative pressure on the lira that could force up interest rates.

THE FINANCIAL TIMES THE FINANCIAL TIMES
Published by The Financial Times
(Europe) GmbH. Nibelungenplatz 3,
60313 Frankfurt am Main, Germany.
Telephone ++49 69 156 830, Fax ++49
69 3964481, Telea 416193. Represented
in Frankfurt by J. Walter Brand, Wilbelm J. Briksel, Colin A. Kennard as
Geschäfsführer and in London by
David C.M. Bell and Alan C. Miller.
Printer: DVM Druek-Vertrieb und Markeling GmbH. Admiral-Rosendahl-Printer: DVM Druck-Vertrieb und Markeling GmbH. Admiral-Rosendahl-Strasse 3a. 63263 Neu-Isenburg (owned hy Hirriyet International). ISSN: ISSN 0174-7363. Responsible Editor Richard Lambert, c/o The Financial Times Limited, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL, UK, Sharcholders of the Financial Times (Europel GmbH are: The Financial Times (Europel GmbH are: The Financial Times (Europel Ltd. London and F.T. (Germany Adwertsing) Ltd. London. Sharcholder of the Financial Times Limited, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL. The Company is mootperated under the laws of England and Wales. Chairman: D.C.M. Bell. FRANCE: Publishing Director: D.

D.C.M. Bell.
FRANCE: Publishing Director: D.
Good, 168 aue de Rivoli, F-75044 Paris
Cedex 01. Telephone 1011 4297-0621.
Fax 1011 4297-0629. Printer: \$A. Nord
Eclair, 15/21 aue de Caire, F-59100
Roubaix Codex I. Bditor Richard Lambert. ISSN: ISSN 1148-2753. Commission Paritaire No 67808D. nenmark: Financial Times (Scandin-avis) Ltd. Vimmelskafted 42A. DK-1161 Copenhagenk. Telephone 33 13 44 41, Fax 33 93 53 35.

Berlusconi | Emma Tucker on the problem at the heart of airline competition in Europe

Flying the flag crowds airways

o understand why air transport is one of the last industries to face the rigours of competition in Europe, a good starting point is terminal 2, at London'e Heathrow airport.

From the spectators' gallery overlooking the European hub, the picture is clear. Spain's Iberia sits alongside Air France. Germany's Lufthansa follows the Dutch KLM carrier on to the runway. The blue insignia on the tail of Bel-gium's Sabena pokes out from hehind Italy's Alitalia.

"The biggest barrier to air transport liberalisation in Europe is this crazy idea that every memher etate has to have its own airline," said a European Commission official. The result is that a relatively small land-mass is supporting too many airlines.

Europe's state-owned airlines occupy the same place as flags, languages and national anthems in the hearts of Europe's citizens. "People still assume there is something glamorous about flying," said the official "But...airlines are just glorified bus companies." National pride more than

By Kerin Hope in Athens

burdened state carrier.

overall operating losses.

The Greek government has strong

political motives for ensuring the sur-

vival of Olympic Airways, the debt-

For a start, more than 4m diaspora

Greeks, living mostly in the US. Can-

ada and Australia, travel home fre-

quently. They are courted by Atheus as an important source of investment in Greece and influence abroad.

Olympic lost Dr8.7hn (£23.6m) last

year on long-haul routes to the US and

Australia, equivalent to 66 per cent of

come before it this year - Air France, Greece's Olympic and TAT of Portugal.

try official yesterday.

To the horror of private air-

maintain cultural links and boost

Greek mlgrants' remittances

and shipping income, the Greek negotiators pointed out, together bring

in more than \$4bn a year, equal to almost two-thirds of Greek export earn-

US carriers are willing to operate

direct flights to Greece only in the

scratch," said Mr Kevin Murphy, airline analyst at Morgan Stanley in New York, "That kind of subsidy will only perpetuate the inefficiencies that

already exist at Air France." Yesterday the US administration made clear its dismay at the Brussels decision. "In the late 1980s and early

like flags, languages and national anthems

State carriers are

1990s, when PanAm and Eastern Airlines went under," said a US diplomat in Brussels, "the US government resisted enormous pressure to intervene. In the long run, US carriers and consumers are better for it. The European Commission should have stood up to these subsidies in the same way."

The diplomat also noted that the Commission's conditions on state aid to Air France left the door open for further aid and were not tough enough to

most sensitive of industries. Its cooclusions - in what looked like an attempt to steer a course between the EU's liberalisers and more interventionist memhers - argued that although privatisation was the implicit answer to the indus-

The most recent hand-outs were thus the so-called "one time-last time" payments, which would allow carriers to get back on to a normal commercial footing before privati-

try's woes, a restructuring

period was necessary first.

The question now is how long the airlines can delay privatisation. The one condition that Air France's rivals would have liked to have seen imposed by the Commission would have been a definite date for privatisation. But none was set. Mr Bernard Bosson, the French transport minister gave a vague reassurance that privatisation would follow the three-year restructuring.

that everybody knows that the contraction of the airline industry is inevitable in Europe," said the Commission official "Governments are trying to make sure that when the fight finally comes, their national carriers will be the ones that survive."

Until then - so far British Airways and British Midland remain the only EU "flag-carriers" to operate entirely privately - consumers will remain the overall losers.

According to the report on which the Commission's deci-sion was based, European airlines' operating costs are about 48 per cent higher than those of their US counterparts and total labour costs nearly 37 per cent higher.

In addition, global competi-tion is hotting up. "In the US, cost structures are coming down even further, and that will affect European carriers' competitive capability," said Mr Murphy.

"It is obvious that not all the national carriers will survive," Mr Peter Höbel of Lufthansa said yesterday. "Some will just end up servicing regional traf-

Crédit Lyonnais yesterday seized most of Mr Bernard Taple's

valuable 18th century furniture and pictures from his Paris mansion in order to sell them as part repayment of the FFr1.2bn (£144m) which the businessman-politician owes the bank. Mr Tapie denounced the seizure as "illegal and politically motivated". In March Crédit Lyonnais agreed to spread repayment of Mr Tapie's debts over four years, but it claims Mr Tapie has since failed to honour provisions relating to his mortgaged furniture. Mr Tapie claims the bank breached the March debt accord, an argument which his lawyers will put to a court hearing in late October, at which Crédit Lyonnais is separately seeking to recover FFr237m of its loans. Mr Tapie claimed yesterday that he had enough assets to cover his debts. David Buchan, Paris

OECD delays picking chief

Ambassadors to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development removed the question of who should become the new head of the institution from the agenda of a council running, Reuter, Paris

France trims key interest rate

John Ridding, Paris

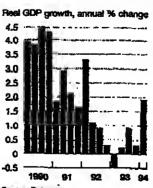
Reynolds faces beef report

A report on alleged irregularities in the Irisb beef trade is due

A large majority of voters throughout the European Union A large majority of voters throughout the European Union support the European parliament's new powers to vet members of the European Commission, according to an EU-wide opinion poll published yesterday. According to the survey, carried out by the European Commission as part of its regular Europarometer series, 73 per cent of EU voters say the president and members of the Commission should hold office only if they are supported by a majority in the Strasbourg parliament. Only 9 per cent oppose this view, the survey indicates. Following its narrow vote in favour of Mr. Jacques Santer Following its narrow vote in favour of Mr Jacques Santer, designated to take the Commission presidency in January, the parliament is due to hold nomination hearings with proposed commissioners in autumn. David Marsh, London

ECONOMIC WATCH

Dutch GDP outstrips forecast



rose 1.9 per cent in the first quarter of 1994 against the year-earlier period, outstripping a preliminary estimate of 1.3 per cent made in early June. The central statistical office said the upward revision was largely due to avail ability of more accurate foreign trade figures, which showed a 7.1 per cent jump in the volume of goods and services sold abroad in the first three months of the year. The 19 per cent increase - the 1990 91 92 93 94 highest quarterly gain since a 3.3 per cent rise in the open-

Dutch gross domestic product

Purchases of new cars were particularly buoyant, rising by about 25 per cent against the weak first quarter of 1993.
Ronald van de Krol, Amsterdam

Spain's jobless total fell by nearly 30,000 in April-June, the first seasonally adjusted quarterly growth in employment since the opening period of 1991. The jobless total now stands

Denmark's unemployment rate in June dropped to 12.3 per cent of the workforce, from 12.4 per cent to May, according to

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Brussels clears BT-MCI link

The European Commission has cleared an alliance between British Telecom and MCI, the US operator, to provide global telecom services to multinational companies. The ruling which remains to effect until the year 2000, removes the last serious regulatory hurdle to the deal which US authorities approved earlier this month. The ruling yesterday is the first in-depth examination by Brussels of global alliances in the fast growing telecom market.

The ruling covers the plan by BT to take a 20 per cent stake valued at \$4.3bn (\$2.77bn) in MCI and the proposed joint venture known as Concert to provide services such as data transmission, video-conferencing and global calling cards. The Commission said the BT stake in MCI was not a threat to competition as BT had no possibility of controlling or influenc-ing MCL On the other hand, it would restrict competition as the two companies were at least "potential competitors" in the market for value added services and general telecommunications. It also found that the appointment of BT as exclusive distributor of Concert within the European Economic Area (EEA) – which covers the EU as well as Austria, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden – was anti-competitive. It has ohtained an assurance that any user in the EEA will be able to obtain Concert's services through MCL In addition, a provision intended to dissuade MCI from entering the EEA market will last for five years. Lionel Barber, Brussels

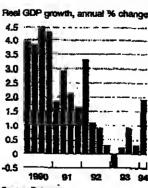
Bank seizes Tapie's furniture

meeting yesterday, delaying a decision until September. The OECD's 25 members have been divided for months over which of four candidates should become secretary-general when the second five-year mandate of Mr Jean-Claude Paye expires in September. Mr Donald Johnston - former head of Canada's Liberal party who has the backing of the US, Japan and, according to his supporters, at least 10 other countries - is believed to be the leading candidate. Mr Paye, who is seeking a third term, is said to be the second favourite, with Mr Nigel Lawson, former British chancellor of the exchequer, behind him. Diplomats said the fourth candidate, Germany's top trade negotiator Mr Lorenz Schomerus, appears to be out of the

The Bank of France yesterday trimmed its key short-term interest rate by one-tenth of a percentage point, to 5 per cent, in a further easing of monetary policy. The cut in the intervention rate, the floor for money market rates, was consistent with the central bank's strategy of tracking the German repo rate lower while maintaining a gap of 15-25 basis points Yesterday's move leaves France's intervention rate 15 basis points above the repo rate. Economists in Paris said another cut appeared unlikely in the next month as the Buodesbank had frozen the repo rate until at least the last week of August.

to be presented to the Irish government today, with poten-tially embarrassing repercussions for Mr Albert Reynolds, the prime minister, who was agriculture minister during some of the period under investigation. The report is expected to answer questions raised during the inquiry regarding Mr Reynolds' prudence in providing unprecedented levels of export credit insurance for beef exports to Iraq. Mr Dick Spring, foreign minister, who leads the Labour half of a coalition government with Mr Reynolds' Fianna Fail party, is understood to have made allegations about Mr Reynolds in evidence given to the inquiry, which sat between June 1991 and July 1993. The Irish government will discuss the findings of the inquiry, which is understood to have cost I£25m (£24.7m), at a special meeting next week. John McManus,

EU voters support vetting



ing period of 1992 - was also

helped by a 2.5 per cent increase in consumer spending

at 3.7m, or 24.2 per cent of the working population.

figures released yesterday. ■ Poland's industrial output rose 9.9 per cent to the first six months of this year compared with last year's period. Average inflation over the six months fell to 31.3 per cent from 35.3 per cent in the opening half of 1993.

months after a Brussels com-"FFr20bn is enough money offset the "negative and distortive effects" on competition. mittee urged Europe to speed to create a new airline from up liberalisation of its airways, The decision, and the other the Commission was yesterday state-aid approvals, formed unable to veto the last of three part of Brussels' careful approach to liberalising this cases of state-aid to airlines to

"It wasn't really a question of what Brussels believed, it was a question of what it could get away with," said an indus-

lines without state subsidies. such as British Airways, and state-owned airlines that have restructured hefore privatisa-tion, such as Lufthansa, the Commission allowed the French government to pump FFr20bn (£2.4bn) into the bankrupt Air France and the Greek government to inject Dr54hn (£147m) into Olympic. Earlier this month, the Portuguese Airline TAP was allowed to benefit from Es180bn (£723m) of government money.

According to industry analysts, the decision to allow the French government and others to have their way is merely prolonging the agony for air-lines that before long will have anything explains wby, six to face full-blown competition.

Political motives help keep Greek airline airborne subsidies to Olympic, the Greek gov-ernment persuaded the European Com-Seasonality is one of Olympic's prob-lems. Traffic is concentrated between mission that New York and Sydney June and September, when passenger flights should be retained under the loads are close to the maximum. In the airline's restructuring plan, approved winter, months, domestic flights to the earlier this week, because they belp Greek islands may be two-thirds

> Nevertheless, Olympic is ohliged to serve Island rontes year-round, unlike foreign charter operators who fly between April and October and switch destinations from year to year according to tourist demand.

The government argues that a regular air service is important to keep Greek island communities alive. Population of the Aegean islands has

stabilised over the past decade, after 20 years of decline. More than 20 island airports are now able to handle medinm-sized passenger jets. In addition, Greece's dispute with

Turkey over control of Aegean airspace means that maintaining flights to the eastern Aegean islands, close to the Turkish coast, is seen as vital to the national interest.

Aside from politics, Greek passengers on toternational flights show a surprising degree of loyalty to their national carrier, considering its record on punctuality and customer service is considered the poorest among Euro-

losses in 1993, the association

suggested that most of them

expected no more than reduced

wages round, due to start in

volced by Individual

According to Siemens, Ger-

many's biggest electrical engi-

neering group, price competi-tion and currency factors had

Simultaneous warnings from

two of Germany'e leading com-

panies also suggested real con-

cern that the Bundesbank's

tight hold on interest rates -

one reason for the D-Mark's

ucts by up to 10 per cent.

ssed prices of some prod-

companies

But, in arguing for approval of its pean Union airlines. summer tourist season. Germans fear weak \$ will hit recovery Industry looks to Bundesbank for cut, writes Christopher Parkes leadership bas been showing signs this week of increasing restiveness leadership bas been

French troops clear mines on the road near Sarajevo on which a UK soldier was shot on Wednesday

Russia and US split over Serb reply to peace plan

By Philip Stephens and Chrystia Freeland in London and John Lloyd in Moscow

General Pavel Grachev, the Russian defence minister, said yesterday after a meeting with Bosnian Serb leaders that he was certain they would accept the latest peace plan following their refusal to do so last week. Gen Grachev's optimism was

not shared by all officials from other contact group nations. Mr Warren Christopher, the US secretary of state, yesterday characterised the initial carefully qualified Serbian response to the peace plan as "tantamount to a rejection".

A new Bosnian Serh response to the plan is expected to be discussed at a meeting tomorrow in Geneva of the foreign ministers of the five-nation contact group. This group put forward the initial peace proposal, which set out a partition of the territory.

With the Americans and the US administration might Russians at odds over how to pressure the Serbs into complying with the peace plan, and European government nervous for the troops they have stationed in Bosnia, diplomats fear splits in the group could ultimately lead to an escalation of fighting in Bosnia.

Gen Grachev, whose govern-ment is constrained by a pow-erful pro-Serhian domestic lohby hut also has the most leverage over the Bosnian Serhs, offered Bosnian Serh leaders three unspecified proposals from Russian President Boris Yeltsin meant to make the peace plan more palatable. Gen Grachev said that the Bosnian Serbs had not agreed to the initiative in full but indicated their willingness to accept the peace plan if cer-tain, unspecified, changes were made in the course of future discussions.

In Britain, officials fear that existing safe havens.

take a harder line than other members of the contact group, urging an extension of Neto's military role in Bosnia and the subsequent lifting of the arms embargo. British officials are concerned that Moscow might pull out of the Geneva meeting, forcing its postpooement.

foreign secretary, warned minwithdrawal of its troops. But in testimony before the House foreign affairs commit-

pber took a gentler stance. Mr Christopher said pressure to lift the arms embargo would become "irresistible" only after failure of tightened sanctions and stricter enforcement of

Mr Douglas Hurd, the UK isterial colleagues in London yesterday that if Washington did not accept a more gradu-ated approach to increasing sure on the Serbs, Britain could be forced into a rapid

tee in Washington, Mr Christo-

deficits this year. Although the association's warning that "a lot remains to helow the official fixing of be done, above all on the wages front" smacked of poli-DM1.7263 on December 31 last year implied a drop in the company's sales of DM100m ticking in advance of the 1995 (\$63.6m), he claimed. the autumn, it echoed worries

erable risks" for economic developments in the renewed strength of the German CUITERCY.

external value of the D-Mark could bring the expected economic recovery back into ques-Meanwhile, Gesamtmetall.

earnings this year after aggregate losses of DM7bn in

tion," it said. the engineering industry employers' association, warned there would be no "sweeping improvement" in the sector's

Even though new data has sbown orders for machinery and plant continuing to rise they were up a real 10 per cent in the first half of the year -Gesamtmetall said the need for rationalisation was still

ermany's industrial as strong as last year. rleadership bas been The association's gloom stemmed from a survey in May by the respected Ifo economics institute of more than 1,000 engineering and electrical com-

about the strength of the economic recovery and the effects of exchange rate distortions on panies, in which only 38 per business prospects.
Mr Henning Schulte-Noelle, cent said they expected better results this year. chairman of the Allianz insur-Stoce two-thirds of these ance group, warned in Munich more optimistic forecasts came from companies which made

that continuing dollar weak-ness could draw a line through our calculations" for 1994 Every one pfennig drop in the value of the US currency

An interim profits report from SMW, the quality car-maker, also warned of "consid-

"A continued rise in the

strength - could damage prospects for many industrial sectors. Although most economists expect at least one more cut in

the internationally-sensitive 4.5 per cent discount rate before the end of the year, this week's statements suggest pressure is mounting for a move as soon after the summer break as possible.

Too much water and wine don't mix Thunderstorms have wrecked some of the best French vineyards, writes John Ridding

or some French wine producers or some French wine producers it never rains, but it pours. The violent thunder and hailstorms that bave rolled across France over the past few weeks have struck at random, causing serious damage to some vineyards, while leaving others untouched.

Take the case of the Puligny-Montrachet vineyards in the Burgundy region of eastern France. Heavy hall on the night of July 17 could reduce this year's production by up to 20 per cent. Some vineyards are particularly affected. Chartron and Trebucbet, a company which owns and manages vineyards on the region's Montrachet hill, says that its grands crus and premiers crus have suffered severely. "As far as the Domaine Jean Char-

tron is concerned, the parcels Clos des Chevallers, Clos du Cailleret, Clos de la Pucelle and Les Folatières have unfortunately been devastated by more than 50 per cent," says Mr Louis Trébuchet.

A colleague points out the element of chance involved. "In Burgundy we have to live with hail. But It is very pinpoint. A few bundred metres away there will be no damage," she says. There may be a silver lining to the hailstorm clouds. The scarcity of this year's vintage could raise prices of the

Domaine Jean Chartron wines, for

which the grands crus already cost

more than FFr300 (£35) a bottle. But

wine experts say that any increase in

prices will be determined by the quality of this year's wine and the production

in rival high-quality vineyards. Other regions have also been affected by the recent storms. "Last weekend there was some damage," says a spokesman for the association of Bordeaux wine producers. But it appears very isolated and I don't think there will be a widespread affect on production. For those which have been affected, bow-

ever, the effects can be very damaging." Until the harvests are gathered over the next few months, it is unclear whether 1994 will mark another year of declining production. Total production fell in 1993 by 19 per cent, to 53m hectolitres, according to Insee, the national

statistics office. Last year, too, the weather was to hlame. "The harvest was greatly

affected by rain," says Insee, citing Aquitaine in southwestern France as one of the worst-hit regions. In general, however, the report concludes that the quality of the harvest was not greatly affected and "1993

There were other encouraging signs. Consumption rose by 7 per cent in volume terms, after several years of decline, although prices continued their downward trend. The sole exception, according to Insee, has been for Burgundy wines,

should count among the good years".

where the average price rose by 6 per cent last year. As they survey their ravaged vineyards, however, that may prove bittle consolation for the producers of Puligny-Montracbet.

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still not been confirmed. The exact nature of the discussions between the White House and Treasury between last September and this February emerged as the focus of Republican questioning during the second day of the House banking committee's hearings on the "Washington end" of Whitewater, which involves the first family's land and

on 19 hrands of assault weapon, passed by both House and Senate, but adamantly House and Senate negotiators opposed by Mr Jack Brooks, reached a compromise yester-House chairman of the conferday on tough anti-crime legisence committee. The negotialation that will put thousands tors dropped the so-called more police on US streets, ban racial justice provision that would have allowed minority defeodants to challenge the several types of assault guns death penalty by using statisti-cal evidence that capital pun-

on US crime bill

ishment is imposed more often on blacks and minorities. The influential Congressio-nal Black Caucus strongly supported the racial justice measure, but Senate Republicans threated to use a fillbuster to kill a bill that included it. The Black Caucus now says it will oppose a procedural vote needed to bring the crime bill to the House floor, but not the bill itself.

unsuccessfully through Wednesday night, unable to The legislation also helps local communities hire 100,000 norning yesterday. more police officers, gives states grants to huild more

to deal with first-time drug offenders, and increases from two to about 60 the number of federal crimes for which the

death penalty can be imposed. It also mandates life sentences for third-time offenders whose last conviction was for a violent or drug-related crime, allows federal prosecutors to treat offenders as young as 13 as adults in particularly hrutal cases, and makes gender-based violence against women a civil rights violation. Gender-based crimes include spouse beating and stalking.

With the Clinton administration pushing hard for the bill, and members of Congress many of whom are up for reelection in November - eager to prove to their constituents that they are tough on crime, the hill is expected to sail through both chambers in the next week. A vote in the House

Nussbaum pressed on Whitewater discussions

By Jurek Martin in Washington

in Washington

oo criminals.

sial provisions.

The buge crime bill, which will cost \$30bn (£19.3bn) to

implement, is a top priority of

both congressional chambers

earlier this year in differing

forms, but a House-Senate con-

ference committee, responsible

for reconciling the two ver-

sions, was deadlocked for

weeks over several controver-

The negotiators worked

the administration. It passed

Former White House legal counsel Mr Bernard Nussbaum denied yesterday that he had tried to persuade Mr Roger Altman, the deputy Treasury secretary, not to disqualify himself from jurisdiction over the Arkansas savings and loan institution at the heart of the

But Mr Nussbaum said he had reminded Mr Altman in February that the Treasury's own lawyers had already determined that there was no "legal or ethical reason" why Mr Alt-man should step aside, his longstanding friendship with President Bill Clinton notwithstanding. "I left it to him to make his own decision," Mr

Mr Nussbaum explained that he was particularly concerned about the "bad precedent" of government officials prematurely excusing themselves from their responsibilities at even the hint of conflict of

At precisely the same time. he went on, Ms Ricki Tigert, nominated to run the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, was being pressed by Congress to excuse herself from anything even remotely connected with Mr Clinton, whom she bad known for years. She has

financial dealings in Arkansas. This attention was hardly surprising given a front page article in the New York Times predicting a shake-up in the Treasury high command as a result of internal tensions generated by apparently conflicting recollections of who said what, when and to whom,



Bernard Nussbaum is sworn in at yesterday's hearing

Mr Altman appears the most vulnerable, though the White House this week expressed confidence in him.

But Mr Bentsen, previously above the Whitewater fray, was reported to be displeased with Mr Altman's conduct, while Ms Jean Hansen, the Treasury legal counsel, was portrayed as being increasingly isolated as both Mr Bentsen and Mr Altman disputed her version of contacts between the White House and Treasury. All three are due to

testify next week.

Mr Nussbaum gave nothing away and repeatedly denied

While Democrats on the banking committee, chaired with an iron hand by Congressman Henry Gonzalez, remained supportive, Republicans refined their attacks by the process of having several mem-hers yield their allotted five minutes of questioning to Congressman Bill McCollum of Florida, long a leading White-

water critic. Mr Nussbaum testily denied assertions by Mr McCollum

and Congressman Jim Leach of Iowa that he had acted more as the president's personal lawyer than as legal adviser to the office of the presidency.

But it would have been a dereliction of the latter duty, be argued, if the White House were not kept abreast of issues which might involve the presi-dent, putting it in a better position to respond to inquiries from the media.

Thus, last September, it was his duty to know that the affairs of Madison Guaranty, the Arkansas savings and loan, had been referred for possible criminal prosecution to the Justice Department, with at least the chance that Mr Clinton, though not the subject of the referral, could be called as

"What this involved to me was some possible illegal or improper campaign contribu-tions," he said. "Politicians, presidents, congressmen get thousands of contributions. Somebody may have made improper contributions. This is the president and I recognise we may get press inquiries, but this was not. . . a hig deal."

rights agreement

fails to take root

By Edward Orleban in Guatemala City

Only four months after the Gnatemalan government and left-wing guerrillas signed a buman rights agreement, violations have increased. The United Nations has also yet to install a monitoring mission as stipulated in the accord.

Political killings, disappearances and kidnappings have doubled in the first six months equivalent period in 1993, according to the Roman Catholic Church's human rights

Sightings of tortured hodies on the streets of Gnatemala City are becoming more fregnent, and the army has continued to recrult youths forclhly in rural areas, violating iast March's agreement.

Bureaucratic delays at the UN have stalled the deployment of a mission to verify the application of the agreement, say officials, despite a reported commitment by the UN to set up a mission by the

end of June.
The guerrillas of the Gnate-malan National Revolutionary Unity thought they had won a small victory by insisting on immediate UN verification in the face of long-standing opposition from the powerful Guatemalan army.

They have now threatened to suspend talks. "If the minimam conditions established in the Glohal Agreement on Human Rights are not met, it is not possible to continue in a process of negotiation," they said in a statement in national newspapers last week.

The delay has led to com-plaints by local buman rights groups that the international community appears more concerned about keeping to a tight agenda to end the conflict than in fostering the cooditions for lasting peace where basic rights are respected.

"They are only interested in a ceasefire, not in seeing a resolntion of the substantive Mr Adolfo Aguilar, Mr Carden-issues which are considered to bave originated and fuelled failed to coma up with a the armed conflict," says Monsignor Rodolfo Quesada, a former peace mediator. The two sides who have been

negotiating an end to the 33year civil war for three years agreed in January on a timetable to sign a final peace agreement in December. Since then they have made strong advances, most recently in Oslo last month when they agreed on the establishment of a "truth commission" to docnment buman rights violations. But the commission has

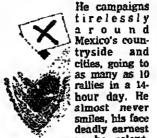
been criticised as merely symbolic by human rights activists, including the Nobel Peace Prize-winner Ms Rigoberta Menchn, because it will fall short of naming individuals responsible for abuses, and will not provide a moral sanction. Its role will merely be to document events.

Abont 150,000 people have conflict, mostly killed by the security forces, according to human rights groups

Sources close to the talks say the guerrillas were extremely reluctant to agree to a commission with such small teeth, but were overwhelmed the international community.

Guatemala | Cárdenas fails to inspire, but is still a threat on poll legitimacy

Trailing third, the left's man talks of civil protest if there is electoral fraud, writes Damian Fraser



tirelessly around Mexico's countryside and cities, going to as many as 10 hour day. He almost never smiles, his face

deadly earnest as be reient-MEXICAN lessly criticises ELECTIONS the governing party and what he sees as the country's deteriorating economic and social

Mr Cuauhtemoc Cardenas, presidential candidate of Mexico's leftist Democratic Revolutionary party, was for a long time considered the most serious threat to Mexico's Institutional Revolutionary party (PRt) in the election next month. He came close to winning the presidency in 1988, is the son of Mexico's most revered president, and offers the clearest alternative to the

PRL. But with less than a month to go before the election on August 21, Mr Cárdenas is now trailing a distant third in the opinion polis, and victory looks beyond his reach. Unlike in 1988, his campaign has generated little excitement, and his calls for social justice and democratic transition have largely fallen on deaf ears.

His solemnlty and lifeless style contrast sharply with the fiery Diego Fernández de Cevallos, the presidential candidate of the centre-right opposition and at present the main, if distant, threat to Mr Ernesto Zedillo of the ruling party. Even some aides to Mr Cardenas admit their disappointment with his campaign, and despite the recent moderation of his economic polices, his inability to appeal to younger, middle-class voters.

"The government has convinced the upper and middle classes that Cardenas would be disastrous for them." says

strategy to counter this." Mr Cárdenas's popularity, which had steadily fallen since the 1988 election, plunged after the first ever television debate held hetween the country's main presidential candidates more than two months ago. He failed to respond to harsh attacks on his record as goverrural vote. nor of the state of Micboacan, and was widely perceived as

weak and inarticulate. But even in third place, Mr Cárdenas represents a threat to the ruling party's hopes of tak-ing power in a peaceful environment. While the other opposition leaders appear ready to accept a PRI victory, Mr Cardenas has been adamant in his refusal to legitimise an elec-toral system he believes is biased in favour of the govern-

'If he can mobilise 5 per cent of his support then there could be trouble'

Last week Mr Cárdenas refused to sign a pre-electoral pact of civility with the PRI, saying he would await the outcome before agreeing to sign any accord. Recently he has attacked Mr Jorge Carpizo, the interior minister, for being too partisan to the PRI, and was alone in rejecting the government's appointment of a new special prosecutor for electoral offairs.

He says that if there is fraud in the election, be will mount a campaign of civil protests - as he did in 1983. Although be denies that a threat is intended, be has agreed to send observers to attend a convention on democracy next month hosted by rebel Zapatistas in the state of Chiapas, raising fears of possible co-operation between his party

and the Mayan insurgents, "He could get up to 7m votes," says one official from the PRI. "If he can mobilise 5 per cent of that after the election then there could be trou-

Since the debate Mr Cardenas bas focused his campaign on poorer agricultural parts of the country. His hope is that the steady fall of incomes and impoverishment of most agricultural workers over recent years will loosen the ruling party's hold on the

On the stump. Mr Cardenas attacks the government's poli-cies of reducing agricultural subsidies and allowing communal farmers to sell their plots to private landowners. He said in a recent interview that subsidies and land reform enabled agriculture to prosper for so long and could do so again. Mr Cardenas's electoral strategy is risky because the PRI traditionally has domi-

nated the rural areas, winning more than 65 per cent of the vote in more than 80 of the 110 rural districts in the country in 1988, Mr Cardenas, perhaps because froud was more prevaent in the countryside, won the overwhelming majority of his votes in the cities in 1988. But with Mr Zedillo and Mr

Fernández clearly ahead in the cities. Mr Cardenas has decided to gamble on a change in traditional voting patterns. "We are hoping for a high proportion of the votes of farmers who have been hurt by the current administration," he said. "I expect that we will have a better chance of defending the vote this time in the country-

If Mr Cardenas has his eyes on circumstances after the election, he may be calculating that disgruntled peasant sympathisers will be ready to demonstrate in his favour. Some Cárdenas aides reckon the peasant revolt in Chiapas at the beginning of the year may inspire poor farmers to join Mr Cárdenas in protests against electoral traud. Mr Cárdenas is adamant that

be will not endorse violeoce, But there seems little doubt that if he believes fraud bas rohbed him of votes, he will protest the result and chalenge the legitimacy of the victor. What is uncertain is how much support he will have.





De Cevallos: fiery





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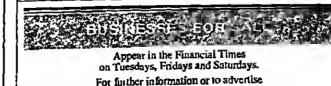
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NORWICH UNION LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY IS A MEMBER OF LAUTRO

Japanese rise Allies in output holds steady

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

Japanese industrial production rose in the three months to tive quarter, the first time it has done this since the downturn hit nearly three years

Increased sales heiped output in the second period to rise by 0.8 per cent against the opening three months of the year, when production increased by 1.5 per cent, according to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry. However, it warned that output might weaken in the third quarter, due to price advantages given to imports by the yen's strength.

Output in June rose 2 per cent from the previous month, having fallen in April and May. On an unadjusted basis it was stagnant in the year to June, breaking a record 32 consecu-

By Bruce Clark,

to self-destruct.

Defence Correspondent

The UK government, faced

with mounting evidence of the tragedy caused by anti-person-

nel mines, has announced a ban on the export of all such

weapons, except high-technology models which are primed

The "self-destructing" vari-

ety of mine is supposed to

avoid the risk of civilians

being accidentally killed after

More than 100m mines have

been scattered around the battlefields of tha world, and the

United Nations estimates that

at least 800 people die every

month as a result of stepping

on them. Worst affected coun-

tries include Afghanistan,

sold any mines since 1985. However, this week's

announcement is apparently

intended to holster the UK's

authority in international

negotiations over the trade. It

amounts to an undertaking

that sales of the cruder variety

of mine will not be resumed

NEWS IN BRIEF

February 1991.

UK dam loan to

The controversial subsidised loan provided by the UK

government for the Malaysian Pergau dam project is being rene-

gotiated, report Robert Peston and James Blitz. Bankers said

yesterday the £234m cash cost to the UK government of providing

the interest rate subsidy over 14 years may be reduced. However, a banker stressed the initiative had come from Malaysia. British

officials regard it as a commercial request which does not signifi-

cantly alter the basis of the subsidy agreement that was struck in

Last year, a UK National Audit Office report criticised the method of providing the subsidy chosen by the Overseas Develop-

ment Administration, saying the cost to the UK taxpayer would

be \$56m more than if a more economical option had been chosen. The original Pergau loan of more than \$300m was provided by

commercial banks headed by Schroders, the UK merchant bank.

it was made to Tenaga Nasional, the Malaysian electricity author

ity, for the construction of a bydro-electric dam at Pergau, though the loan was guaranteed by the Malaysian government. Tenaga pays a minimal interest rate, but the commercial banks receive a

South-east Asian governments will meet in Malaysia next week to

co-ordinate action against an Islamic sect whose growing influ-

ence has alarmed the authorities in the Moslem countries of the

The Al-Arquin movement, named after an early companion of the prophet Mohammed in Mecca, is a mystical sect that believes in the imminent arrival of an Islamic messiah. Called "technologi-

cal sufism" by some supporters, Al-Argam preaches basic Islamic

values but also has extensive business interests - including res-

taurants, software companies and advertising agencies.

Malaysian police have detained 41 auspected Al-Arqam support-

ers in the past week, accusing them of distributing pamphlets

illegally. Indonesia is also considering a han, and the small

Human Rights groups have accused Beijing of "tightening the noose" on dissidents following the US decision in May to renew China's most favoured with trade and to de-link trade

and human rights, Tony Walker reports from Beijing.

Human Rights Watch/Asia said in a 27-page report issued today that the authorities had begun holding dissidents in "prolonged incommunicado detention" without informing their families of

their whereabouts or, in some cases, acknowledging their arrest

China also promulgated new security laws in June just days after

the MFN decision aimed at "further restricting the ability of

Officials in South Korea yesterday expressed atrong doubts about a claim by a senior North Korean defector that his country possesses five nuclear bombs, John Burton reports from Seoul. It said there was no evidence to support the claim by Mr Kang Myong-do, the son-in-law of the North Korean prime minister. Seoul says North Korean prime minister.

sevul says North Korea has the plutonium but has been unable to convert it into bombs. Similiar assessments were offered by officials in Washington and Tokyo, although they did not totally dismiss Mr Kang's information.

Nuclear bomb claim rejected

Sultanate of Brunei has already outlawed the group.

Beijing attacked on rights

market rate, thanks to the UK government subsidy.

Asean may act against sect

region, Victor Mallet reports from Bangkok.

be renegotiated

Angola, Cambodia and Iraq.

hostilities have ceased.

Anti-personnel

mine curb by UK

for an indefinite period.

It does, however, leave open

the possibility of developing

and exporting the self-destruct-

ing model. The Mines Advisory Group, a British charity which

helps clear minefields, described the decision as "cyni-

cal and misleading". It said the failure rate of self-destructing

mines was unacceptably high.

self-destructing mines had

remained live after the Gulf

war, and similar weapons dropped on Laos by US aircraft

25 years ago were still claiming

lives. The Foreign Office said It would be encouraging other

countries to follow its example

the world's third largest

US and UK pollcy has

focused more on a "technical

solution" to tha question of

mines, arguing that it is possi-

hle to calibrate the weapons in

such a way as to make them

harmless after their military

purpose has been served.

tion and export.

More than 1m supposedly

Manufacturing sales rose 4.1 per cent from May to June, contributing to a decline in stocks of unsold goods. Miti's index of inventories to annual sales fell by 4.1 per cent to 113.5 in June, not far above the

110 at which the ministry believes stocks will be suffi-ciently reduced in lins with demand. Officials said stock reduction was in the final phase and posing less of a drag on production. Japanese business planned to reduce investment in plant and equipment by 3.2 per cent in the final quarter of the year,

about German Intelligence after a 2.8 per cent fall in the third quarter and a 4.4 per cent contacts with Iran. Yesterday, Mr Christopher decline in the second period. told the House of Representa-This confirms that corporate tives foreign affairs committee investment has yet to bottom that the bombings in Latin out, and that the fragile signs America and London were "a of recovery are being suptragic reminder that the eneported mainly by personal mies of peace remain formida-

> He named Hizbollah, a Lebanese Shia group, as one of a number that "wreak havoc and bloodshed" and must be defeated, adding that "Hizbollah's patron, Iran, must be

accused

Iran

by US of

appeasing

The US yesterday accused its

allies of "appeasing" Iran, in the wake of recent terrorist

bombings attributed to pro-

Although not named, Ger-

many and Japan, hoth of which have maintained com-

mercial relations with Tehran,

were clearly among the targets

of criticism from Mr Warren

Christopher, the secretary of state, who called Iran an "out-law nation". The US has also

complained in the recent past

Iranian Islamic groups.

Iran, he said, "is an international outlaw, yet some nations still conduct preferential commercial relations with Iran and some take steps to appease that ontlaw nation. They must understand that hy doing so, they make it easier for Iran to use its resources to sponsor terrorism thorughout the world".

He described himself as "absolutely mystified why these countries are unwilling to put their commercial interests aside and recognise that this kind of terrorism must be dealt with and dealt with very harshly".

In Loodon, Mr John Major, the British premier, accused the Iranian government of presenting "a serious chal-lenge to the international comand abide by an agreed code of conduct on mine exports. Italy, munity," amid a growing conviction in Whitehall that an exporter of anti-personnel Iranian-sponsored terrorist mines, recently promised a group was responsible for the

Mr Major said that Britain would prefer a normal relationship with Iran, hnt that many aspects of her behaviour were "simply unacceptable."

The prime minister also went out of his way to condemn the Iranian government of behaviour that was "threatening" to the international

He said the British authorities could not yet be certain was lay behind the terrorist acts but they had been perpe-trated by people "who refuse to abide by the rule of law and by the principles of a civilised society.

His warning came amid indications that British officiala have gathered evidence from intelligence sources which uggests the group which carried out the was also responsible for the suicide car bomb attack on a Jewish centre in Buenos Aires, in which 96 peopls wers killed earlier this

British officials said there was not yet unequivocal proof of the involvement of Tehran, but that all the circumstantial evidence pointed in that direc-tion. If that judgment was confirmed it could lead to a renewed break in Britain's relations with Iran.

Mr Christopher declined to name the countries appeasing Iran. The US, would share intelligence about Iran with them back from this condact which I think unnecessarily encourages Iran and is very destructive of the international coordination that we

 THE UN Security Council is today expected to issue a statement strongly condemning terrorism and emphaising the need for strengthened international cooperation in fighting it in the aftermath of the bomb attacks on Jewish targets in London and Buenos Aires, Jimmy Burns adds.

Nostalgia is part of it, but so is business, writes Victor Mallet

France rediscovers Indochina

that the world is made of inseparable plains, humans and gods, Indochina and

o said Eliane Devries, the French plantation owner in Vietnam played by Catherine Deneuve in the film *indochine*.

Such films set in the colonial era another is L'Amant, in which a French schoolgirl has a passionate affair with a wealthy husinessman from Saigon - have encouraged thousands of sentimental tourists to visit France's former colonies in Vietnam, Cambodia

But the attachment to Indochina goes beyond mere nostalgia. Like the rest of Europe, France has yielded to Japan the greater share of trade and invest-ment in Asia's other emerging econo-mies; it hopes that in Indochina it can recover lost ground and use its cultural, linguistic and historical ties to build a solid base for French companies in the heart of Asia.

Little effort has been spared in this quest, especially in Vietnam, the most important and populous of the three countries. France's President François Mitterrand last year became the first western head of state to visit a united Vietnam, and several French ministers have followed.

Mr Mitterrand openly criticised the US economic embargo of Vietnam (which has since been lifted) and his government beloed Hanoi with a bridging loan to pay its arrears to the Inter-national Monetary Fund. Both gestures were much appreciated by Vietnam's communist rulers, who began economic reforms in the late 1980s and are now presiding over a fast developing but still poor nation of 70m

The French embassy in Hanoi which is being enlarged to cope with its increased responsibilities - says France's aid to Vietnam doubled in each of the last five years to reach nearly FFr500m (£60m) in 1993. France has spent freely on promoting French language and culture.



President Mitterrand with Nguyen Manb Cam, Vietnam's foreign minister

industry to the banking sector, from the aircraft and crew leased to Vletnam Airlines by Air France to the restored Sofitel-Metropole, the first luxury hotel in Hanoi.

France, with \$436m worth of projects approved by Vietnam, is the biggest European investor in the country - albeit behind Taiwan, Hong Kong, Japan and other Asian investors - and its products account for a tenth of Vietnam's imports. About 50 French companies have established offices in Viet-

"All things being equal, if you put two companies side by side, the Viet-namese would choose the French over the other, because they know the French," says Mr Joel Claude Grillot of Credit Lyonnais in Hanoi.

Few Vietnamese are nostalgic about the French colonial era which ended with the communist victory at Dlen Bien Phu in 1954, but the cultural ties between the two countries are not merely a product of the French Imagi-

Evidence of France's extensive com-mercial involvement in Vietnam is also Vietnamese inherited a love of classical

music from the French, and most residents of Hanoi are as appreciative as the tourists of the city's broad boulevards and 19th century French architec-ture. The Vietnamese language has absorbed numerous French words; ga (gare) is the station, and xi mang

"The French bathed us in blood and fire, they pillaged our country," says Mr Hoang Xuan Dien, a 70-year-old war veteran who speaks fluent French and has relatives in France. "But the true France brought us a very humanist culture and we respect the true French like Pasteur, for example."

The Vietnamese government not only weicomes France's commercial involvement and the dollars spent by French tourists, but also regards Paris as an important international ally.

Facing an unfriendly China (an old enemy which invaded northern Vietnam briefly in 1979) and a still-susplcious US (defeated in the mid-1970s), Vietnam is anxious to make friends in Europe and around the world.

France, say Vletnamese diplomats, can provide the link not only to Europe but also to the community of Frenchspeaking nations - La Francophonie Vietnam is now bidding to host the 1997 francophone summit.

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France's "return to the Indochina stage" - the phrase used by Mr Mitterrand's spokesman - has moved faster in Vietnam than in Laos or Cambodia. In Laos, Australian and Thai investors are particularly active. In Cambodia, France overreached itself by insisting that medical and other students financed by Fronch aid should be taught in the French language, prompting demonstrations by students demanding to be taught in English, the lingua france of business in south-east

Cambodian officials, some of them brought up in France, also accused france of making empty promises of substantial military aid for the fight against Khmer Rouge guerrillas and then delivering only military advisers.

In both Cambodia and Vistnam, France has now softened its stand on the learning icente. France has lightered to the learning icente. the language issue. Freuch diplomats and aid officials in Hanoi and Phnom Penh readily accept that English is the second language of choice after the local language, while French can be a useful and enjoyable bonus.

Young Vietnamese will learn French if someone else is subsidising their lessons and if they see a chance of a job in Europe or with a European company, but the reality is that most French speakers in Vietnam learned the language before 1954; about 700 students study French at the Alliance Française in Hanoi, but most of its 6,000 members

Even the supposed commercial benefits for France of its historical ties to Indochina are a matter of debate. "I don't think we're necessarily treated favourably," says Ms Fabienne Couty of the French embassy in Hanoi. "The Vletnamese are very pragmatic." That view is repeated at the Vietnam

ese foreign ministry by Mr Trinh Duc Du, head of the western and northern Europe department. "Business is busi-ness," he says. In *Indochine*, Eliane's adopted Viet.

namese daughter Camille, a communist leader by the end of the film, puts it much more brutally: "Your Indochina, she tells Eliane, "no longer exists."

Devaluation fears shake Egyptian pound

By Mark Nicholson in Cairo

The Egyptian pound yesterday rallied from a bout of panic selling sparked by heightened tion against the dollar, brokers and bankers said.

The speculative rush iolted the currency to a low of E£3.425 against the dollar at one point on Wednesday, with the central bank entering the market to buy pounds for dollars for the first time in several

mated the central bank to have sold anywhere between "tens to support the pound. The cen-tral bank declined to comment. The bank, which has

amassed foreign currency reserves of \$16bn during the past three years of economic reforms guided by the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, has previously intervened only to buy dollars and limit the rise in the pound.

years. Bankers said they esti which has been bolstered by high real interest rates. However, brokers said the of millions" and \$200m dollars local market had been alarmed

this week by a report in al-Wafd, a liheral opposition newspaper, that the govern-ment and the IMF had agreed in talks last week to devalue the pound to a rate of E£4 hy the years' end. "Basically the town ran dry of foreign currency," said one banker.

Dealers said the currency stabilised at E£3.397 yesterday

tian officials denied there were any plans to devalue the cur-rency. Dr Abdel Shakur Sha-dence in the currency. laan, Egypt's representative on the IMF board, was quoted in local newspapers as saying reports of an imminent devaluation were "baseless".

Egyptian officials claimed last month they were resisting strong pressure from the Fund to devalue. Officials argued that whatever benefits such a devaluation might have for would be outweighed by the

The IMF is understood to have said that the pound was being held inflexibly at a rate it calculated to be as much as 40 per cent overvalued relative to Egypt's main trading partners. It is also believed to have sought accelerated cuts in interest rates. The benchmark three-month treasury bill rate

Zimbabwe's new budget aims to appeal to voters grows in Nigeria

Zimbahwe was presented yesterday with a pro-investment, pro-growth and pro-voter budget that cuts taxes, introduces incentives and narrows the deficit but proposes no significant revenue measures. The budget deficit in the fis-

cal year to the end of last month was cut to 7.9 per cent of gross domestic product from 11 per cent the previous year. Mr Emmerson Mnangagwa standing in for Dr Bernard Chidzero, finance minister, who is ill, predicted a further reduction to 5 per cent in the current year. This has been achieved largely by leaving some Z\$2.5bn (£209m) of accumulated parastatal losses off the balance sheet, including Z\$1bn needed to finance the country's strategic grain reserve. If these losses are included, the 1993-94 budget deficit rises to soma Z\$5.5bn or 14 per cent of gross domestic

The government expects revenue to increase by 21 per cent in the current year to June 1995 and spending by 13 per cent, or less than the likely inflation rate.

Despite money supply growth of 40 per cent in the first five months of 1994, the minister was confident that



inflation will fall from 23.6 per cent last month to 15 per cent hy the end of the year and 10 per cent by mid-1995. He pre-dicted economic growth of 4.4 per cent this year, against 2.1 per cent (revised) in 1993 and 5 per cent next year. Tax changes include a reduc-

tion in company tax to 37.5 per cent from 40 per cent (with effect from next April), abolition of import duties on all cap-Ital goods imports, a cut in the import surcharge on all items from 15 per cent to 10 per cent, and the first significant attempt to adjust personal tax rates for inflation.

The only tax increases are higher duties on opaque (tradialthough Mr Mnangagwa said he would widen the 10 per cent sales tax to cover all services other than exempt activities to

Business will welcome cre-ation of a cabinet committee on privatisation charged with moving swiftly to privatise or commercialise parastatals, and the announcement that the government expects to earn extra revenue this year from the sale of unspecified assets.

Less encouraging is the failure to cut defence spending,

despite promises by President Robert Mugabe. It will rise by nearly 11 per cent this year, but its share of the total budget falls slightly to 9.5 per cent from 9.7 per cent. Education takes the lion's

share of the budget with more charges will absorb 18 per cent. For the first time, too, a Zimbabwe finance minister

acknowledged the country's debt trap problem. Mr Mnan-gagwa said the country was now in the "paradoxical" situa-tion of baving to borrow to meet interest payments. While there is much in the budget that is positive, the fis-

situation remains unhealthy with national debt rising 28 per cent in the last

Wave of violence

Strikes and violent protests

against the detention by Nigeria'a military regime of Mr Moshood Abiola spread across the country yesterday, while in Abuja's high court Mr Abi-ola's trial for treason stalled over technicalities and was adjourned until next Tuesday. Mr Abiola, widely regarded

as winner of last year's amulled presidential election, was arrested by General Sani Abacha's regime last month for declaring himself president.

Yesterday the prosecution at the high court bearing changed one of its charges, the defence asked for them all to be struck out and both sides argued over legal procedures until the adjournment. court were taken up by the two

ceams of lawyers, one of whom told the judge "democracy is on trial". Outside the court, protesters

set fire to a parricade of tyres and clashed with hundreds of armed police who had cordoned-off the streets. Many came from the Yoruba-speak ing south-west, Mr Ablola's Mr Jesse Jackson, the US

envoy despatched to convey President Bill Clinton's concern over the military's refusal to hand power to a civilian government, met Gen Abacha and Mr Abiola, diplomats said. Details of his discussions were

not known. In the commercial capital. Lagos, protests were marred by violence and looting. Lagos has been almost at a standstill since a three-wesk-long oil workers' strike halted fuel distribution. The protest has been backed by other unions, closing factories and offices.

Many banks are shut and the number remaining in the clearing system is falling. Bankers predict cash shortages in the near future.

Shell Nigeria yesterday confirmed that its oil production, which accounts for balf of Nigeria's 2m barreis a day, had been cut by roughly 300,000 b/d as a result of the oil workers

This has prompted a declaration of force majeure on load-ings of crude oil by Shell. The company stressed its adher-ence to "business principles", a reference to its unwillingness to maintain operations if a military guard were needed.

Yesterday, air traffic controllers went on strike. All international flights were cancelled as the military failed to replace

National party battles to redefine S African role

Speculation mounts that it might withdraw from the cabinet as it attempts to find a political identity

In Johannesburg

Having served nearly three months as junior partner in South Africa's coalition government, deputy president F.W. de Klerk's National party is struggling to find an indeendent political role for itself in the new regime.

from the cabinet and take up a

Amid widespread reports that several backbenchers and some senior members are advocating that the party withdraw

role, the NP is trying to davelop a new policy framework ahead of next week's opening of parliament. Speculation about the NP's

future has been so intense that it has affected the stock market. On Wednesday the party was forced to publish an official statement denying any plans to leave the cabinet, and defending its "important and constructive" role in the govmandated by the nsw South

more traditional opposition African constitution. Under that constitution all parties which won more than 5 per cent of the vote in April's elections are entitled to proportionate cabinet representation,

The National party has six cabinet members, but with the recent resignation of Mr Derek Keys as finance minister and his impending replacement by Mr Chris Liebenberg, who is not a member of any political party, its representation will be reduced to five. Mr Keys' resignation also

leaves the NP without any cabinet members in senior positions as it had earlier lost a struggle to retain one of the aecurity portfolios. With the party's scope for independent manoeuvre limited by the need for cabinet consensus, local analysts have begun to question whether it will be able to survive as an independent political force.

The problem has been exacerbated by the low profile Mr de Klerk has kept since the elections. Before the poli be

and President Nelson Mandela were seen as something of a double act. Mr de Klerk now lacks an effective executive position in government and has been largely relegated to the political background. This has been, in part, a

deliberate decision by the NP to give the new government time to find its feet but, pri-vately. NP ministers have complained about insufficient ANC consultation in government policy-making and younger party members are eager to

break free of the artificial polit ical coalition and begin to criticise ANC policies more openly. With a huge amount of controversial legislation due to be

dehated in the new parliamentary session, the party has realised it must stake out an independent political position for itself. To this end the NP is due to draw up n new policy framework at a party conference today and Mr de Klerk is Monday in which he is expected to lay out a plan of action.

Appears in Thursday Friday.

activists to meet, speak and organise."

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the surrect states transla or Largested processes |

Cyprus

investment

The Cyprus Development Bank is setting up an investment bank in the Krasnodar region

of Russia, with backing from

Greek and Russian banks and

the European Bank for Recon-

struction and Development,

writes Kerin Hope in Athens.

The new bank, to be called

Investment Bank of Kuban, is

dne to start operating in Kras-

nodar early next year. It aims at channelling funds from pri-

vate iovestors and interna-

tional agencies luto tourism and industry under a plan

launched last year by the

Cyprus and Russian govern-ments to develop the region.

The state-controlled CDB,

together with Commercial

Bank of Greece, will control

and manage the new hank.

which will have a capital base of \$7m. In addition to the

EBRD, two local banks, Kubin-

bank and Bank of Kuban, will

also take equity stakes in the bank. A CDB official said the

bank planned to participate in

ioint ventures in food-process

ing, timber and cement pro-

duction, and tourism, ideoti-fied in a recent UN-backed

study of the region as promis-

Pacific Dunlop, the Austra-

lian industrial cooglomerate,

ing sectors for investment.

Pacific Dunlop in

Chinese venture

bank for

Russia

es Victor Mallet

SASSERI HARA TRUTTER



Indochin Japan to soften on opening markets

But not as much as Washington wants. Gordon Cramb sees the US deadline draw near

Japan is putting to the US new proposals aimed at opening its markets further to foreign companies, but officials in Tokyo indicated yesterday that se would fall short of the Clinton administration's demands that it agree standards by which improvements

could be measured. The US has set Sunday night as the deadline for agreement on changes in Japan's procurement regime governing talecommunications and medical equipment

If no agreement is reached, the US will then cite Japan as having a closed market and start the clock running for 60 days of talks and consultations during which Japan would have to make suitable conces-

That period would end on September 30, the same day tha US must announce the world's most unfair trading practices under the revised Super 301 law which allows US action against countries discriminating against US

Mr Sadayuki Hayashi, Japan's deputy foreign minis-ter, was due to arrive in Washington last night for talks with Ms Charlene Barshefsky, the deputy US trada representa-tiva. These talks follow the failure of last weekend's negotiating session on liberalising any of tha three key sectors in which the US savs Japan must show progress: insurance, gov-ernment procurement of telecommunications and medical equipment, and vehicles. Moves on the latter two fronts were being suggested in

Tokyo yesterday. The Japan Eximbank said it was considering overtures from the big three Detroit car makers for sional loans which they would use to boost production of right-hand drive vehicles for the Japanese market. Japan's Ministry of Interna-

tional Trade and Industry said a "viable compromise" could be reached on procurement policies for government departments and other big state purchasing authorities which would benefit foreign telecoms and medical equipment suppli-

Under an existing agreement to come into force next April, each contract worth more than SDR800,000 (\$1.1m) will be put out to intarnational tender. Miti officials suggested that lowering this threshold pro-gressively was the "only reasonable solution" to US complaints that its companies would still be shut out of lucra-

tive deals. They said potential foreign bidders would be canvassed for their views on technical specifications and price. But they made clear that the current plan would increase tenfold the workload in ministerial procurement departments where Japan's economic downturn had squeezed funding. Mr Hayashi is said to be unlikely to

anywhere below SDR400.000. and will probably hold out for a higher trigger point and another two years or more before that would take effect.

But Miti acknowledges that these are points of detail in meeting the wider US demand for measurable criteria which would commit the Japanese government to delivering progress in the private sector as well as on its own behalf.

The Liberal Democratic

party, which under Mr Kiichi Miyazawa reached the frame work agreement with President Bill Clinton last July, may be back in office after a year's absence during which Mr Morihiro Hosokawa, his reformist successor, refused to submit to US strictures during trada talks in February. No Japanese party appears prepared, howaver, to stomach an accord echoing the 1991 semiconduc tor pact which committed Japan to allowing foreign pro-ducers a 20 per cent share of its domestic market.

Even if they are not expressed in cold numerical terms, Japan sees such targets as handing Washington a stick with which it could be given a heating at any politically con-venient moment. But as one US official in Tokyo put it yes-terday, "How then do we declare success? Even if it's backward-looking, how are wa to know what's good or bad unless we can decide in advance" what the goals

has formed a joint venture with Guangdong Post and Telecommunications Administrative Bureau, to make large sealed lead-acid industrial batteries in China, writes Nikki Tait in Sydney. Manufacture of the batteries will centra on the Nansha

development zona, and the product will initially be targeted at the Chinese domestic market. The batteries are used primarily in the telecommunications, utility and rail industries, and as a power supply backup for computer installa-

The joint venture company will be 60 per cent-owned by Pacific Dunlop'a GNB Industrial Battery division, and 40 per cent by Guangdoog Post and Telecommunications.

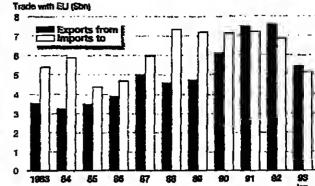
EU cautious on S Africa aid By Lionel Barber in Brussels South Africa

The European Union is on the brink of approving a package of trade benefits to South Africa which falls short of promises to offer generous support to the new post-apartheid regime headed by President 5 Nelson Mandela.

The niggardly offer stems from French-led efforts to protect the European market against potentially competitive 2 South African products, particularly in the paper and agricultural sectors, according to British and German officials, A second factor appears to be coocern that South African penetration of European mar-kets may be at the cost of francophone Africa, as well as former Portuguese colonies in Mozambique and Angola.

The EU-South Africa negotiations are seen as a test case because the new regime in Pretoria sees itself as the prototype of a new developing country eager to use trade rather than aid to reduce income disparities and compete in the

world economy. Britain and Germany have



oegotiations on the trade package, which was promised before the first free elections in South Africa last May.

French hesitation aroused resentment in Brussels because President François Mitterrand insisted on being the first European leader to visit Mr Mandela after his

inauguration. Negotiations involve the EU giving South Africa access to its generalised system of pref-

be more forthcoming during arences which grants tartif advantages to developing countries to help them export to the EU market. The first European Commission proposal on GSP was estimated to be worth

> Ecu260m (\$3t7m). The GSP debate this week has been conducted at EU ambassadorial level in Brussels, with the central questions turning oo which manufactured products should he included on a list eligible for GSP. Processed fruit, where

competitive advantage, is not so the list because of Mediterranean objections.

Under a compromise, the EU is considering removing some sensitive products from the GSP list and subjecting them to a "tariff free quota" as well as surveillance mechanisms. Among these are wood and furniture (Italy), metal furniture (Portugal), manganese oxide (Belgium) and paper (France). EU diplomats hope for a deal in the next week which could go into effect under a fast-track

ministerial approval. But this requires unanimity.

The present trade package is due to last until the new year, when member states are due to approve a revised GSP system which will encourage developing countries to improve lahour and environmental

written procedure, without

The next step will be to conclude a deal between South Africa and the EU which may include offering the Pretoria regime something like the Lome Convention, the privi-European colonies in Africa.

Beijing protests at 'unacceptable' US demands for its entry to Gatt

By Frances Williams in Geneva

China said yesterday it was prepared to continue negotiations on terms of entry to the General Agreement oo Tariffs and Trade but made clear that certain demands, especially hy the US, were "unacceptable".

Speaking to an informal session of the Gatt working party on Chinese membership, Mr Long Yongtu, Beijing's chief Gatt negotiator, said progress since the last meeting a month ago had been "disappointing" Nevertbeless, China would continue to participate in negotiations on its accession protocol "with a flexible and con-

structive attitude*. Perhaps significantly, Mr Long did not mention China's aspiration to become a Gatt member by the end of the year so as to join its successor, the "maximalist" terms included World Trade Organisation, as a in a paper compiled by Mr

founding member. This timetable is looking increasingly ambitious hut not yet imposs

Mr Long's remarks represent considerable softening of tone from the angry blasts out of Beijing in recent days. Chinese officials have accused the US of blocking its membership bid and have threatened to call off the eight-year talks if Washington does not back down

from demanding China join Gatt as a developed country. China this week circulated a paper outlining what it considered should be in the accession protocol, a move which western trade diplomats took as a clear sign of Beijing's cootin-

ued readiness to negotiate. However, they said there was a very wide gap between China's "minimalist" version and the "maximalist" terms included

To opply

Wendy Cryer,

St. Mortin's House,

WE ONY.

Pierre-Louis Girard, the Swiss chairman of the working party, on the basis of consultations with Gatt members.

Talks on the draft protocol.

and bilateral negotiations on opening Chioa's markets for goods and services, are expected to continue through August and intensify in Sep-Mr Long said yesterday that

the revised version of Mr Girard's paper, under discussion yesterday and today, remained "unbalanced and unacceptable", and unduly reflected the demands of "one major contracting party", a reference to the US. In the most detailed state-

ment of Beijing's position so far, Mr Long said China was prepared to take on its full obligations as a member of Gatt and the WTO, It was not insisted on its entitlement to full membership rights, including those accorded to develop ing country members.

Presenting a 10-point list of "non-negotiable" demands in the Glrard paper, Mr Long said Gatt members were trying to prevent China having recourse to Gatt's balance of payments provisions and dispute settlement procedures. And he warned that denial of developing country status in agricul-ture could trigger "social unrest" among China's 800m farmers.

Beijing also opposed tough requirements for phasing in new rules on intellectual property and foreign investment, and accused trading partners of demanding commitments from China which go further than the Gatt or WTO agreements, such as the abolition of seeking special privileges but all price controls.

Matsushita Electric eyes India

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

Matsushita Electric Industrial, the world's largest consumer electronics group, will establish a marketing subsidiary in India by the end of this year, following approval from tha New Delhi government.

Japanese consumer electronics makers have been showing increasing interest in the Indian market due to its size and growth potential. ment. The new Indian subsidiary will provide Sony, another leading electronics maker, after-sales services and handle publicity.

recently applied for government approval to launch its first talevision production plant

Matsushita said it would start producing this autumn 150,000 colour television sets and 850,000 audio visual products a year through Salora International, a consumer electronics maker based in New Delhi with which the Japanese company has a technical co-operation agree-

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Ford yesterday opened what it claims to be the world's first "used car factory", employing more than 200 on a 15-acre facility at Tilbury, Essex, John Griffiths writes.

The "Ford Direct" plant, a joint venture between Ford, logistics group Silcock Express and the Royal Antomobile Club, has capacity to recondition and prepare up to 1,500 used cars a week for resale hy Ford's franchised dealer net-

The venture is believed to be the first used-car retailing scheme in which the manufacturer itself is taking direct responsibility for preparing vehicles for sale and providing

The decision to go ahead with the project was taken in response to research carried out by Ford over a nearly twoyear period which, the company admits, showed motorists to be "deeply cynical" about the integrity of the retail

motor trade. More than 13,000 Ford cars up to a year old and with a total showroom value of £105m have already been refurbished and sold since the Ford Direct scheme, selling used cars with essentially new-car warranties and with a 30-day exchange option, began earlier this year.

Until the coming on stream of the purpose-huilt Tilhury facility, however, the cars had been prepared at four small

regional centres. Ford claims it has been already sufficiently impressed with the success of the scheme for it to be starting a pilot project in Scotland under which cars up to three years old will be brought within the

Some £5m has been spent on the Tilbury plant, which is being operated by Silcock Express on Ford's hehalf,

using Ford-trained personnel. Cars less than a year old are collected from Ford and its major fleet customers and taken to one of five Silcock regional distribution centres for shipment to Tilbury.

Ford sets | Price rises for next decade held down to one per cent per year above inflation

Water regulator acts to curb prices

By David Lascelles Peggy Hollinger

A new price regime designed to curb recent sharp increases in Britain's household water bills was unveiled yesterday by Mr Ian Byatt, the director-general of Ofwat, the water industry regulator.
The controls, known as K

factors, will hold future price increases to 1 per cent a year above inflation for the next ten years for the average house-holder.

The 31 water companies in England and Wales, each of which enjoys a local monopoly. will also be expected to finance more of their investments themselves through greater efficiency.

Although the new K factors were at the tougher end of industry expectations, they were generally welcomed as fair in the industry and the

Most water company shares gained on the day. Only one company, South West Water, said it would exercise its right to appeal to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission.

The new K factors are weighted to give companies more rapid price increases in the first five years, when investments are heaviest. Average prices can rise by 1.4 per cent over inflation up to 2000. After that, the average increment over inflation falls to 0.4 per cent. But there are wide varia-

tions. Southern Water, which has heavy clean-up costs on south coast beaches, is allowed per cent, falling to 3 per cent, while four companies will not be allowed any real increases at all in the last five years. These include South West Water, which had one of the highest Ks last time and is now to be reined in.

Yesterday's review marks the first reshaping of price controls for the water industry since it was launched into the private sector in 1989.

As Mr Byatt made clear, his review was not just about defusing the row over soaring household water hills. He also had to ensure that the water companies have enough money to finance the huge clean-up

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Pricing at the watershed



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Anne	ual price încrease Smits (% above inflation)	Anglian	Northumbrian	North West	Severn Treat	Southern	South West	Thurses	Welsh	Weesex	Yorkshire
	1995-98	1.5	2.5	2.5	9.5	4.0	1,5	0.5	0.5	1.5	2.5
:	1996-97 to 1999-00	1,5	2.5	2.5	0.5	4.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	1.5	2.5
1.4	2000-01 to 2004-05	1.5	20	0	0	3.n	n	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.
	Average over 10 years	1.5	22	1.2	0.2	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.2
· · L	est pre-tex profits (Cm)	192.2	57.0	269.0	281.0	127.5	93.0	217.0	144.2	103.8	143.5
Last	ennual investment (Cm)	372.0	84.2	423.6	445.0	175.0	203.0	367.0	180.5	115.0	220.8
Averag	e consumer bill now (2)	264	187	183	179	201	304	162	256	233	195
Last	ennual investment (Cm)	372.0	84.2	423.6	445.0	175.0	203.0	367.0	180.5	115.0	22

pay adequate dividends to their shareholders.

His new K factors are supposed to strike a three-way balance between these considerations. Judging by the mixed reaction yesterday, it was a nartial success. Consumers were disap-

pointed that prices will still go up, and environmentalists said there will not be enough money to clean up beaches and

The main outcome of the review - a prediction that water prices will rise by just under I per cent a year in real terms over the next ten years is certainly a big improvement on recent increases which have averaged 5 per cent and caused storms of protest. But it falls short of Mr Byatt's statement last year that consumers did not see why water hills should rise faster than inflation.

The National Consumer Council, which only a fortnight ago published a scathing attack on the returns reaped by water company shareholders at consumers' expense, said: "The fact that prices will go up less than otherwise is

required by EU directives, and obviously good news, but they will continue to rise faster than inflation.

However there is a limit to how far Mr Byatt can go in limiting price rises. Although he can shift more investment costs off consumers and onto the water companies themselves, his first statutory duty is to ensure that the water industry can finance its environmental ohligations.

But this did not satisfy the political opposition parties who accused Mr Byatt of being soft on the water companies, - and on generous chairmen's salaries which have also been in the headlines,

Mr Chris Smith, Labour's spekesman on environmental protection, said the review had failed to stop water companies loading most of the costs of long-term investment onto current consumers. "Mr Byatt has said that the

water companies could borrow much more - at preferential rates - to finance essential long term improvements." he said. "But here he has completely ducked the issue." The reaction in the water industry itself ranged from cautious to grudging, though this disguised a sense of relief that the new limits were not as tough as many had feared. The fact that only one company -South West Water, which faces especially large investment demandfs - will challenge its new price limits is probably

the most palpahle evidence that Mr Byatt has presented the industry with a price regime it can live with - and certainly an easier one than he proposed in his opening discussions last May. "I think he struck a hard bargain with everyhody, hut

got a little soft at the end." said Mr Mike Taylor, finance director of Northumbrian Water. "It may have tipped those who might have gone to the MMC away from doing so." This was also the view in the

Kimberly-Clark

picks UK for

By Andrew Taylor,

France and Belgium.

single complex

Kimberly-Clark, the large US

consumer products group, is to

locate its new Enropean

headquarters in the UK after

investigating sites in Holland,

The company, which manufactures Hnggies

disposable nappies, Kleenax

tissues and and Kotex feminine

products is to consolidate its

existing European offices in Paris, The Hague and

Tonhridge, Kent in a new,

One of the attractions of the UK is thought to have been its labour costs which are

estimated to have been a third

of those at other continental

locations considered by the

appointed UK property consultants Grimley J R Eve to

find premises, capable of

accommodating more than 500

staff, to the south and west of

London in an arc between the

The company will consider

huilding a headquarters on a

greenfield site if a suitable

Kimberly-Clark

M23 and A3 motorways.

European HQ

City, where analysts believed that the new K factors would not seriously inhibit the industry's financial position, or its ahility to pay sizeable real increases in annual dividends. Much of the pressure of tighter controls will have to be absorbed hy greater efficiency

management to meet its invest ment obligations, and still have enough to spare to keep shareholders contented. Mr Byatt thinks the industry can manage this, and analysts calculate that there is enough fat there to keep interest and dividend cover at healthy levels. Even so, Mr Byatt expects

that the rate of return on assets will more than halve from last year's 13 per cent to around six per cent over the ten year's covered by the new price regime.

Even though Mr Byatt expects investment costs and other factors to add £47 to the typical household bill by 2005 he expects tighter returns and operating expenditure to reduce that by £24, hringing the increase down to £23.

But though Mr Byatt stressed that "profits will be lower" he declined to go into any detail. The level of profit companies earned and the dividends they paid were a matter for company boards and management. Nor was he willing to speculate on whether K factors would help rein in chairmen's within the water industry. So salaries. That, too, was no concern of the regulator. the challenge now will be on

existing huilding cannot be

attractive location for foreign

executives working for Kimberly Clark in Britain

because of availability of

international schools and

at Gatwick and Heathrow. Worldwide sales of the

company last year was just

below \$7bn, (£4.5bn) producing

pre-tax profits of \$800m. It has eight factories in the UK, two

in France, two in Germany and

one in Holland, European sales

Kimherly Clark said yesterday: "The company has made a considerable

investment in its European

business in the last few years, including new research and

manufacturing facilities and

the acquisition of a number of prestigious consumer brands.

To continue our expansion

we need to centralise our

Enropean management operations. The ideal site must

he able to accommodate our

growth plans and he in a

location that offers easy access

te major air routes and

last year were \$900m.

ess to international airports

It said the UK was a more

Britain in brief



Heathrow rail deal won by Siemens

A £40m contract to build rolling stock for the Heathrow Express fast rail link has been won by Sieme Transportation Systems, part of the German electrical engineering group. Siemens will build 14 air-conditioned electric trains designed to cover the 17-mile

route between London Paddington station and the airport in 16 minutes. Delivery will take place between January and June 1997 for the service to begin the following

Thirty-two companies originally tendered for the contract with GEC of the UK and ABB, the Swiss-Swedish group, together with Siemens making it to the shortlist. One-third of the components, including air-conditioning, will be made

in the UK with the rest from Germany and Spain. This represents Siemens' first order for main line rolling stock in the UK though it did supply light rail vehicles for the Sheffield supertram.

Heathrow Express expects to operate six-car trains to and from Heathrow providing 344 seats and luggage space. Air travellers will be able to check in at Paddington.

BAA, the airports operator, is a 70 per cent shareholder in the £300m Heathrow Express project, while British Rail bas 30 per cent.

Unit trusts' best ever June

Unit trusts had their best ever June, with net sales of £1.1bn -50 per cent up on £726m in May. The June figure was almost 80 per cent higher than June 1993, when net sales totalled £610m. Just under half the net sales

last month were to the retail sector - the lowest proportion so far this year – with the rest bought hy institutions. according to the Association of Unit Trusts and Investment

Funds.
The best-selling sectors
among retail investors were
UK Growth, followed by UK Equity Income and International Growth. Institutional sales were dominated by UK General, followed by UK Equity Income and UK Smaller Companies. Both types of investors were net sellers of European funds.

Top directors get 23% rises

Executive directors employed by those FT-SE top one hundred companies in the financial sector have secured total median earnings increases worth 23.1 per cent this year mainly due to substantial profit-related

This is one of the main findings in the latest study of board earnings published today by Monks Partnership, the independent remuneration It reflects a substantial

improvement in the fortunes of many financial companies

'Hybrid' bus trials begin

with the recovery of the

A major commercial hus operator started trials of electric "hybrid" buses which pollution then conventional buses · but which are also costing their operator, Transit Holdings, two-and-a-half times as much to buy.

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Exeter-based Transit has paid £100,000 each for the two Electrobus" 18-seat buses taking to the streets of Torquay, in the process making Iveco Ford the first manufacturer to supply such buses for regular operation in the UK.

The buses are powered primarily by a one-litre Fiat Uno car petrol engine which is completely encapsulated and pre-set to run at a quiet and fuel efficient speed. This engine, which is fitted with a catalytic converter, drives an electrical generator which provides current to an electric motor driving the wheels. The generator also charges storage batteries so the electric motor can be fed extra power when climbing a hill.

Export scheme to expand

The Department of Trade and Industry is considering expanding the "export promoters" initiative which recruits private sector executives into the DTI to help UK companies win business in world markets.

'No action' against Archer

Mr Michael Heseltine, the UK trade and industry secretary, yesterday concluded that his department "should take no further action against any parties concerned" as a result of the investigation into accusations of insider dealing in relation to Anglia TV. One of those under

investigation, Lord Archer, the former deputy chairman of the Conservative party, said: "I am exonerated and would like to thank so many triends. colleagues and well-wishers for their vigorous support following disclosure of the investigation."

Fujitsu expands at Aycliffe

The County Durham microchip plant owned by Japanese electronics group Fujitsu is on target for a further £300m plus investment, creating hundre more jobs, according to Mr Llew Aviss, personnel director.

Jobs to go in NHS reform

Thousands of jobs including senior Civil Service posts will disappear under proposals to streamline the central management of the National Health Service announced

Strict upper limits on the number of staff employed in regional administration will lead to the abolition of more than half the current posts in regional health authorities.

Job losses at Nestlé

Hundreds of redundancies among administrative staff were announced yesterday by Nestlé UK, part of Nestlé, the

world's largest foods and minerals waters group.
The company declined to comment specifically but employees affected by the job losses claimed that up to 450 jobs were being lost - mainly t headquarters. Nestlé said: "Details of the

results of the first stage. which looked at ways of simplifying working practices at Nestlé UK's headquarters in Croydon and at parts of the York and Hadfield sites, are currently being given to employees and we are unable

Tax system 'best for healthcare'

on the economy and industry than alternative funding arrangements, a study of health and the economy concludes today.

employment. This was a particularly important consideration given the government's concern to improve industrial competitiveness

The study, by the Institute for Health Policy Studies at Sonthampton University, was commissioned by the National Association of Health Authorities and Trusts. It was designed to test a claim by Mrs Virginia Bottomley, health secretary, that the tax-based method of funding the National Health Service national insurance contribu-

The NHS consumes about 6 per cent of gdp - a low propor-tion compared with other countries. Britain's health spending is joint 19th among the 24 OECD nations with only Spain, Portugal, Greece and Turkey devoting a lower proportion of gdp to healthcare. But says the report, indicators like life expectancy and infant mortality showed that Britain's performance was "not markedly worse" than most higher

tions - provided good value for money. Britain's centrally financed, cash limited NHS had been more successful than any other system in containing

The main disadvantage of n tax based system was the limited choice it offered people. Users of the NHS often faced hidden costs resulting from long waiting times and treatment in poor quality buildings that were not reflected in

of the report's main concerns about healthcare in Britain relate to such wider links. The total coet of work

related illnesses and accidents. it says, was estimated to be between £11hn and £16hn a year - the equivalent of 23 per cent of gdp. It was widely accepted that unemployment had an adverse effect on health, while "those on lower incomes are much more likely to report poorer health than those on high incomes." A man in professional social class 1 could expect to live more than five years longer than one of unskilled class 5.

The report concludes that, although the NHS had an important role to play in tar-geting poor and disadvantaged groups "all the evidence suggests that these efforts must be accompanied by broader socio-economic policies if any real impact is to be made."

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Britain's tax-based sys-tem of financing health-care places less burden Alan Pike on a report which finds that the US or German insurance system is a tax on employment

in contrast to insurance based schemes found in countries such as the US, Germany, or France, says the report, funding from general taxation did not represent a tax on

imposed a lower hurden on industry than other systems.

spending countries.

In this sense, says the report, international data supported the view that the NHS - 83 per cent of which is financed through general taxation and a further 13 per cent from

growth in spending on health.

expenditure figures.

Health, says the report, impacted on the economy in many wider ways than the cost of providing healthcare. Some

Gerald Eve

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There are two ways in which a company can create more value for its shareholders, apart from the defeatist route of selling out. In the short term, it can put itself on a slimming course by removing management layers, "downsizing" its organisa-tion and reconfiguring from scratch - or "re-engineering" -the main processes by which it

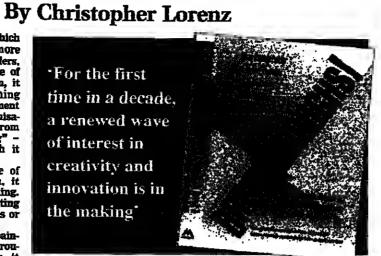
But unless it wants to die of eventual corporate anorexia, it must also do some bodybuilding. That means growing its existing businesses, acquiring new ones or creating them from within. After five years or more of pain-

ful slimming and 25 years of trouhis summing and 25 years of trou-his with growth-by-acquisition, it is not surprising that many com-panies are turning their attention to internal business development. For the first time in a decade, a renewed wave of interest in cre-ativity and innovation is in the waking.

making.
So a book which sets out to demonstrate "how leadership and drive create commercial innova-tions that sweep the world" is both timely and welcome, especially when it does so through a collection of 14 case studies of a warts-and-all nature. Creativity and innovation are untidy processes, yet they are usually pres-ented as sanitised hero stories from which all the actual messi-

ness has been removed. Breakthroughs!*, written by P. Ranganath Nayak and John M. Ketteringham from Arthur D. Little, the US technology-based consultancy, makes a virtue of that untidiness. As the authors say, its stories reveal "the creativity and cursedness, the politics and persistence, the determination and the dumb luck" involved in such radical innovations as JVC's video cassette recorder, Sony's Walkman, Raytheon's microwave oven, Nike shoes, Nautilus fitness machines, Clnh Med holiday centres, and

Philips/Sony compact discs. The last two examples have been added, along with some useful general analysis, since the book was first published in 1986, when the ground was less fertile



Unlike 3M's peel-off Post-it notes, Fred Smith's Federal Express courier empire, and Toyota's "supermarket for cars" (its famous just-in-time production system), not all the stories in the book have happy endings. EMI was unable, through

BOOK REVIEW

Innovation along

simple lines

string of bad inck and strategic misjindgments, to turn its body scamer into a thriving worldwide business; its larger rivals did so

Raytheon's pioneering "black magic" microwave oven develop-ment in the 1950s was overtaken by more innovative and market-ing-aware Japanese companies (although the US group had the sense to buy into one of them).

But, happy or otherwise, the 14 case studies share several common

threads, according to Arthur D. Little. Some are obvious, such as the importance of teamwork. The initial spark for a new concept is usually created by a technical or commercial inventor using what Arthur Koestler called "bisocia-tiva thinking" (reassembling known elements in new patterns). But he or she is only the first link in the organisational chain. Some of Arthur D. Little's other

conclusions are more controver-• That many breakthrough innovations - as many as half - come from large companies rather than

That successful breakthrough are often technology-pushed, not market-led. This is a deeply unfashionable view, albeit natural for a high-tech consultancy.

That commercial hreak-throughs do not require a special

throughs do not require a special company climate - though it helps. This conclusion is both inconsistent with some of the book's data and perverse: Arthur D. Little may be right that breakthroughs "can emerge from any environment", hostile or friendly. The question is which type of organisation produces more of

The book is also at fault in its dogmatic and misleading distinction between breakthroughs and innovation. Breakthroughs are indeed "conceptual shifts that make history", but innovation is not necessarily just "tha art of doing the same thing, better". In conventional terminology, that is "incremental" innovation, while Arthur D. Little's breakthroughs constitute "radical" innovation. At a time when the stakes involved in different types of inno-vation are at last beginning to be undarstood by governments and institutional investors, the hook takes an unhelpfully narrow view of it.

*Published by Mercury Business

tto Lambsdorff has every reason to feel dejected. For 20 years he has campaigned to shake up the boardrooms of leading German com-panies and to disentangle the complicated web of cross-shareholdings that dominate and - critics argue deaden the German economy.

MANAGEMENT

On the face of it, Lambsdorff, economics spokesman for the Free Democratic Party and chairman of DSW, Germany's largest small shareholder association, has had lit-tle success. Large-scale cross-share-holdings remain the norm in Ger-man industry, preventing hostile takeovers and stunting the growth of the stock market which is playing an increasingly important role in other leading economies worldwide.

The 67-year-old, who was econom ics minister from 1974 to 1984, remains undaunted. His campaign ing has earned him a reputation as one of the most eloquent speakers on the workings of the German economy and he is convinced that he is making inroads. He points out, for instance, that a new law will oblige banks and companies to declare any shareholdings above 5 per cent that they hold in other

companies.
But Lambedorff wants to go further. Cross-ownership of the sort that exists in Germany is forbidden in many countries and, while achieving a similar ban may be impossible, more must be done to reduce

"If you look at what the big German banks, taken together, control - the shareholdings themselves, the supervisory board seats, the proxy voting rights - then it amounts to a concentration of economic power and influence which is largely beyond the reach of any ontside control and which can lead to dangerous developments and abuse of power," Lambsdorff says. His favourite hughear is Westdeutsche Landeshank, the

state-owned Düsseldorf-based bank, which Lambsdorff says calls the tune in the state of North

He singles it out as a particularly offensive example of a state-owned institution where there is an all too cosy relationship between the state's Social Democratic government, the Federation of German Unions and local industry. "They buy shareholdings in industry the way other peopla collect pictures or stamps," he says.

The recent near collapse of Metallgesellschaft, the metals, mining and industrial group, is a good example of how the banks, with their large stakes in the company and their positions on the group's supervisory board, were unable to prevent a debacle, he

says.
The Frankfurt-based group lost

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Insider on the outside

Otto Lambsdorff explains his zeal for reform of German boardrooms to Michael Lindemann and David Waller

DM1.9bn (£780m) to end-September 1993 and warned it will lose a similar amount for the 1994 financial year, the losses triggered by speculative trading in the US oil tures markets, and is currently in the threes of a drastic restructuring which involves cutting the workforce to one-third of the 60,000 people employed 18 months ago. The reorganised group will have turnover of DM14bn, little more

than half last year's levels.

Lambsdorff is dismissive of the big German banks' claims that they have provided a heroic service to tha German economy hy rescuing Metallgesellschaft (they were the biggest contributors to the DM3.4bn rescue package agreed in January).

"The mistake was not in the way that the group was rescued - but rather that one allowed the situation to arise, First you drive the car against the wall and then you hope to rescue your reputation by going to a good garage.

Other recent cases, including the Jurgen Schneider bankruptcy and alleged fraud at Balsam, a German sports-floorings manufacturer, and Procedo, the biggest factoring company in Germany and biggest creditor to Balsam, reflect bod management at the hanks, Lambsdorff says. "A series of large bankruptcies like this damages the reputation of the German banks on the international capital markets,"

The second Finanz-marktförderungsgesetz, or financial markets promotion law, which is set to come into force next week, may do something to redress the imbalance by making the corporate landscape more transparent. Lambsdorff argues. For example, companies will be forced to declare any shareholdings in other companies once they exceed 5 per cent, an improvement on the previous 25 per cent threshold.

Supervisory hoards - the non-executive bodies made up of shareholders and workers' representatives - also oeed reform if they are to play a useful role, he says, In 1965 a law limited the number of supervisory boards an individual could slt on. Now, Lambsdorff argues, it is necessary to limit the size of the supervisory

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Some of Germany's largest company hoards - such as Volkswagen, where Lambsdorff is a supervisory board member - have 20 members, making them unwicldy. Critics allege that membership is often based less on professional competence than on political favouritism, while the annual fees paid to supervisory board members (average DM8,000) are too low to provide incentive for

full involvement. Supervisory board members need more direct contact with company accountants and the accountants should have extensive powers to sit in at important company meetings. he argues. Current arrangements mean that contact between the two parties is channelled through the company management - the people the supervisory board is there to oversee.

Some argue that Lambsdorff may not be an ideal campaigner for the reform of supervisory boards. He sits on eight belonging to larger, listed companies and on a host of other smaller ones. He replies: "I'm an losider critic. "That makes me even more difficult for them."

CONTRACTS & TENDERS

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC FOSSIL-FIRED POWER STATION INVITATION TO PREQUALIFY

Having been authorised by the Consejo Nacional para la Energia (CNE), the Corporación Dominicana de Electricidad (CDE) intends to MW fossil-fired power station consisting of two stages of 125 MW net each and all support facilities (the project) at a location in the Dominican Republic to be decided on the basis of environmental and planning studies being carried out. The power station will sell capacity and energy to CDE or its successors. CDE reserves the right to limit the project to 125 MW. The successful firm, selected by tender, will undertake to develop the project on a build-own-operate

The CDE has requested funding from the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) to be on-lent to the private entity selected to develop the project. It is expected that the government funding could cover a portion of the financing requirements of the project. The balance of the financing would be mobilised by the selected developer from both equity and debt sources. Full private financing of the project is accouraged. Use of funding from multinational agencies will be subject to fulfilling the procurement and environmental requirements of these agencies. The World Bank and the IDB finance goods and services only from their respective member countries, plus, for the World Bank, Taiwan, China.

The CDE now invites tenderers who have previous experience in similar projects to prequalify for participation in the tendering for this project. This prequalification notice is intended for the selection of firms to develop the project and to perform all operations no and required to design, fabricate, deliver, erect, test, commission, operate and maintain the complete 2x125 MW fossil-fired power station. It is expected that tenders will be invited by October 1994.

The evaluation will be based on the firm's experience in project development and management, financial standing and ability to arrange project financing. The evaluation criteria will be given in the ation document, which may be immediately obtain cost, by written request from the address below. Qualification statements will be received until 17:00 hours Santo Domingo time on 15 September 1994 in sealed envelopes, which must be either delivered by hand or by registered mail, to:

CORPORACION DOMINICANA DE SLECTRICIDAD Oficina Principal, Centro de los Héroes, Santo Domingo, Republica Dominicana Tel: (809) 533-1892 Fax: (809) 535-7472, 585-0376 Tix: ITT 346-0081 RCA 326-4195

The anvelopes must be clearly merked "APPLICATION TO PREQUALIFY FOR THE FOSSIL FIRED POWER STATION WITH APPROXIMATELY 2x125 MW OF CAPACITY - ATTN: ING. MARCO A, SUBERO, ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL." Applicants will be advised, in due course, of the results of their applications. Only firms and Joint Vantures prequalified under these

procedures will be invited to bid. This publication modifies the closing date for receipt of completed Qualification Statements made on the Development Business on May 31, 1994

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

Appear in the Financial Times on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

For further information or to advertise in this section please contact Karl Loynton on 071 873 4780 or Lesley Sumner on 071 873 3308

FINANCIAL TIMES

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CONTRACTS & TENDERS

GOVERNO DO ESTADO DO CEARÁ SECRETARIA DO DESENVOLVIMENTO URBANO E MEIO

AMBIENTE CENTRAL COMMISSION FOR TENDERS

CALL FOR TENDERS

INTERNATIONAL CALL FOR TENDERS № 043/94 The Central Commission for Tenders, on behelf of the Secretaria do Desenvolvimento Urbano e Maio Ambiente of the state of Ceará, is Inviting Brazilien end foreign construction companies that are nationele of the member countries of the Interemancen Development Bank-IDB to perticipate in the International Cell for Tandare 043/94, destined to contract works and eervicae for the construction of Sewerage Pre-conditioning with eewage capacity of 4.8 m²/s, maximum work execution period of 420 days in a row under the Basic Infrastructure and Sewerage Progrem of Fortaleza.

Funding for execution of the project above will come from the

Basic Infrastructure and Sewerega Program of Fortaleze. Partiel finencing was negotiated by the Government of Caerá with the finencing was negotiated by the Government of Caera with the Interemerican Development Benk-IDB. The contract of the works must be submitted to the disposition of the Financing Contracts nº 695/OC-BR end 892/SF-BR signed with the IDB in Dec. 9, 1992.

Qualification end price offer documents must be presented in Nov. 4,1994 at 4 pm at Rue Silva Paulet, nº 324, Aldeots - Fortaleza - Caerá - Brazil, eddressed in two different anvelopes ae follows:
Envelope"A" - Documento de Habilitação ou Pré-Quetificação

(Quelification or Pre-Qualification documents] and Envelope "B" Proposta de Preços (Price Offer).

A completa eat of rules governing the cell for tenders can be obtained at the Secrataria do Decenvolvimanto Urbano a Melo Ambiante located at tha Centro Administrativo Governedor Virgilio Távora – Cambeba – Fortateza – Ceará – arazil, during tha period of July 31 end Nov. 4, 1994, at the cost of R\$ 150.00 (a hundred and fifty

Fortaleza, Ceará, July 31,1994 The Central Commission for Tendars

PETROBRAS

INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE BIDDING NOTICE BIDDING NOTICE Nº 874-81-0025/94

Petróleo Brasileiro S.A. - PETRORRAS has received a loan in various currencies equivalent lo US\$ 250 million from the WORLD BANK and intends to apply a portion of the proceeds of this loan to the purchase of material and equipment for the erection of one Hydrotreatment Process Unit at Precidence Remardes Refinery, in Cubatão - SP -

Process Unit at Precidente Aernardes Refinery, in Cubatão - SP - Arazil.

This Aldding will be made under the rules of the WORLO BANK and ite purpose is the purchase of the tollowing control valves; them 1 - 144 control valves, globe type; tiem 2 - 31 control valves, butterfly type; tiem 3 - 71 control valves, ball type; them 4 - 19 control valves, ball type; them 5 - 04 control valves, three-way type; tiem 5 - 04 control valves, three-way type; tiem 6 - 04 control valves, three-way type; tiem 7 - 10 control valves, three-way type; tiem 8 - 10 control valves, three-way type; tiem 9 - 10 control valves, three-way type; tiem 9 - 10 control valves, three-way type; tiem 10 control

BANK and Talwan, China who have supplied to petroleum or chemical industriae, the same quantity of abova described items at least, for which they fotend to bid, may obtein this tridding through the presentation of a bank deposit elip in the non-refundable amount of US\$ 300 (three hundred American dollars) to be made at asnoc do arasil S.A. Agència PETROBRÁS - Rio de Janairo (code 3180-1) gurrent account nº 377.100-a in the name of PETROBRÁS/ADM. CENTRAL, or contact us at no expense at the following address. Petroleo Brasilairo S.A. - PETROBRÁS

Peiroleo Brasilairo S.A. - PE Hobrias Serviço de Maleriai - SERMAT Av. Rapública do Chile nº 65, 6º andar - sala nº 662 Cep: 20035-900 - Rio de Janeiro - RJ - Brasil Phone: (021) 534-1731 or 534-1745 Fax: (021) 534-3837 or 534-3835 Rel.: EDITAL Nº 874-81-0025/94 Att.: Coordenador da Comissão de Licitação

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

Wembley Olympic **Bowl Limited**

(In Receivership)

24 lane bowling complex in North West London

- Adjacent to Wembley Stadium ■ Bar and catering facilities
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Tel: 071 383 5100. Fax: 071 383 4077. Grant Thornton

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Abattoir Boning and

WH Maybery Ltd. (In Receivership) established since 1968 have a recently built boning and processing plant, with full European Licence attached to a derogated abattoir.

■ Located close to junction 45 of M4

■ 33,100 sq ft boning plant (E.C. approved) and refrigerated rooms,

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custonicis

■ Annual turnover c£14 million For further details contact the Joint Administrative Receiver: David Thomas, Grant Thornton, 11-13 Penhill Road, Cardiff, CF19 UP.

Tel: 0222 235591. Fax: 0222 383803. Grant Thornton

The U.K. member firm of Grant Thornton Internation Authorised by the Institute of Chartered Accountants England and Wales to carry on investment business.

CONTRACTS & TENDERS

GOVERNO DO ESTADO DO CEARÁ SECRETARIA DO DESENVOLVIMENTO URBANO E MIEIO AMBIENTE Contral Commission for Tenders CALL FOR TENDERS INTERNATIONAL CALL FOR TENDERS Nº 046/94

The Cantral Commission for Tanders, on behalf of Secretaria do Desenvolvimento Urbeno e Mejo Ambiente, is hereby inviting Brazillan and foreign construction companies that are netionals of the member countries of the Interemerican Development Bank - IDB to participate in the International Call for Tonders no 046/94 destined to contrect works and services for the infrastructure and Sewerege and Weter Supply Program of Fortaleza.

vorks ust	TIME (DAYS IN A ROW)							
Southern Metropolitan Landfill								
Project of Maracaneu	210 deys							
Recycling System and Trensference								
Station of Jangurussu 210 days								

Supply Program of Fortaleza. Partial finencing was negotiated by tha Government of Caará with The The contract of works must be submitted to the diapositions of the Financing Contracts no 695/OC BR and no 892/SF-BR eigned with the IDB in Decambar 9,1992. Qualification documents and price offers must be presented in Nov. 7, 1994 at 4 pm at Rua Silva Paulet

nº 324, Aldeota - Fortaleza - Cearà - arazil, adressed in two different envelopea as follows: Envelope "A" Occumento de Hebilitação ou Pré-Quelificação (Qualification or Pre-quelification documents!; and Envelope "B" - Ofarta de Preços. (Price offars). A complete set of rules geverning the call for tenders can be obtained at the Secretarie do Desenvolvi

manto Urbano e Meio Ambianta, located at Centro Administrativo Governador Virgilio Tevoré - Cam beba – Fortaleza – Caaré – Brazil, from July 31 to Nov. 4,1994, at the cost of R\$ 100.00 (e hundrad reele) Fortaleza-CE, July 31, 1994

Central Commission for Tenders

t bookings we accepted onlyce to our current Tottus and Conditions, copen of which are available by writing us union Director, The Figuralial Times, One Southwark Biolog, London SEJ 918, Tet 071 873 3000 Fac 671 873 3064

LEGAL NOTICES

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WEBER INSOLVENCY CAPRI No. 878/89 on 29th September 1994 at 12:00 am, the Law Court of Naples sells complex calted Weber Hotel. 118 Marina Piccola St., Capri, in

Hotel, 118 Marina Piccola St., Capri, in Iront of Judge Perperua. The complex is on 5910 sq. m. of grounds and buildings, it consists of 53 rooms and one suite of 60 sq. m. provided with all accessories in working order. A swimming pool - already designed might also be realised. All is better described and specified in the technical conantiancy report deposited at the chancery. Opening price Lt. 17,04(000,000 deposite 68% information Chancery or Offical Receiver Lawyer Massimo Di Lauro.

Tel: 43081/66/1920. 7811077

IN THE HIGH COURT OF HISTICE

Tel: +39/81/661929 - 7611977 Fas: +39/81/7612026

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order at the High Court of Instice (Chancary Division) dated 20th July 1994 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above-named Company from £13,509,000 to £12,509,000 and the Minute approved by the Court showing, with respect to the capital of the Company as attend the favoral particulars required by the chore-mentioned Act were registered by the Registers of Companies on 22nd July 1994.

Dated the 28th day of July 1994 Minusa Camerons
218 Semal, UNIDON, WCZR 1AZ
Ref: FS
Solictors for the showe-minuted Companies

ors for the above-moved Compan



Putting the brakes on skidding

A system to help prevent cars from skidding has been developed by Bosch, the German electronic and vehicle parts manufacturer. Its Vehicle Dynamics Control system depends on sensors which

measure the rate at which the car is turning its vertical axis, together with tha car's lateral acceleration, steering angle. wheel speeds and braking

These sensors feed information to an electronic control unit which is able to compare the requested steering angle with the actual course of the vehicle. The system then corrects any error in the car's course by braking the appropriate wheel

The system is designed to be used in conjunction with anti-lock braking systems, which intervene when a wheel is about to lock during braking and traction control, which prevents the wheels from slipping during Bosch; UK, 0895 834466.

Breast cancer under

the needle

Women with suspected breast cancer usually undergo surgical biopsies, which can leave scarring. A technique based on technology developed for Nasa's Hubble space telescope allows the blopsy to be performed with a needle rather than a scapel,

leaving a small puncture wound rather than a scar. The technique allows the abnormality to be located by an X-ray imaging device which takes digital images of the suspected mass from two different angles. A computer calculates the co-ordinates of the abnormality,

extracted with a needle. X-rays have been used before to locate suspected abnormalities. However, the time needed to take

after which the sample is

By private finance, we don't

mean paying an inflated price

for blue-chip guaranteed loans.

We mean putting the private

sector in the driving seat, bear-

ing and managing the large

risks which capital projects

entail. Too much of government has traditionally been the patsy customer in public projects."

Kenneth Clarke, UK chancel-

lor, epeaking of the Private

Finance Initiative, a govern-

ment scheme to attract private

investment to public sector

failed to enthuse the private sector. As a result, the Depart-

ment of Environment and the

Royal Institution of Chartered

Surveyors have appointed

Chesterton Consulting, eurvey-

ors, to assess how PFI could be

revived, especially to aid small

of potential PFI ventures

remain on the drawing board. Many of the rest pre-dated the

PFI launch in any case. One

flagship project, CrossRail - a £2bn line linking east and west

London - was struck a blow in

May when MPs blocked a pri-

vate bill authorising construc-

tion. Although the government

bas revived the venture

through a complex parliamen-

tary procedure, it says the proj-

to complete.

More than half the 78 projects listed in 1992 as examples

projects valued at £5m-£60m.

r Clarke's words

were fine. But the

Private Finance

Initiative has

projects, launched in 1992.

the pictures, develop the film and locate the co-ordinates of the abnormal tissue method takes about 15-20 minutes. The digital imaging device is quicker, gives a higher-quality image and exposes patients to half the radiation of the conventional X-ray method. Nasa: US. 202 358 0000.

In search of the hot spots

important aspect of fire fighting and prevention. Product Innovation has designed a hand-held device which emits visual and audible signals to detect heat sources as a relatively low-cost addition to the available

Detecting sources of heat is an

The Hotspotter sensor detects infra-red waves, which are converted into sounds and lights by a microprocessor. The intensity of the heat is indicated by the frequency of the sound and the colour of the light.

The uses of the Hotspotter include locating the source of a fire through dense smoke and spotting a potential fire risk. The device costs £120.

Product Innovation Holdings: 0920 444277.

Matchmaking trap for woodworms

Buying a house can be a risky business and many purchasers err on the side of caution and spray for woodworm whether or not an infestation exists, writes Daniel Green. But from next year, it should be easier to discover if there is a true problem.

A UK company, Oxford Asymmetry, has developed a way to mass-prodoce woodworm pheromones, the sex hormone that brings male and female

Scientists at Oxford University divided the structure of the bormone and Oxford Asymmetry built a synthetic chemical "scaffold" around which identical molecules would form in its laboratories.

The company has now signed an agreement with Cardiff-based Agrisense which will market a woodworm trap: the idea is that new homeowners first test for the presence of woodworm before committing themselves to the dirt and expense of pest control.

Oxford Asymmetry, 57 Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxfordshire OX14 4RX. 0235 861561.



Ask almost any doctor what drug treatments there are for strokes and they will probably say "none". The reason lies in the nature of the condition. A stroke occurs when

the brain is damaged due to poor blood circulation. It can happen quickly, even without warning. The brain is damaged within minutes or bours, and all a doctor can do is try to help the patient recover.

Stroke victims lose brain functions such as memory, speech or limb co-ordination. As well as their distress and that of their families, the cost to society is vast. About 500,000 people a year suffer from strokes in the US. Only about a third of victims recover sufficient independence to return to previous levels of activity. The rest require years of rehabilitation and nursing. Some are permanently hospitalised

The prospect of earning an enviable reputation and a great deal of money has attracted many pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies to the area. Success would transform stroke therapy. Today's preventative therapies would he supplemented for the first time with patient treatment.

But the condition is complicated. About 85 per cent of strokes are caused by blockages in blood vessels and are called ischaemic strokes. Without oxygen carried by blood, cells die.

The remaining 15 per cent of strokes are caused by leakages of blood into the brain - cerebral haemorrhages. The brain is squashed by the extra volume of blood and celis die.

Doctors try to identify people wbo are at a high risk of either kind of stroke and give appropriate preventative drugs. People with a history of artery disease, for example, may be given mild blood-thinning agents such as aspirin to ward off clots. People with high blood pressure have an increased chance of a haemorrhage and can be treated with drugs for high blood pressure. After an ischaemic stroke, victims

may be given stronger clot-busting drugs such as streptokinase to try to clear the blockage quickly. In cerebral haemorrhages, blood thinners and clot busters are precisely what must not be administered as they would increase the blood flow to the brain. After the stroke, only risky brain surgery can help. Modern research on drugs that

might effectively treat stroke victims begins by analysing the blochemistry of the condition: what chemical events take place between blood flow disruption and cell

Unfortunately, blochemists cannot yet provide a complete answer. What is understood so far is that

Drugs researchers are seeking a stroke treatment that could transform current therapy, writes Daniel Green

Brains on their minds

Stroke treatments in research

Сопралу	Country	Drug	Launch date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Upjohn	us	Freedox	1984-	
Ciba	Switzerland	Setfotal	1997-	From 1987.
Alkermes	us	Calpain inhibitor	3 ·	
Cambridge Neuro	Science US	Cerestat	20007 ·	
Caphalon	ยร	Calpain inhibitor	, /	M
Cocensys	us	Acea 1021	2 .	
Fisons	UK	Remacerside	2 1	
Gensia	US	Adenosine regulator	٠ كار	(a) a b
Gullford	บร	PARS Inhibitor	, 17	(1) (C)
Wellcome	UK	619C89	2000?	$A^{\prime} \rightarrow A^{\prime}$
Sandoz	Switzerland	SDZ EEA 484	, 4	Y Y
Synthelabo	France	Ellprodi	2000?	الرسيسية ال

when blood is cut off from brain cells, chemicals called excitatory amino acids are released. These bind to receptors on brain

cells and open channels into the cell. Through the open channels flow large amounts of calcium and sodium which can kill the cell simply by bursting it. The calcium and sodium are also involved in reactions inside the cell which release poisons such as nitric oxide, highly reactive substances called free radicals and even protein-eating enzymes that can digest the cell from the inside.

As if that were not enough, the inflow of calcium is a trigger for the release of more excitatory amino acids and the whole lethal sequence spreads out from the original core of damage.

There is almost an active progression of damage going on for minutes, even hours, after the stroke," says John Reid of Clasgow University's department of medicine and therapeutics. Within a few hours, the dead core is surrounded by a larger area of dying cells, he

So a candidate drug treatment is one that blocks either the release or the action of the excitatory amino acids. The principle is to freeze the process that leads to the death of the cells until normal blood circula-

tion is restored through the action

of clot-busting drugs.

But the lack of complete biochemical understanding means the prac-tice is more difficult. There is more than one excitatory amino acid, several ways of obstructing each and yet further ways of dealing with their effects. On top of that, interfering with the functioning of brain cells can cause unpleasant side

effects such as hallucination. The first drug likely to reach the market is expected to be launched in the next few months. Called Preedox, it was developed by Upjohn of the US. It tackles some of the last stages in the sequence of cell death - for example, by inhibiting the free

Initially it will be licensed for use in baemorrhages only. Further clinical trials are under way in patients with ischaemia and with victims of head and spine injuries that can trigger a similar sequence leading to cell death.

At the other end of the biochemical sequence, Wellcome, the UK company, is researching a drug called 619C89 which is designed to prevent the release of the most important of the excitatory amino acids, glutamate, The drug is about to enter further clinical trials and is unlikely to be on the market before the end of the decade.

Ciba, the Swiss drugs company, is a little further advanced with its Selfotel drug, which blocks the action of glutamate rather than its production. Selfotel is entering the last and

biggest series of trials that must be undertaken for any drug is approved. If all goes well, a product could be on the market in three or four years, says Beatrix Maurice-Schubiger, head of Ciba's central nervous system product manage-

Unfortunately, Selfotel has side-effects including hallucination,

paranola and confusion. In May Ciba signed a collaborative deal with California biotechnology company Cocensys to research a second pany Cocensys to research a second stroke drug. Acea 1021 works by a quito different mechanism, blocking another of the receptors for excita-tory amino acids. Maurice-Schubl-ger says that Acea 1021 is "about two years behind Selfotel" in the development process.

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Improving on Selfotel is also a target for Massachusetts biotechnology company Cambridge Neuro Science. It has a drug called Carsestat which blocks o different receptor for excitatory amino acids Elkan Gamzu, the company's prestdent, claims that Cerestat is as good as Selfotel but avoids the side-et-

But Cerestat has only just completed initial trials, so even if all goes well a product is unlikely to reach the market until the next

Other companies researching the area include the UK's Wellcome and Fisons, Switzerland's Sandoz, France's Synthelabo and US biotechnology companies Aikermes, Guilford, Gensia, Pharmos and

in spite of the large amount of research activity, some scientists fear that no one solution will work well. There are at least 22 separate steps in the hiochemistry of cell death and it is not known which, if any, could stall the whole process.

Drug developers have recently witnessed an unpleasant precedent in the treatment of septic shock. Both stroke and septic shock involve complicated cascades of biochemical events. in septic shock, each of the drugs developed seemed to be effective in blocking part of the cascade, but each so far has failed to prevent the disease prog-

Behind the optimistic words, the industry is aware of this potential problem. Merck of the US, the world's biggest drug company, abandoned work on its candidate stroke drug MK 801. Executives at Upjohn concede that they do not know exactly how Freedox works. Gamzu admits that Cerestat acts on only one of eeveral receptors involved in stroke.

Ralph White, central nervous system project manager at Wellcome, sums up the view of many when he says: "We won't know if a drug really works until we've finished the last clinical trial.

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27 May
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PROPERTY

Double act

Andrew Russell on a bid to tap private funds for public projects

as on CrossRail - may be mis- fer of risk away from the pub-

One reason is that, as in any big civil engineering venture, the lead-time for projects can typically be two years or more. Many of the original projects associated with PFI, such as CrossRail and Heathrow Express, are large, with a long gestation period which critics have misinterpreted as evidence of lack of activity.

In addition, in spite of the government's more enlightened vision about the role of the private sector, public resources remain as tightly controlled as previously (espe-cially when placed alongside private-sector resources in a The government can borrow

money more cheaply than the private sector and therefore in absolute terms it is rarely possible to prove that a partnership with the private sector provides better value. PFI modifies this strict

ect will take at least 10 years vate money is now seen by However, the critics' main government as being justified contention - that PFI has where its use brings associated failed to provoke interest, such advantages, such as the trans-

lic sector and access to better management.
It is possible, though, to con-

ceive of other benefits from the use of private finance, ranging from the fact that without it, a project could not proceed to intangible spin-offs such as an improved environment. The most obvious area of

application for PFI principles is in the provision of transport infrastructure. However, few groups are capable of financing such schemes, and many observers believe that the real challenge for public and private sectors is to make PFI work with "smaller" projects, valued at between £5m (for a school) and £60m (a prison). One reason for caution may be that the DoE - one of the UK's biggest sponsors of con-

whether PFI changes anything The ground-rules implicit in Mr Clarke's quotation is that

struction - is uncertain

However, DoE-sponsored projects differ in one important respect from those backed by other departments. A high proportion involve belging private-sector investments get off the ground, creating jobs and other benefits. In contrast, projects sponsored by other departments involve facilities for which the government is the only customer, such as prisons, higher education etc.

sector grant could easily have

been re-sprayed in PFI colours.

It is in this area of public services that PFI is likely to enjoy most success Where PFI is likely to meet with least success is in encouraging the private sector to come up with its own ideas. In spite of the government's

expressed willingness to nego-tiate with a single private-sector promoter, PFI is caught in public procurement rules and in particular, by EC require ments that contracts should be tendered. Private companies have better things to do than invest their time and money in new ideas if they then have to compete for the privilege of carrying them out.

The government seems to be heading once again for the role of patsy customer. Although the private sector assumes risk, the perception remains that as the government guarantees the income-stream, it is therefore gilt-edged. On the other hand, the mechanism greater range of investments

PEOPLE

Wilkinson is to be new managing director at Laird Group

Geoffrey Wilkinson, 48, has effect. been appointed managing Lair director of the Laird group, the vehicle components manufacturer, with effect from October. after having joined the company in June 1993 as finance

director. His replacement as finance director will be Jonathan Silver, 35, currently corporate

development manager.
The moves follow on the announcement in April that the current chairman and chief executive, John Gardiner, would become chairman solely. and that the current managing director. Ian Arnott, 51, would be stepping into the role of chief executive. Gardiner will retire from the

chief executive role on October 1, when the other changes take

ELECTRONIC SWITCHES

■ Paul Gibson has been promoted to sales director of OKI SYSTEMS (UK). ■ George Bates has been

appointed to the board of CML MICROSYSTEMS. Steve McCall, former UK md of Tulip, has been appointed

sales director, and Jamie Minotto, former UK md of Tandon, marketing director, at ELO-



Marwan Rifka, above, formerly md of EDS's UK public sector division, has been appointed European chief executive and corporate vice-president of ANTARES ALLIANCE GROUP, the joint venture between Amdahl and EDS. ■ Kelvin Harrison has been promoted to md of VEGA GROUP; Angus Johnson, formerly technical director,

becomes non-executive

Laird is by no means an unfamiliar company to Wilkinson - he first became

acquainted with the group when he worked for the Industrial Re-organisation Corpora-tion more than 20 years ago. Wilkinson has been (successively) a former chief econo-

mist, financial controller, and ultimately head of corporate mergers, investments and divestments at British Steel. He left British Steel in 1987

and spent several years with US investment bank Dillon Read. In October 1991 he and David Prior established a partnership, for a time working for Garry Klesch, who put up the equity for a series of steel ser-

vice sector buy-ins. Sliver, a chartered accoun-

■ Mike Powell, formerly director of consultancy at Oracle.

has been appointed director of DIGITAL Consulting for UK and Ireland. ■ Kevin Lynch has been pro moted to md of McKEOWN SOFTWARE Group.

Terence Cooke has been

appointed md of TULIP COM-

■ David Jones has been promoted to director of sales for

retail and distribution, at BT. Brian Cunningham, formerly brand image director for IBM's general business in Europe, is appointed head of IBM's UK AS/400 business. Michael Gordon, md of Link Training, is appointed to the CRT Group board.

lan Taylor, former md of Datasolve, becomes UK chairman of CMG; acting UK chairman Chris Banks reverts to group finance director.

John Backhouse has been promoted to md of AMPHENOL Corp's UK subsid-

tant, first worked for Thornton Baker before joining Fisons, then moving on to Laird in 1986 as group management accountant.

More than 80 per cent of Laird's profits derive from overseae markets. Its last annual results showed pre-tax profits of £38.2m.

■ Wendy Leighton becomes deputy chief executive at Stirling group, the clothing manufacturers, where for the past four years ehe has been direc-tor in charge of marketing and design, primarily responsible for developing the company'e relationship with Marks and

She began her career at Marks and Spencer, as a

NORTHERN FOODS, the dairy and food manufacturing company, has appointed four directors to its board, two executives and two non-executives. Neil Davidson, 43, is to be executive director responsible for all the group'e dairy operations, having been with the company since 1977. His

brief covers milk procurement, processing and distribution through Northern Daires, Eden

of Thorn group, the rental business of Thorn EMI.

Another appointment is that of David Baines, 53, who has been made managing director of Eden Vale, acquired by Northern Foods two years ago. Baines joins the group after having been managing director of Sara Lee Bakery (UK) for the past eight years.

His background includes 17 years marketing and managerial experience with RHM and Cadbury. He replaces Jo Stewart, acting managing director at Eden Vale since March this

Fragrant changes at **Body Shop**

Anita Roddick, one of the ... founders of The Body Shop, ... which has proved such a suc-cess producing and marketing wittily-titled personal care products, has decided it is time she changed her own title. Yesterday the company said

that in future she would hold the post of chief executive and relinquish that of group managing director. Her husband, Gordon, remains chairman. A range of other bodies are also swapping seats at the com-pany, including three newly

main board.
Jane Reid, head of the legal department since October 1989, is made a director, in charge of legal matters. Jeremy Kett, chief financial officer, who joined in March 1990, becomes director responsible for finance. Terry Hartin becomes director in charge of operations

created executive directors,

making a total of nine on the

and distribution. Stepping into the managing director's shoes is Stuart Rose, formerly director responsible for corporate development.

Two other directors assume different responsibilities in the shuffle. Michael Ross, once in charge of international retail.

■ Charles Bryant, 45, has been subject to the state of t appointed to the new post at: NATIONAL WESTMINSTER of: director of UK trade services. for the bank's UK branch busi-

ness sector. His responsibilities extend to His responsibilities extend was a limit to the drawing together the standard together the standard together the standard together the standard together toge

ices division.

A former managing director. of Midland Montagu, Bryant, All Market of Midland Montagu, Bryant, All Market of Midland Nativest in September.

ITT CANNON in the UK. Vale Food Ingredients and Dale is now looking after strategic retail projects, while Jilly Forundoubtedly gives rise to a government contribution to Neal Turner, formerly sales Farm Dairies. Jo Stewart, 44, is "value for money" test in subdirector of Macro Group, has tle ways. The extra cost of pricreated executive director any partnership must have a than could ever be financed ster moves from looking after responsible for all the group's ceiling. Once that concept is been appointed sales and marthrough taxation. communications to strategic marketing. The company says keting director of FARNELL prepared food operations, covintroduced, the public investment assumes the nature of a ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS. ering convenience foods, meat It is looking to recruit a meaning of communi-The author is national director Migel Croisdale has been grant. Many a recent publicof Chesterton Consulting products and groceries. He has promoted to vice-president of been with the company since ICL Client-Server Systems 1988. The change in Anita Roddick's title is "a reflection of otal returns from comcerns of a jittery market with The two non-executives are Mark Riley, formerly directhe business getting bigger," says a spokesman. "She spends mercial property funds nullkely to increase Heien Alexander, 37, currently investments continued investment until rents start managing director of the Econsays a spokesman. She spokesman a lot of her time travelling and this will relieve her of the tor of products and services at to slide in June as investors to catch up with previous Celinet, bas been appointed omist Intelligence Unit; she group sales director, Europe, at has been with the Economist remained nervous about the sharp rises in capital valoes day-to-day running of the busi direction of interest rates and group since 1985. The other is The increase in total ■ Stuart Horwood has been Michael Metcalf, 42, who since ness, in order to concentrate the lack of any serious recovmore on its direction and ery in rents, according to returns from retall lovestappointed general manager, 1991 has been chief executive Independent Property Data-The second secon

PUTERS UK.

Index of monthly returns June Change over based at Dec 86 = 100 1984 lest month All Property 216.93
Retails 207.80

IPD monthly index for June Total return (quarterly inovernent) %

bank, a research group. The IPD index of monthly total returns fell in June to 0.9 per cent, the lowest level for 12 months and the third consecutive monthly fall.

Retail provided the only encouraging news with total returns rising to 1.4 per cent from 1.2 per cent in May. Total returns from offices fell from 1 per cent to 0.3 per cent and Industrial property returns fell from 1.4 per cent

to 1 per cent.

1994 June

The declines reflect the con-

ments was prompted by a 0.2 per cent rise in shop reots last month, the first increase recorded by IPD since December 1991. Rents for office and industrial properties continued to

fall but at a much slower

rate, indicating that rental

decline may be coming to an

end. Overall rents failed to

move last month. Capital values are continning to etagnate; for offices they declined by 0.4 per cent in June, the first monthly fall triby navy

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Theatre/David Murray

t the Lyric Hammersmith we have one of the least manageable later Ibsen plays, The Lady from Lthe Sea. Brave and interesting. this co-production with West Yorksbire Playbouse scores only a qualified success If you saw the Royal Exchange version with Vanessa Redgrave 15 years ago, in Manchester or at the Roundhouse in London, you may stay home in good conscience; if not, the Lyric staging has its rewards for Ibsen devotees (until August

This 1888 play came between Rosmersholm and Hedda Gabler, Like them, it has an anguished heroine at its centre - but where those other beroines are anchored (or trapped) in concrete situations, the "lady from the sea" floats free of anything concrete; her obsessions are private and deeply fev.

Ibsen lays on the symbolism hard. Ellida grew up in a lighthouse on the open sea (now she lives at the dull end of a fjord, wedded to an older widower); her disordered thoughts return constantly to the wild waves, and to her fateful encounter with a foreign sailor; she has almost withdrawn from real life, and from her two stepdaughters who supply the echoing sub-plots. The play works up slowly to its climactic event, the reappearance of the romantic sailor to claim his mystical bride and Ellida's dramatic re-assessment of her situation.

Lindsay Posner's production has apt intimately impossioned music by Paddy Cuneen, of the Cheek by Jowl company, and a bold set by Tim Hatley: a looming assemblage of sea-smoothed rocks overhead, and beneath it nothing but a steeply raked floor, upon which Items of furniture turn up as needed for the domestic scenes. At the final liberation, the stones lift away ias far as the Lyric's flytower will permit). We lose, bowever, any visible sense of the practical, provincial reelity which is

Ibsen insisted that we must never glimpse the "open sea", but Hatley's designs look open as could be - we had not expected, after all, to see painted waves on the backcloth. It is left to the actors to mime the confinement of their frustrating lives amid this unconfined space, which they do with varying degrees of conviction. The stepdaughters manage nicely. Though Emily Watson plays the younger Hilde insufferably pert, she remembers just in

time to register deep feeling at Ellida's

Matilda Ziegler brings a curious whining drawl to Bolette, the elder, but also exact representations of Bolette's moods resigned, suddenly hopeful, delighted, bereft. But the moods succeed one another with disconcerting speed; and for that, I think, the director is to blame - for he has done the same with Rilida herself, and with her patient husband Dr Wangel (Pip Donagby).

in Wangel's case, he blows hot, cold and judiciously concerned from moment to moment, and Jusette Simon's Ellida veers still less predictably. Miss Simon is not only black but strikingly close-cropped, which makes her an exotic figure in 19thcentury Norway; and why not? Her special virtues, however, are meaningful stillness and fraught grace - whereas ibsen puts his heroine through mood-switches which may seem quite crazy, as too often they do here, if not underpinned by a palpably

till, Miss Simon has some noble moments. And among the second-ary leads, the swams of (respectively) Hilde and Bolette are engagingly natural: Paul Higgins' would-be artist Lyngstrand dreams of a Southern career, enhanced by Hilde's constant prayers from a safe distance and Seau Baker's dry, disappointed Arnholm - Bolette's ex-tutor - faces up to a late, uncertain marriage.

Here the director's heavy band intrudes It is quite clear to bim, though it should not be to us, that her choice amounts to a sacrifice. Ibsen's claim is that because it is chosen freely it is no sacrifice, just like Ellida's final resolve. Much stress is laid upon Bolette's disheartened fate, when Ibsen intended nothing so unambiguous Contrariwise, Ellida's sailor - the Stranger is described as Finnish, and always referred to as "the American", but arrives in the unmistakeably Irish person of Liam de Staic.

From Peter Kelly there is a pleasant sketch of a typical lisen oddity, the artist horn-player/hairdresser Rallested, His theatrical troupe collapsed in this little town, and he has lived there ever since. But we never really learn where "there" was; a pity, because lbsen's most visionary flights always start from tough, pragmatic





A Ring with colour-coded leitmotifs

Andrew Clark reports from Bayreuth on Alfred Kirchner's new production

alf a cheer for the new Ring at Bayreuth. It is ebstract. colourful and apolitical - a bigger contrast with its predecessor, the 1988 Kupfer production, is hard to imagine. The stage direction is minimal, the costumes are a riot. James Levine has inspired the festival orchestra to play with a tonal ripeness and clarity unsurpassed in a generation, but his tempi - although marvellously consistent - have been rather stately. These are early days. Das Rheingold and Die Walktire have just been unveiled in conditions of sweltering heat, but with no apparent hiccups. Siegfried follows this afternoon and Götterdömmerung on Sun-

The producer, Alfred Kirchner, and his designer, known only as Rosalie, came with a reputation for radical ideas, but their approach has been surprisingly anodyne. Kirchner, an experienced theatre director in Berlin and Vienna, made his breakthrough in opera more than a decade ago during the Gielen years at Frankfurt. In interviews before the first night, he rejected the idea of tying Wagner's tetralogy to a particular time or philosophy. His aim, he said, was simply to find new mythical pictures for a many-sided epic; to use the colours and materials of nature without implying naturalism; and by unfolding the story without ideological baggage, to let the audience draw its own conclusions. Admirable thoughts - and doubtless the reason why Kirchner and Rosalie have been let off so lightly at their

he death, at the age of 84, of Lord

Between them these two Russian born

sons of the formidable Olga, and Isaac,

Winogradsky, established, with brother

Leslie, a 50 year dominance over every

aspect of the nation's leisure activities,

from the music halls through to television.

where their influence lives on in Leslie's

son, Michael Grade, the controller of

With decor reduced to a convex circular platform (the top of the globe), augmented by a variety of geometrically arranged lights and panels, the production focuses directly on words and music - providing you are not distracted by the costumes. And there's the rub. A random collage of styles and associations, they pretend to illustrate or comment on each character's function in the drama, through colour-coding and other symbols. Freia skitters about in e green and gold hooped outfit. apparently denoting youth and fruitfulness. Fricka follows her straw dress in Rheingold with a bizarre Cleopatra gown for Walkitre - domesticity and regality. Sieglinde has an iron collar, a symbol of bondage which she discards after doping Hunding. Alberich sports shorts and a reptilian back-pack, like a friendly little por-

Others are harder to fathom. The Valkyries, for example, are lumbered with ont-size red-and-black pannier dresses. With rare exceptions - notably the inhabitants of Nibelhelm, a mass of wriggling wormlike robots - the costumes are a phoney fashion-designer's caprice, reducing Wagner's characters to figures of fun.

Take away the costumes, however, and you have no production. It must be a long time since Bayreuth saw such poverty of theatrical imagination, such an abdication of the stage director's role. Apart from a splendid whirl of light-cylinders in the Ride of the Valkyries, Kirchner simply dumps his cast centre-stage and, give or take a bit of posturing, leaves them to get

culties of staging all four parts of The Ring in one go, the dialogue is unbelievably limp, especially in the crucial encounters of *Die Walkdre*. The worst instance is the start of Act 2: stranded on separate levels, Wotan and Brunnhilde barely begin to address each other; the father-daughter relationship, with all its affectionate playfulness, has to be taken as read. Of greed, lust and ambition, of sex and viole deceit and betrayal, this production offers barely a trace. We are in a Wagnerian kindergarten, a world in which the Woodentops would feel at home,

ust what Levine thinks of all this is

the subject of much speculation. Judging by the way he embraced Kirchner at their Walkure curtain call, he would have us believe he endorses the approach. But given Levine's conservative reputation, there must have been huge compromises. The stage curtain, for example, remains closed throughout the preinde to each act unheard of in Germany today - and comes down again before the final orchestral flourish, making for a strange anticlimax

to the Walklire love scene. Levine's experience of conducting The Ring in New York pays notable dividends. He brings out the natural character of the score, flawlessly unfolding the structure and paragraphing, with the manifold cross-currents and counterpoints coherently integrated. Das Rheingold was a revelation - so much detail to enjoy, and the orchestra playing like angels. With Levine in charge, the singers can do nothing but sing lyrically, enough to turn even minor episodes like Froh's "Wie liebliche Luft" into a bymn of joy. The corollary, of course, is that the music lacks theatrical intensity - particularly in Die Walkare. It is a symptonic reading, without the dramatic extremes which made the Barenboim-Kupfer production so thrilling.

The biggest loser in the new Ring is John Tomlinson's Wotan. He is neutered by a blue rubber skirt, and his Norman helmet shuts out facial expression. There is little scope for him to show dignity or ruthlessness, and the character fails to develop between Rheingold and Wolküre. Even his handling of the text has been smoothed over. With such a superficial dramatic framework, the spotlight falls on his volce, which he hoists up heroically but with some strain. He was unfairly booed.

Several others are inherited from previous casts - among them Siegfried Jerusalem's barmless Loge, Manfred Jung's squawky Mime, Ekkebard Wlaschiba's rich-toned Alberich and Hans Sotin's anonymous Hunding. Deborah Polaski returns as Brunnhilde, ber top as con-stricted as ever. Poul Elming's Siegmund was in splendid voice, partnered now by bis Danish compatriot Tina Kiberg - wbo lends the production a welcome ray of femininity, even if she lacks a Wagnerian volce. And there are two outstanding contributions: Hanna Schwarz's malestic, mettlesome Fricka and René Pape's Fasolt, the only singer to rise above his surroundings and provide the humanity sadly lacking in

Obituary

(Bernard) Delfont, marks the passing of one of the two Grand Bernard Delfont Old Men of the British entertainment industry - the other is his brother Lord (Lew) Grade, still going

First Leisure, with its interests in discos, bowling and much of Blackpool, and he was an active president of the company at

Like brother Lew, Lord Delfont began as a professional Charleston dancer but soon found being an agent a more profitable business. From there it was a short step into owning theatres and cinemas and his long reign as King of British show

Bernie Delfont, a tall, handsome man well into his eighties, with e mane of sil-It was Bernard Delfont who produced the Royal Variety Show for 25 years. He very hair, never stopped working. He was managed home grown stars, like Morewell into his seventies when he scquired

foreign names like Maurice Chevaller and Lena Horne. He became a force in the movie and record businesses when the Grade Organisation was sold to EMI and then became its chief

Every time Lord Delfont was ejected by young Turks he bounced back, and it was his experience that guided First Leisure to success. Despite the inevitable cigars, he was never a great showman. He was not a discoverer of new talent or an inspired creator, or even e friend of

the avant-garde: he was the businessman, with his finger on the pulse of public taste, whose main interest in the theatre was that night's take at the box office.

Sometimes his judgment wavered - he turned down the chance to manage the Beatles - and he rejected an investment in Monty Python's Life of Brian because he thought it blasphemous - but be was known as a considerate employer, a generous supporter of good causes, end a throughly old fashioned gentleman. Even his "vice" was excusable - he was a keen racing man who once owned e string of horses. His only bobby was watching the racing on television spiced by a few

Antony Thorncroft | Josette Simon as Ellida with Pip Donaghy as her husband Dr Wangel

International

strong at 87

Renaissance Prints

The Rijksmuseum in Amsterdam will host an exhibition over the next three months devoted to the print in the Renaissance. The show provides an overview of masters from different countries. including Mantegna, Dürer and Lucas van Leyden. As its central theme, the exhibition traces the development of printmaking from its

craftsmanlike beginnings around 1470 to the mature and nal medium it had become by 1500. The organisers have tried to emphasise the diversity of printmaking, the various techniques used and the functions prints had. There are devotional prints, landscapes assembled in albums, illustrated books, early colour prints and immense ensembles, such as Jacopo da Barbari's View of

Several unique late 15th century prints open the show, followed by some masterly examples by Martin Schongauer.

Dürer is represented by a number integna'e prints include a rare impression on parchment and his Battle of the Sea Gods, printed in colour. The tentative beginnings of the technique of etching are shown, as well as the way the great masters influenced others.

The selection is based on the Rijksmuseum's own collection, together with important loans from the British Museum and other public collections. Various private collectors have also lent their treasures, some of which have never been exhibited before. The show opens on August 6 and continues till October 30.

EXHIBITIONS GUIDE

AMSTERDAM Van Gogh Museum Van Gogh's Self-Portraits: 20 paintings and two drawings dating from his stay in Paris 1886-7. Ends Oct 9. Daily Hessenhuis-Museum Music and

Painting in the Golden Age: 50 paintings by 17th century Netherlandish masters, illustrating the importance of music and musicians in the art of the period in military, allegorical and genre settings. Ends Oct 30. Closed Mon RERI IN Altes Museum The Last Days of

Humanity: 600 photos, posters, paintings and drawings illustrating artists' responses to the first world war, and including work by Beckmann, Kokoschka, Dix, Picasso, Chagali and Wyndham Lewis, Ends Aug 28. Closed Mon Haus der Kulturen der Weit

Tanzania - Masterworks of African Sculpture: 400 works from the 19th and 20th centuries. Ends Aug 7. Closed Mon

EDINBURGH Royal Scottish Academy The Romantic Spirit in German Art 1790-1990. Ends Sep 7. Daily

FLORENCE Palazzo Pitti Royal Treasures from Denmark silver furniture, royal costumes and ivories from the era. of Frederik IV of Denmark, who visited the court of Cosimo III in Florence in 1709. Ends Sep 11 FRANKFURT

Schim Kunsthalla Goethe and Art: 300 paintings, drawings and sculptures ranging from antiquity till Goethe's death in 1832, and including work by David, Schinkel, Caspar David Friedrich, Claude Lorrain, Constable and Turner. Ends Aug 7. Daily

Deutsches Architekturmuseum European Architecture of the Present Day: an exhibition mounted in cooperation with the Fundacio Mies van der Rohe in Barcelona. Ends Oct 10. Closed Mon GENEVA

Musée Barbier-Mueller Royal Art of Cameroon: 40 pieces of ethnographic art from the high plateau of western Cameroon. Ends LONDON

Hayward Gallery Bonnard at Le Bosquet, Ends Aug 29. Daily (advance booking 071-928 8800) Tate Gallery R.B. Kitaj retrospective. Ends Sep 4. Turner's Holland: an exhibition exploring Turner's tours through the Netherlands and the influence they had on his life and art. Ends Oct 9. William Blake - Art and Revolution:

an exhibition focusing on the English artist'e output in the 1790s. Ends Oct 16, Daily Mariborough Fine Art R.B. Kital: recent pictures and graphics. Ends Aug 20. Closed Sun Victoria and Albert Museum Pugin

 A Gothic Passion: retrospective of the 19th century British designer. Ends Sep 11. Daily National Gallery From Caspar David Friedrich to Ferdinand Hodler, A Romantic Tradition -Paintings and Drawings from the Oskar Reinhart Foundation, Ends

Sep 4. Daily Royal Academy of Arts The Belgian Avant-Garde 1880-1900, Ends Oct 2, Daily (advance booking 071-240 7200) British Museum Greek Gold: Jewellery of the Classical World.

Ends Oct 23. German Printmaking In the Age of Goethe. Ends Sep 11. Indian Paintings and Drawings from the Collection of Howard Hodgkin. Ends Aug 21. Daily Queen's Gallery Gainsborough and Reynolds - Contrasts in Royal Patronage: the latest selection from

the Royal collections focuses on the two pre-eminent English artists of the 18th century. Ends Dec 22 (Buckingham Palace) MADRID Centro de Arte Reina Sotia Gerhard Richter: 100 works by one

of the key figures in contemporary German art. Ends Aug 22. Closed MARTIGNY Fondation Pleme Gianadda From

Matisse to Picasso, Masterworks from the Gelman Collection. Ends Nov 1. Daily

Arsenal Gold of the Gods; more

than 600 exhibits, comprising pre-Colombian jewels, ritual knives and masques. Ends Oct 2 (tel 4410

NEW YORK Metropolitan Museum of Art Picasso and the Weeping Women: 80 paintings and works on paper from the 1930s and 1940s. Ends Sep 4. The Annenberg Collection of Impressionist and

Post-Impressionist Masterpieces: 53 paintings, drawings and watercolours. Ends Nov 27. Dali -The Early Years. Ends Sep 18. Closed Mon

Museum of Modern Art From Manet to Picasso - Masterpieces from the David and Peggy Rockefeller Collection. Ends Sep 6. British Drawings 1890-1990: the exhibition highlights the work of early modernists like Vanessa Bell and Jacob Epstein, and examines the Influence of Surrealism on such artists as Henry Moore and Edward Burra during the 1930s and 1940s. The postwar section includes work by Lucian Freud and David Hockney. Ends Sep 13. Closed

Whitney Museum of American Art Edward Hopper (1882-1987) and Jack Pierson (b1962): the latter has selected 20 works by the former, and placed them alongside his own work. Ends Sep 11. Joseph Stella (1877-1946): more than 200 works by the American modernist. Ends Oct 9. Closed Mon PARIS

Wed

Grand Palais The Origins of Impressionism 1859-69. Ends Aug 8. Closed Tues Musée Picasso The world'a largest collection of Picasso'a work is

completed by his own collection of

paintings by friends such as Braque and Matisse, and artists he admired, including Renoir and Cézanne. Closed Tues (4271 2521) Musée Rodin This delightful 18th century town house contains the life work of the sculptor Auguste Rodin, Closed Mon (tel 4418 6110) Musée Marmottan This museum houses an important collection of paintings by Monet, Including Impression-Solell levant, from which the Impressionist movement took

 Cartes musées available et all metro stations and museums, to avoid queuing at 60 museums including the Louvre, Musée d'Orsay and Versailles. STUTTGART

its name. Closed Mon (tel 4496

5033)

Staatsgalerie Italian Drawings 1500-1800: a representative election of the large, high-quality Stuttgart collection, built up over the past two centuries and including work by Giambattista and Tiepolo. Ends Sep 4. Picasso: a rare showing of 400 prints from a private collection. Ends Aug 14. Closed Mon

Linden-Museum Art of the Aborigines; 90 wood paintings and 40 sculptures. Ends Sep 25. Closed

VENICE Antichi granai della repubblica China in 220 BC - The Warriors of Xi'an: ten of the 7.000 lifesize terracotta soldiers who guarded the tomb of Emperor Qin Shihuangdi In central China, along with copies of war chariots and weapons discovered in one of this century's most dramatic digs. Ends Sep 11. Daily (the old granary on the tip of the Gludecca)

Palazzo Grassi Renaissance Architecture from Brunelleschi to Michelangelo: 250 works from European and American public collections. Ends Nov 6. Daily WASHINGTON National Gallery of Art Willem de

Kooning'e Paintings: 75 works by America's influential abstract expressionist. Ends Sep 5. From Minimal to Conceptual Art - Works from the Vogel Collection: 90 drawings, photographs, paintings and sculpture by contemporary artists, including LeWitt, Christo, Ryman, Beuys and Flavin. Ends Nov 27. Recent Prints and Sculpture from Gemini G.E.L.; a selection of work from the acclaimed contemporary art workshop in Los Angeles. Ends Oct 2. Daily National Museum of American Art

Thomas Cole: 70 works by the father of the Hudson River school of painting. Ends Aug 7. Mary Vaux Walcott: 50 watercolours by the early 20th century naturalist, explorer and artist. Ends Aug 29. Daily

Freer Gallery of Art Masterpieces of Chinese Calligraphy: more than 30 calligraphers are represented from the first century BC to the 20th century. Ends next Feb. Daily Phillips Collection The Drawings of Stuart Davis (1894-1964); 90 watercolours, gouaches and drawings of radiant colour by the American modernist. Ends Aug 28.

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On the face of Ludwig does much to worry abont. As a leading US

bank supervisor – he oversees the health of 3,700 banks with 60 per cent of total US banking assets as Comptroller of the Currency - Mr Ludwig has to protect an industry in remarkably fine fettle.

After recovering from reckless lending and over-expansion in the 1980s, the country's 13,000 banks have more capital than in decades. This gives them a cushion in case they should repeat such mistakes. But it has not stopped Mr Ludwig warning of the new array of dangers they face.

Mr Ludwig was among the first to talk of risks facing banks such as J.P. Morgan and Bankers Trust that dominate trading in derivatives - complex instruments whose value is based in part on that of an underlying financial market. It has brought him an unusually high profile for a Comptroller of the Currency, an influential but traditionally low-profile

and little-understood job. He was appointed by the president in April last year partly because of his experience as a lawyer dealing in bank regulatory issues, and partly for a more obvious reason: having met Bill Clinton as a Rhodes Scholar at Oxford in the late 1960s, be took a law degree at Yale with both Bill and Hillary Clinton.

Mr Ludwig's Office of the Comptroller of the Currency has to fight for recognition partly because there are three other bodies involved in US bank supervision - the Federal Reserve Board, the Office of Thrift Supervision, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-

The Treasury wants to replace this supervisory weh with a single Federal Banking Commission, It has run into opposition from Mr Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, who wants to preserve separate powers for the Fed.

The US debate is unfolding as the future of banking supervision is being called into question. As banks switch towards securities trading and under-writing rather than lending, some question whether super-

visors can keep np. Mr Greenspan has talked of banks having to self-regulate trading activities because of

Old title, modern job

the growing complexity of financial markets. This issue has particular force in the US. Teams of examiners from the Office of the Comptroller work full-time in the largest banks, and their approach has been criticised as hureaucratic and over-prescriptive.

Mr Ludwig disagrees. "In the early 1980s, we saw the view that off-site and minimalist supervision was the best way to ensure growth, and the pendulum swung in that direction. I would not say it caused the problems of banking in the late 1980s, but it certainly exacer-bated them," he says. Nonetheless, his office has

been trying to devise separate approaches for small community banks, and the large banks that operate sophisticated trading operations. The examiners will remain on-site at the latter, but will examine management controls and technology, not individual loans.

He supports the idea mooted by the Basle Committee of banking supervisors from the Group of Ten leading industrial nations, that banks should use their computer models to allocate capital to cover the risks of trading securities and foreign exchange. We are recognising the modern world, and taking advantage of a private sector

capability."

But be is sen-

sitive to the

criticism that

supervisors

may be letting

We have the supervisory talent to understand what banks are doing'

Eugene Ludwig: US Comp-

A second concern is the

long-term decline in the bank-

ing industry - in terms of

financial assets - as companies

have turned to bond and

equity markets for capital

rather than bank loans, while

individuals have saved through mutual funds.

Between 1980 and 1990, banks'

share of financial assets

dropped from 37 to 32 per cent.

its soundness," he says. But be

argues that - provided they do not take excessive risks -

banks should be allowed to

diversify into selliog other

Further, Mr Ludwig says the

fall in assets presents a false

picture, because banks have

concentrated on activities such

as trading securities, which do

not expand balance sheets.

generated fees. The jury is out on whether banking is really in

Banks have very successfully

financial products.

Mr Ludwig

says it is not

his job to

worry ahout the banks' fall-

ing sbare of

assets, "We are

not cheerlead-

industry. We

Probably

troller of the Currency

hanks off lightly: "This can be misunderstood, as if are responsible for maintaining banks are inventing their own capital regime. Instead, he says that banking supervisors worldwide will be "serious" about the criteria for approving the computer models.

As for US banks, Mr Ludwig is not entirely sanguine despite their strong capital and the likelihood that they will record large earnings this year. One reason is the danger that banks will - as he puts it -"take bigger and bigger risks" to maintain their returns on ever-increasing levels of capi-

decline," he says. A more pressing question is the supervision of derivatives, an activity which has expanded to the point where it forms a substantial part of the business of some large OCC-supervised banks. This growth in itself is a warning signal, according to Mr Ludwig.

enin wanted to abolish it. John Major says that he will shrink it.

No US president can get elected without promising

to get it off people's backs.

"It" is the state. And on

London that his ambition was

Despite his good intentions,

unlikely to be any more suc-

cessful than other western

leaders in cutting government

state is bigger now in almost

every country in the Organisa-

tion for Economic Co-operation

and Development than it was 10 years ago.
Even where hits of the UK

state have been sold off, most remain umbilically tied to the

public sector. Privatised utili-

ties such as electricity and

water are largely controlled by

government-appointed regula-tors. British Rail, which is in

the process of being privatised, will depend on public subsidy

Far from shrinking, the state

is becoming more dominant in

the economy. Businesses from

pharmaceuticals to hroadcast-

ing operate in a world where

the regulator giveth and the

The defence industry has

long wallowed in the warm

bath of government contracts.

Now the financial services

industry is being co-opted into

providing pensions, while the City finances public infrastruc-ture and social housing.

There are no signs that the

state's appetite will diminish,

or that voters' demands for it

to provide ever-hetter public

services will abate. Rather

than promising downsizing, Mr Major would have been better

advised to concentrate on the

sort of state he wanted to pro-

vide. There is a gulf between

the Conservatives and the

Labour party on that issue.

and some achievements for the

The public services that the

Conservatives inherited in 1979

offered a standard product, on

a take-it-or-leave-it basis. Like

the model-T Ford, you could

choose any colour so long as it

That was fine in the early

days of the welfare state, when

people were grateful for free

education, a National Health

Service and modern council

bomes to replace slums. But, like car buyers, their aspira-

tions have been raised.

was hlack.

government to brag about.

regulator taketh away.

for the foreseeable future.

to limit its role.

"Like any financial activity in its infancy, or childhood, or maybe young adolescence, it must be subject to a large degree of serious supervision. he says. But in practice, he says he has been "rather impressed by the risk management systems" of the large dealers of derivatives.

Nor is he worried that his staff will be baffled by the complexity of pricing derivatives portfolios. The OCC has recruited a number of deriva-tives specialists from banks -Mr Douglas Harris, the senior deputy comptroller for capital markets, is a former employee

of J.P. Morgan.
"We have the supervisory talent to understand what banks are doing," he says. The talent could be stretched if the dozen banks and securities firms which dominate derivatives lost market share to other banks. In the short term, he believes the high costs of entry are likely to prevent this.

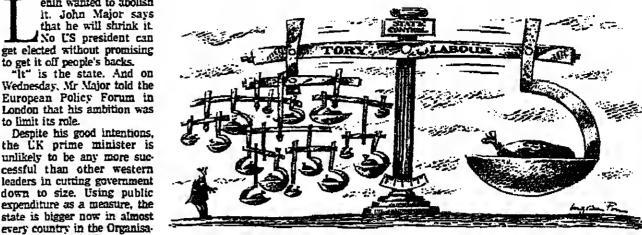
A second pressing question for the OCC - founded by Abraham Lincoln to accompany the formation of nationally chartered banks - is whether it will continue to exist. Mr Ludwig is a firm believer that the time for a single hanking supervisor such as a Federal Banking Commission - is long over-

"Britain gets along quite well with one bank supervisor, so what is the reason to have four?" be asks.

Mr Ludwig argues that the system creates uncertainty and excessive costs for the banks. Banks deal in real time, but it can take them years to get answers from supervisors," be says. In one case, a compromise deal between supervisors led to the doubling of reporting requirements on banks.

If Mr Ludwig has his way in reforming the structure of US bank regulation, the antiquated title of Comptroller of the Currency may soon be con-signed to history. It will happen in an era of immense change for banking supervision, not only within the US, but across global financial markets.

John Gapper options in public services, just



You pay the money and take your choice

as they can in their private consumption. The Conservatives have recognised this in many of their public service reforms, breaking up mono-lithic institutions like the health service and local education authorities. Instead, competing hospitals, schools, coleges and housing associations offer a variety of choices.

There is not a completely free choice, of course. There never is. If you want to huy a washing machine, they are all pretty much the same apart from colour and size. And while most families have a car with four wheels and an engine, not everyone can choose a Rolls-Royce.

But people using public services have some element of choice where there was none before. Public service managers have been given greater freedom to respond to what the customer wants and incentives to encourage them to do so.

Labour still seems ambivalent about this. It worries about some people losing out by making the wrong choices, and that inequalities will result. It opposes the internal market in the health service. saying that competition there is inappropriate. It says that the GP-fundholding scheme, which allows family doctors to shop around for the best treatment on behalf of their patients, is creating a two-tier service. It promises to bring all state schools back under local authority control. Local

authorities would again begin building homes for rent. It is true that some people will make bad decisions, and John Willman

argues for more variety, not cuts, in UK public services

ways of getting more than a fair share. The organisations providing the services may be tempted to cream off the best customers, leaving the most vulnerable in sink schools or with the worst doctors.

But these things happen already. High-quality, free state education is available to those who can afford to move into the right school catchment areas. Articulate folk have always known how to argue their way to the head of any queue. They already benefit disproportionately from the

beyond the wit of policymakers to devise systems that stop some people hogging the resources. Giving extra payments to public services which provide for those who need them most would counteract cream-skimming. More Information and advice may be needed if people are not to make foolish choices.

And there are opportunities for a left-of-centre party to huild on the Conservative reforms in order to advance its egalitarian agenda. Parties like Labour were created to give ordinary people access to opportunities reserved for the

choice in public services would contribute to that end. best services in health and education be reserved for those who can pay for them? This, more than public service

markets in health and education creates an "opt-out" society in which a few can buy the standard of service that many more desire Those private markets cannot be abolished in a free society. But they could be integrated into the public sector if the state bought in their ser-

reforms, creates a two tier soci-

ety. The existence of private

vices so that everyone had access to them. Giving people vouchers to buy their own health and education would further enhance choice, and force schools and health organisations to meet users' needs. Some of Labour's policy advisors have been pressing the party's strategists to develop the Conservative

reforms, not reverse them.

Having studied the reforms in the health service and education, they have seen gains in efficiency and responsiveness. Luckily for Mr Major, Labour shows no signs of listening to such voices. So this allows him to present the Conservatives at the next election as the party that believes in real choice in public services, and Labour as

a party that appears not to.

If he wants to put clear water between the government and the opposition. Mr Major should say less about the doomed objective of reducing the state, and more about making it provide the sort of services that voters aspire to.

Now they want to be able to choose between different privileged. Further extending the middle classes will find LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Fax 071 873 5938. Letters transmitted should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Quality v quantity in investment decisions

From Mr Chris Waites. Sir, Your reports on the Con-federation of British Industry

survey into companies' investment appraisal methods focus on the widespread use of highhurdle rates and/or rapid payback periods ("CBI survey fuels 'short-termism' debate", July 25). Bank of England governor Eddie George and others have suggested that these methods are preventing worth-while investment opportunities ally to provide an arbitrary

from being pursued and constraining economic recovery.

As highlighted at a recent conference sponsored jointly hy the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries, the real issue may be more about the quality of the investment decision making process rather than the quantum of the output.

Where hurdle rates are set at levels well above the cost of

margin for risk. This approach may or may not be limiting the quantity of investment that is taking place. Some secure, hut unspectacular, projects will be rejected in favour of much more speculative ventures that offer the uncertain prospect of a rapid pay-back.
It must be better to allow for

risk in a calculated manner than to seek crude protection through artificially high dis-count rates. There is little

doubt that the quality of investment decisions would be significantly enhanced by the adoption of a more rigorous approach to the identification and analysis of risk, which would enable lower hurdle :rates to be employed.

Chris Waites, managing partner, Bacon & Woodrow, St Olaf House. London Bridge City, London SE1 2PE

Time to stop shooting the investment regulator

From Mr Paul Martin.

Sir, Alison Smith ("Life with a frisky watchdog". July 23/24) provides a useful summary of the current debate about the regulated product environment and the new, and now official, Personal Investment Author-

ity.

However, gripes about today's practice of regulation and doubts about the future effectiveness of the PIA miss the fundamental point, that the primary objective - stronger investor protection - is now being achieved in the UK for two clear reasons.

First, the balance of risk (and the need for protection implies the presence of risk) is moving away from the buying public. Once upon a time they were overly exposed, being expected to comprehend complex financial products and cope with the super salesforces trying to push them. Now, as the pendulum swings towards the supply side, businesses have realised that core income streams are at risk if laws are broken. Under the new equilib- Leeds LS1 INS

rium, corporate finance will suffer, rather than personal finance.

Second, the subject of compliance risk management is now firmly on the agenda in many boardrooms. That will lead to better governance and therefore better "balanced" performance of investment business in the future, restoring confidence in a vital sector of the economy.

The PIA still has work to do to come to terms with the spectrum of risk which it now oversees for private investors. But far from firing shots at the new regulator as it takes to the air (even if it isn't the most aerodynamic vessel and has only mere humans at the controls). surely the time has come to wish all concerned a safe and pleasant flight. Paul M Martin,

group planning, control and compliance officer. Leeds Permanent Building Society,

Permanent House 1 Lovell Park Road,

I'd opt for Schwarzenegger

From Mr David Coleman. Slr, Helen Chadwick is "witty", says your correspon-dent, Antony Thorncroft (Arts: "In praise of a joyful return to the basics". July 23/24). A woman who urinates in the snow and calls it art ... is

Call me old-fashioned, call me blinkered, repressed, or unimaginative, but I don't regard urinating in snow as witty, nor is it art. It is most probably a public health risk. or the act of someone with himlted bladder control. If you disagree with me then please attempt your own witticism at the desk of your local constabulary and let me know of the resulting critical acclaim.

Sorry, Mr Thorncroft, but to horrow from the Financial Times' cartoonist, Banx, if this is your idea of culture then "excuse me while I reach for my Arnold Schwarzenegger David Coleman,

13 Greyhound Road,

London W6 8NH

ment managers, as their agents, have the same duty. Thus philanthropic gestures by institutional investors towards key executives simply cannot be contemplated.

involved.

the largest shareholder.

There could be only two pos-

sible explanations for his

behaviour: either philanthropy

or the belief that this action

motivation of these executives.

Whichever reason applies, Mr

Kindersley has chosen to bear all the dilution himself and he

is, of course, perfectly entitled

to make this decision. Mr

Kindersley's suggestion that

institutions wrongly helieve

that share option schemes are

"some sort of dilution" is odd.

Share options very definitely

involve a form of dilution and

hefore permitting their hold-

ings to be diluted, institutional

investors have a legal ohliga-tion, no less, to think very seri-

ously ahout the issues

Trustees of pension schemes have a fiduciary duty to their beneficiaries and their invest-

will enhance the loyalty and

The only grounds upon

No place for philanthropy in provision of share options for executives From Mr Geoff Lindey.
Sir, The subject of executive which institutional investors

can contemplate the dilution of their shareholding is if they compensation in general and share option schemes in particbelieve that this action will ular is characterised by an excess of emotion and a dearth produce behaviour which is likely at the very least to compensate for that dilution. of logic. Sadly, some of the comments quoted in your That is precisely why the article about Dorling Kinder NAPF, in conjunction with the sley's unusual share option Association of British Insurers. scheme are very muddled ("Publisher shares his wealth at the office", July 26). What issued its share scheme guidance which requires performance criteria in share option Peter Kindersley has chosen to schemes which will engender a do is to make a gift to a numcoincidence of interest between ber of senior executives of the company of which he is by far

investors and management. Furthermore, by being nonprescriptive the guidance deliberately empowers remuneration committees to identify the performance criteria which they believe are appropriate and, I earnestly hope, to articulate to investors why these criteria are appro-

priate. There is one area where I personally feel useful dialogue between industry and investors could be opened. If executives could be encouraged through liberalisation of the amount, phasing and timing of options to retain their shares rather than selling them immediately after the exercise of their options they would be welcome converts to the spirit of long-termism which most institutions practise. It seems to me that such liberalisation might well be to the advantage of both shareholders and man-

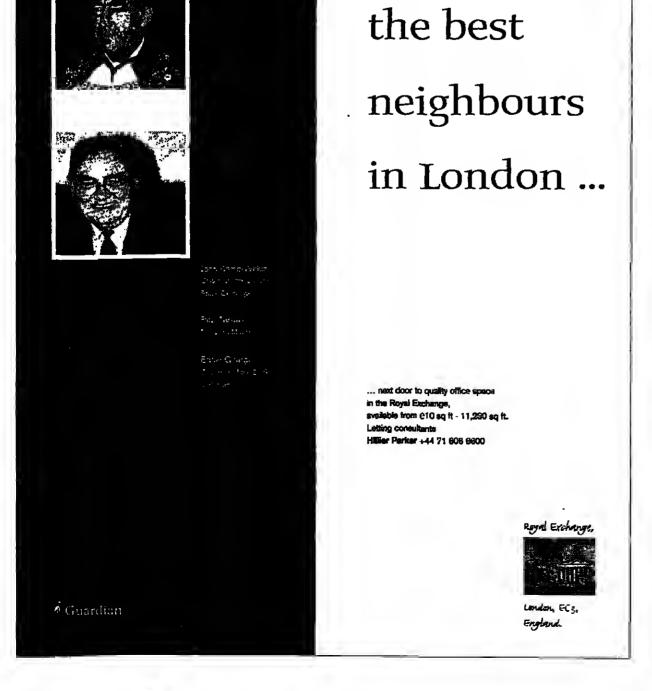
G M Lindey, chairman. National Association of Pension Funds

12-18 Grosvenor Gardens,

London SWIW ODH

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FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: 071-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: 071-407 5700 Friday July 29 1994

Watered-down In the run up to yesterday's review of water pricing, the industry's plea that it needed a real rate of return on capital of 9.5 per cent to finance new investment. However in settling on a figure of 5-6 per cent, he has left the companies' ability to regulation

William

17. ·

A FAMILY OF

the industry's 1989 privatisation, comes at a crucial time for tha water companies and their regulatory regime. Since privatisation, water and sswerage bills bave risen annually by more than 5 per cent, on top of inflation. The rises have been driven by the spending needed to modernise miles of crumbling sewers and water mains, and by the companies' legal obligations to comply with European environmental rules. But they bave provoked anger among customers, not least because of the large hikes in water :hairmen's salaries.

Mr Ian Byatt, Ofwat's directorgeneral, has dona a good, tough, job in tackling one of the two nain tasks of the review: setting the size of the capital spending programme which can be passed on to customers over the next decade. He has allowed only £24bn, several billion pounds less than the industry had demanded He has also performed a valuable service in taking a closer look at the likely cost of European rules than any politician cared to do before giving Britain's backing to the directives. His conclusion that the industry has overstated the potential costs by billions of pounds - is surely right. He has concluded, too, that companies can cut operating costs by some 14 per cent in real terms by 2005. However Mr Byatt has been

unnecessarily generous in the

review's second task of setting the

has left the companies' ability to service their debt in a comfortable state, as a relieved stock market indicated yesterday. Return on total capital, now running at 13 per cent, is likely to fall to about 7 per cent over 10 years. Moreover, analysts are still expecting dividends to rise by some 4 per cent annually in real terms. Unsurprisingly, only one company, South West Water, had indicated by last night that it would ask the Monopolies and Mergers Commission to examine Ofwat's ruling.

Mr Byatt is vulnerable to the

charge that sbareholders have been treated too generonsly, as they were in 1989. He rightly ed that he is a public servant, not a politician. The ques-tion, however, is whether the formulas are as tough as they could have been. Yet the review does highlight questions, beyond Ofwat's remit, which must be tackled if the burden is to be distributed more fairly. One is the extent of regional disparities: areas with long coastlines, such as the south west, are forced to pay a disproportionate amount. A second is whether polluting indus-tries should not foot more of the clean-up bill.

Those questions need to be addressed by ministers. Their squeamishness is understandable, since water is political poison. The review has not changed that: households still face a highly regressive, rising tar. The government cannot, however, devolve to the regulator the entire question annual price rises. He rightly paid of who should pay for clean water.

Indian reform

India's capacity to respond to economic crisis is remarkable. What is more questionable is the country's willingness to persist with tough reforms once a crisis has been overcome. There is an inclination towards complacency. if not sloth, instead. As the International Monetary Fund warns in this year's annual report, that is the risk India is running now.

Much has been achieved since the country found itself on the verge of a default on its foreign debt in June 1991. The exchange rate has been floated; trade and industrial policy regimes liberalised: financial sector and tax systems reformed; inflow of foreign capital encouraged; and the financial year 1993-94, the current account deficit had disappeared, as export performance improved (and the economy entered a period of slow growth). Simultaneously, an unexpectedly large inflow of private foreign capital led to a rapid increase in foreign exchange reserves, to some seven months of imports by the end of last financial year. The crisis had indeed been overcome.

For all that further reform is vital. Among the biggest remaining problems is the inefficiency of public enterprise. Of the central government's 237 active industrial enterprises, 104 lost a total of Rs39.5bn (£1.9bn) in the year to

the rest were inadequate, the total return on capital being a mere 2.4 per cent. Yet public enterprises employ 46 per cent of the capital stock and dominate essential industries, such as transport, tele-communications, banking, oil and

electric power.

Probably the main reason for the failure to privatise public enterprise - and, indeed, to deregulate the labour market itself - is fear of organised labour, Yet the proportion of the labour force working in the public sector is a mere 6 per cent. The privileges of this tiny minority are being supported at the expense of the population as a whole.

Equally bad, there has been a nomic front. Last financial year the fiscal deficit was over 7 per cent of gross domestic product. not 4.7 per cent, as had been planned. There is growing concern that the deficit will not fall fast enough, while inflation has reared its head once more.
It is not that Indian reform is to

be written off, still less that another crisis is round the corner. The danger, instead, is that enough may only have been done to bring Indian economic growth over the rest of the decade to some 5-6 per cent, at best. This is not good enough for the future of India's impoverished multitudes. What is needed is more ambition March 1993. The profits of most of and less toleration of mediocrity.

UK Telecoms

It lacked the razzmatazz of the Clinton administration's "superhighways" rbetoric, but the vision for the future of inter-active telecommunications services set out this week by the House of Commons trade and industry committee was just as arresting.

The committee raised the spec-tre of Britain being left behind by the US and Japan if it fails to invest in taking fibre-optics into local telecoms networks. It placed the onus for building such a network squarely, and rightly, on the private sector, which is well able to finance telecoms investments.

It would be a mistake to believe that the UK is in fact languishing. On the contrary, it is up with the leaders. BT's long-distance network is entirely libre-optic, sa is a high proportion of its local business connections. Cable operators are building local fibre and coaxial networks with inter-active capacity across most of Britain. Within two years, as much as 35 per cent of the mainland population will be covered by cable franchises.

The competition which cable operators are bringing to UK telecoms is good for customers, good for innovation and good for British Telecommunications, wblch remains overwhelmingly dominant a decade after privatisation. It was to encourage such competi-tion that in 1991 the government gave an undertaking not to allow BT to carry broadcast entertainment to domestic subscribers until

BT claims that the ban is delaying investment it would otherwise

make in local fibre-optic systems, and parades itself as the only operator able to build an integrated UK superhighway. Seeking to balance BT's claims with the needs of the cable industry for start-up protection, the trade and industry committee has proposed a timetable for ending the BT entertainment ban which would leave the company free to compete across the board by 2003. BT's claims need to be taken

with a pinch of salt. It is already investing beavily in local fibre networks, and would be foolish not to do so given the range of business and domestic inter-active services not covered by the ban. It would be a serious loss to the UK if steps were taken which undermined the capacity of cable opera-tors to fund their business plans. It is nonetheless in the interests

of all parties, and the country at large, that a clear timetable be established for allowing open competition in domestic entertainment. The detail of the committee's recommendation is problematic, but its broad thrust in favour of ending the ban by 2003, and earlier in places where cable companies are well-estab lished, is eminently reasonable. It would give the UK the benefit of state-of the art networks and a competitive regime likely to make

best use of them. The onus is now on the government to adopt that course, it can-not bide behind Oftel, the telecoms regulator. This is a matter of public policy requiring a govern-

he ambition of Mr Vaclav Klaus, the Czech prime minister to transform the former communist state into "a normal. standard country" was taken a step forward with the recent upgrading of the Czech Republic's credit rating by the US agency Standard and Poor. But the move is, ironically

root. But the move is, numery, likely to encourage foreign capital inflows to a cantral bank already suffering an embarrus de richesse.

Few would have predicted this 18 months ago when the Czech Republic, formed after the divorce from Standing in January 1993 was fac-Slovakia in January 1993, was fac-ing an outflow of funds and hastily raising Japanese yen and US dollar loans to bolster reserves.

Since then the Republic has found markets in the west to compensate for a sharp decline in exports to Slovakia and has returned to economic growth after four years of declining gross domestic product. The republic is now perceived as politically and economically the most stable of the post-communist states. As a result, Mr Jozef Tošovsky, governor of the Czech National Bank, has faced an uphill struggle over the past nine months to neu-tralise the inflationary potential of increasing foreign inflows.

"Without our open market operations (issuing treasury hills) to mop up these funds, money supply would have broken through the nominal 14 per cent annual M2 growth target consistent with 2 per cent real GDP growth and 10 per cent inflation," says Mr Tosovsky. "The central bank has taken in \$1.8bn since the start of the year and we expect this to rise to \$3bn before the year is out," he says.

The central bank now believes its forecast of 2 per cent GDP growth this year probably understates private sector growth. But independent foreign forecasters, such as Deutsche Bank research, are sticking to a modest 1 per cent growth, against 3.5 per cent for Poland. The capital inflow, which has

een net official reserves rise from \$3.87bm in late 1993 to \$5.18bn in mid-July, has sparked off a sharp policy debate over the role of foreign investment and the timetable for making the Czech currency, the koruna, fully convertible for both investment and trade purposes.

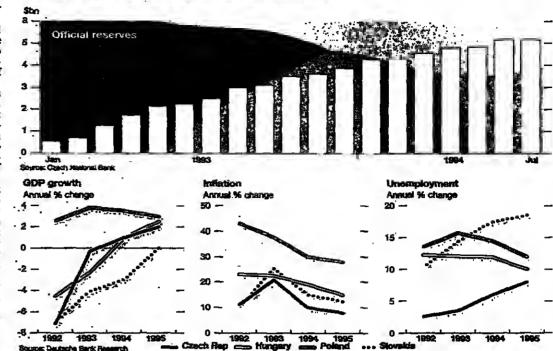
Faced with potentially destabilising inflows of foreign capital the central bank is arguing for a tighter fiscal policy which would result in a budget surplus rather than the current balanced budget. It is also pressing for full convertibility of the Czech koruna by 1995, although this would increase the attraction of the republic for foreign investors.

Mr Klaus, who dominates govern-ment economic policy making, is more cautious. He likens full convertibility to jumping out of an aircraft without a parachute. He wants

Too much of a good thing

The Czech Republic is experiencing the problems of post-communist success, says Anthony Robinson

Czech Republic: embarrassment of riches



controls over capital movements until the domestic banking system is better able to compete with foreign banks and newly privatised enterprises have been revitalised by their new owners and managers.

What worries Mr Klaus is that much of the current inflow of foreign capital takes the form of foreign bank loans to Czech companies. He argues companies should take on foreign loans only when fully privatised and in the hands of managers experienced enough to take on such debt and take sophisticated investment decisions. The self-confident and outspoken

Mr Klaus has taken an increasingly tough line on foreign investment. He is a critic of foreign advisers as "purveyors of soft advice for hard currency" and castigates would-be foreign investors who seek favourable treatment from the government which would put them at an advantage over domestic competitors.

anger over Volkswagen's failure to consult his government, still majority shareholder in the Skoda/Volkswagen joint venture, before down-grading its investment plans and cancelling a large foreign loan.

Mr Klaus' outspoken views, cou-pled with delays and confusion over the future role of foreign oil companies, have given an impression that the newly confident Czechs are becoming more ambivalent, if not hostils, to foreign investment. It is an impression Mr Klaus

sought to dispel at a meeting with senior executives from Siemens, the German electrical engineering group, in Prague this month. He assured them he was in favour of foreign investment, but drew a distinction between foreign equity investment by western companies and financial inflows into Czech companies that may have been privatised bot not yet restructured.

Policy makers at the central bank are keenly aware of the irony of

their situation. They are gratified that sound money policies, low for-eign debt and political stability are attracting equity investment and reducing dependence on international financial institutions. Earlier this year the central bank even repaid in advance a \$430m International Monetary Fund loan facility not due until 1995. But faced with rising foreign capital inflows they worry that the economy is not yet ready to absorb it.

It is clearly better to be at the receiving end of foreign capital inflows than suffer an uncontrollable canital flight such as Russia. Ukraine and other former communist economies.

Liks other former communist states the Czech Republic has a huge backlog of much-needed infrastructure development in transport and telecommunications, housing and the like, Thousands of new or newly privatised companies also need fresh capital which the domes-

tic commercial banks remain reluctant to loan until the companies establish a reliable track record. The debate is about how to make the economy better able to absorb the newly available foreign capital.
Until now the emphasis of Czech

economic policy has been on monetary stabilisation, fiscal reform and privatisation. The question is bow far policy priorities can shift towards faster growth without re-igniting inflation. Price rises dropped to 9.4 per cent on an annual basis in May against 22 per cent in 1993 when inflation jumped following the introduction of value-added tax at a basic rate on most goods of 23

one option under review is to speed up the rate of bankruptcies among loss-making enterprises and live with bigher unemployment. Until now industrial wage rates bave been kept artificially low. under 10 per cent of German labour costs, by an ostensibly free-market government which imposes penal taxation on companies raising

wages above inflation.
This policy has belped ensure that a large-scale transfer of labour to the booming private sector has occurred without the high and potentially destabilising transitional unemployment secompany ing market reforms in Poland and Hungary, and looming in Russia.

remains below 4 per cent for two reasons. First, low wages have reduced the pressure to close loss-making enterprises. ensuring that thousands of under employed workers still remain officially employed. Second, hundreds of thousands of jobs have been created in tourism, banking, retailing and services of all kinds.

The sceptics argue that artifi cially low wages and the government's reluctance to implement a tough bankruptcy law merely perpetuate bidden unemployment inside loss-making factories which have also survived by piling up unpaid inter-enterprise debts.

A tougher approach to bankruptcies would expose the full extent of the problem. So would tighter surveillance of bank lending. As foreign funds flow in and the

private sector in an increasingly service orientated economy expands, the Czecb authorities are under pressure to enforce fully the plethora of banking, securities and other new laws.

Foreign fund managers like Mr Nigel Williams of Creditanstalt, the Austrian based bank, in Prague, say that giving substance to laws and teeth to the new regulatory bodies is essential, if the foreign capital inflow is to be sustained and used to build the "standard" economy sought by Mr Klaus.

What the IMF should advise Ukraine



governments and institutions are finally getting their act together over Ukraine. The Group of Seven industrial PERSONAL nations wisely view announced at their

Western

expect more than \$4bn once it adopts meaningful economic reforms. When Ukraine's voters ditched do-nothing President Leonid Kravchuk and elected Leonid Kuchma, the G7 announcement suddenly opened the way to concrete

While International Monetary Fund managing director, Michel Camdessus, has rightly opted to press the western case by making an early call in Kiev on the new president, one big problem remains: the IMF advice itself, in particular its monetary policy.

The most urgent question facing the IMF - whether in Ukraine, Russia, Kazakhstan or elsewhere – is how to help a bankrupt government trying to end high inflation. The IMF's approach is straightforward - sharp cuts in the budget deficit, a low target growth of the money sup-ply, high real interest rates, and a floating exchange rate. But while these policies will end high inflation in the long run, they almost invariably lead to an unnecessarily deep recession; indeed, often to a reversal of the policies themselves, as recent history in Ukraine and other former Soviet Union countries confirms. The IMF has always blamed the governments for not fol-

cant role in these failures. There is a better way. Stabilisations in Israel in 1985, Bolivia in 1986, Mexico in 1987, Poland in 1990, Argentina in 1991 and Estonia in 1992 have been based on a different principle. These governments recognised that low money growth was not enough. It was also necessary to bolster expectations of low inflation and to raise confidence in the money, in order to raise money holdings and to reverse capital flight. This was accomplished by a strong government commitment to a stable exchange rate, at least for

several months, together with other

lowing through, not recognising

that its advice has played a signifi-

fiscal, monetary and privatisation measures along normal IMF lines. Exchange rate stabilisation serves several key functions in ending high inflation. It directly limits price increases in tradeable goods, thereby providing a "nominal anchor" to the price level. It ties the government to a highly visible target. It co-ordinates expectations around a common

Countries committed to a pegged exchange rate have done better than those allowing their rate to float

standard. It raises confidence in the currency, especially when the pegged rete is backed by international resources or gold, as in the case of most of the highly successful programmes.

Countries making s clear commit-ment to a pegged exchange rate have done much better than countrles simply allowing their exchange rate to float. Most recently, in the Baltics, the pegger, Estonia, outperformed the floaters. Latvia and Lithuania, until the latter countries relented and adopted Estonia's approach earlier this year. The notable stabilisation pro-

grammes of the past decade -Israel, Bolivia, Poland, Argentina were usually carried out despite the currency board system was launched over the heated initial objections of the IMF staff, though finally with IMF support when a went ahead undeterred. Estoni

The IMF's poor monetary advice continues on seeming auto-pilot. Last week, it approved a bizarre programme for Kyrgyzstan. Ths Kyrgyz budget deficit is a respectable 4 per cent of gross domestic product but inflation is above 100 per cent, because of a lack of confidence in, and a continuing flight from, the new national currency. Remarkably, the Kyrgyz money supply is 3 per cent of gross domestic prodoct, so slight is the confidence in the money! The situation cries out for a defence of the currency, backed by an international stabilisation fund. Instead, the IMF

plan calls for more budget cuts, and a further decline in the ratio of money to GDP. Even the IMF's own research department concluded last December that the "exchange rate anchor" can "enhance the credibility of stabilisation initiatives".

There are still chances, though Ukraine, Russia, Kazakhstan, Kyrg-vzstan and elsewhere are all led by presidents prepared to push strong reforms, and to wrestle with parliamentary resistance. The G7 and Mr Camdessus bave taken important steps to make the western support more active and timely. Now the goodwill must be backed up with good ideas - currency stabilisation supported by IMF and international resources. Renewed confidence in the national currencies in these countries would be a crucial step to a renewed confidence in economic reforms and in a democratic future.

Jeffrey D Sachs

The author is Galen T Stone professor of international trade, Harvard

Barking for bread

With 50 companies in line for flotation, the seven members of Greece's capital markets committee. watchdog for the Athens bourse, are not heading to the beach. But their diligence goes unrewarded. They started work last December,

following the passage of a new law giving them significantly sharper teeth, but the long-suffering regulators have yet to see a drachma in remuneration. To add insult to injury, the committee is still stuck in dingy, cramped offices in the economics ministry, even though it was given full independence and, theoretically, its own premises.

Far from being a socialist ruse to block measures inspired by the previous conservative regime, the delay seems to be down to good old-fashioned bureauctacy. The decree defining the salary scale awaits the president's signature. So the ex-bankers, lawyers and university professors will be living off their savings for a while yet. Nothing gets signed in August.

Mirabile dictu

■ When fund managers Jupiter Tyndali Merlin put former chancellor Norman Lamont on the board of two of their Far Eastern investment trusts, the spiel was

that he would lend prestige in a part of the world where any old ex-chancellor prompts much bowing and scraping.

Now Eurosceptic Lamout, he of the ERM crisis, has popped up on the board of the same outfit's European trust. Fund manager Richard Pease had to sdmit the chancellor would not be accompanying him when he goes avisiting his continental

But his presence will lend a certain symmetry to the board. Of the six directors, half are now old Rothschild contemporaries. Not only is John Craig, ex banking head at Rothschild the trust's chairman. But James Roe,

who worked in investments with Lamont before the latter came to Westminster, is also a director.

Slow coaches

■ The six Kässbohrers who hold stakes in the century-old family bus maker have little to celebrate over the company's impending sale to Mercedes.
They missed a fat chance in 1988

when Canada's Bombardier offered DM100m for 25 per cent of the enterprise and an option on the Since the business was having

one of its better years, they refused the balt, despite urgings from the chairman Heinz Ahrens. Rich in tradition, Kässbohrer has long been racked by family feuds

OBSERVER



garden to be able to calculate your

and general interference. Now it has finally come to a sale, the family members must await their turn behind 30 odd banks owed a tidy DM700m. The company ran up against the

crash barrier at the beginning of this year, as executives returned to the lenders, yet another begging bowl in hand.

After years of trying to shift the family's implacable opposition to takeover, Ahrens had been stung by seeing his own joh advertised last November and was already making for the emergency exit.

At the same time, a works

assembly in Ulm treated the family

rescuer in. And so, it emerged, did Led by Bayerische Hypo, they

agreed to new credits to help the company over the hump, on condition the family ceded control. Trustees held their stakes whils the manoeuvring got under way.

Now Mercedes is meeting the banks, leaving the family bovering in the station waiting room.

to a public roasting, and made clear

they wanted the family out and a

Cheers

■ The UK beer industry, struggling to stem the flow of duty-free continental European imports. should raise a glass to John Major's choice of David Heathcoat-Amory

as paymaster general. The former foreign office minister's uncle Derick was, after all, one of the very few British chancellors - Sir Stafford Cripps being another - to have cut tax on beer excises. In April 1959, he lifted a whole tuppence off per pint. Good to hear one minister has

duty-cutting in the genes. Iri comes again

No one was more surprised than

Michele Tedeschi himself when he was chosen to chair Iri, Italy's giant state holding company. He hadn't been gone long. It was only last year that the

54-year-old lawyer was pushed

sideways from the chief executive slot at Iri and sent to manage Stet. the telecoms utility. At that time, the Ciampi government had hauled back Prof Romano Prodi. the Bologna economist, to act as chairman of Iri and accelerate privatisation

There is a bit of a pattern here, because Prodi was also a repeat performance, having been in charge of Iri between 1982 and 1989. First time around be felt his political masters had obstructed plans for proper reform.

At his next shot, he only had 12

months before the Berlusconi government took office, whereupon be left, expressing his fears that the new rightwing coalition would allow him insufficient rein. In being recalled, this time as

overall boss, Tedeschi sees himself as s technocrat who has spent more than 25 years working in-house at But his is also a political

appointment and his fate is likely to be tied to that of the government.

Verbal strain

British Rail officials taking a break from running trains seem to be developing a way with words. The gate to platform 12 at London's Waterloo has been recast as the "check in" for "Britainshrinkers". Any suggestions as to why clever-sticks Orwellian allusions should placate long-suffering passengers (sorry, customers)?



FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday July 29 1994



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Office rents in emerging east outstrip west's financial centres

By Andrew Taylor in London

Rents for city offices in China and Vietnam have risen sharply this year to become some of the most expensive in the world as international companies seek footholds in rapidly emerging

Accommodation is in such short supply that some companies are working from hotels and town houses.

Rents in Shanghai, Beijing, Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City have outstripped leading financial centres such London, Paris, New York and Frankfurt, according to a study by international property consultants Richard Ellis. Only Tokyo and Hong Kong Ellis is currently operating out

of rooms in the Beijing Toronto hotel in China's capital. It says the pace of new development has been insufficient to satisfy growing demand from international

Rents in Shanghai and Beiling have rocketed by 30 per cent in the past six months alone. The shortage of space has left "a number of foreign businesses operating from hotel rooms," says the agent.

Hotel rooms also have been converted into office space in Guangzhou, where rents have risen by 9 per cent in the past six

months. In Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City in Vietnam companies have been forced to rent town houses, villas and hotels.

A total of 1,500 foreign compa-

nies are housed in just 10 dedi-cated office huildings in Shanghai, China's main financial centre, where some of the coun-try's biggest property developments are under way. Cities in East Asia account for

eight out of the 11 most expensive office locations according to the agent, which compared accommodation costs in 45 husi-

Most expensive was the inner central district of Tokyo where rents of £98.32 a sq ft increased to

£111.67 after service charges and property taxes. Total costs in Hong Kong were £97.05 a sq ft.

London remains the third most expensive city with total occupation costs of £68.71 a sq ft in the West End and £61.88 in the City but this does not include rentfree periods and other inducements offered to tenants in a market which until recently remained very depressed. Also, property taxes are expected to

fall sharply in London next year. Paris was the eighth most expensive location and midtown New York was the 13th in the rankings with total property costs of £47.72 and £38.85 a sq ft,

US plan for textile imports attacked

Asian textiles and clothing exporters and US retailers and garment producers are protesting at a proposed change in US rules of origin for textiles imports which, they say, could seriously disrupt international trade and

The proposal, which has received backing in Congress, would rewrite US customs rules by defining products' origin according to the country where they are "assembled", instead of where they are cut.

Hong Kong, one of the exporters most at risk, said yesterday

US commitments under the Uruguay Round trade deal. It also challenged the recent agreement to phase ont the Multi-Fibre Arrangement, which

restricts world textiles trade. The Hong Kong government has joined the governments of Australia and of members of the Association of South East Asian Nations in writing to US administration officials and congressional leaders to express their con-

They are lobbying closely with the US Association of Importers of Textiles and Apparel, whose members include jeans manufacturer Levi-Strauss, fashion house Liz Claiborne and The Limited, a

The proposal, strongly sup-ported by US textiles and clothing makers, has been approved in principle by the House of Representatives' powerful ways and means committee as part of its draft Uruguay Round implementing legislation. The Senate finance committee is considering a similar amendment.

Officially, the US administration has adopted a neutral stance towards these moves, which could upset existing arrangements under which textiles produced in one country are shipped to another to be made into clothing and then exported as a product of the first country.

Opponents fear that would

put abruptly between national quotas imposed under the MFA and could lead to higher tariffs on some US imports.

Ms Laura Jones, of the US importers' association, said the proposal would particularly affect Hong Kong, which sends large amounts of textiles to be processed in China, whose US textiles quota is already filled.

The proposal would move US rules of origin closer to those used by the EU. Unlike the EU. the US at present uses different rules of origin for different types of producis. The US Treasury is considering plans to standardise its rules, though it is unclear how this move would fit in with the proposals in Congress.

require exporters to switch out-Moscow pledge on share deals Berlusconi's

Continued from Page 1

to Mr Gusev, not registered itself with the finance ministry, in spite of a law which ohliges all companies which issue more than Rhslhn of shares to do so mates that it sold Rbs4hn of shares each day, according to Mr Andrei Vavilov, the first deputy finance minister.

Nor has it responded to requests from the antitrust committee for interviews, according to Mr Leonid Bochin, head of that committee. Meanwhile, Mr

Oleg Soskovets, first deputy prime minister, criticised officials for splitting up control of the

securities market. The huge crowd of people round its headquarters swelled overnight - though most the warm Moscow sun. Touts were passing through the crowd offering around Rhs80,000-Rbs90,000 for MMM shares as the hlack market price rose from around Rbs40,000-Rbs50,000 after company spokesmen promised that outlets would reopen today with Rbs125,000 to be offered for

the shares - up from Rbs115,000, last week's price.

the crowd might turn violent was clearly present in ministers' minds. A representative of the Consumers' Federation advised its collapse would mean that "total responsibility for It would fall on the government"

Mr Sergei Mivrodi, the elusive MMM chairman, has threatened to mobilise his claimed 10m shareholders to force a referendum on the future of the govern-

the nuns carry small jerry cans of water which are filled each

day from a Red Cross water

the children who were dragged

away from the convent by Hutu

militia, or the bombs that fell on

believe Hutu and Tutsi can live

together again, they shrug and

When asked whether they

their house.

look away.

The nuns will not speak about

Mr Paolo Berlusconi is one of

Mr Sciascia's confessions that Mr Paolo Berlusconi was implicated for allegedly approving the pay

Milan magistrates were yester he entered politics in January

brother Continued from Page 1 However, the possibility that

weeks ago the coalition introduced a decree which limited the judiciary's powers to use preven-

were then investigating the prime minister's Fininvest media empire, threatened to resign – a threat largely responsible for forcing the government to withdraw the decree five days later.

four people linked with Fininvest against whom arrest warrants have been issued since Friday. Only one of them, Mr Salvatore Sciascia, the head of the group's tax and accounting department, has handed himself in.

It was largely on the basis of ment of money to members of the Guardia di Finanza between 1989

day seeking to establish the precise managerial role played by Mr Silvio Berlusconi while he was head of Fininvest and before this year. They are also investiga-ting his ownership of cable television channel Teleptu.

Smell of death lingers in Kigali

Continued from Page 1

distinctions that divided us in the past."
The less affluent return on

foot. A constant trickle of peasants arrive in the capital each day in search of food and shelter. They head for the markets. where there is a brisk trede in looted goods: ampicillin, radios and vintage claret are on sale alongside small mounds of tomatoes, chilli peppers and sweet potatoes. The centre of town is

Europe today

Sweden and Finland.

quiet, save for the sound of brooms sweeping away the debris of war. A few shops have reopened, but they have little to

> Orphanages have multiplied since April, as the Red Cross and other relief agencies rescued chil-dren from houses in which all the adults had been killed. The con-

vent of the Sisters of Mercy. founded by Mother Teresa of Calcutta, looks after more than 200

What has happened in Rwanda has been a test of their faith. Those who are old enough help FT WEATHER GUIDE

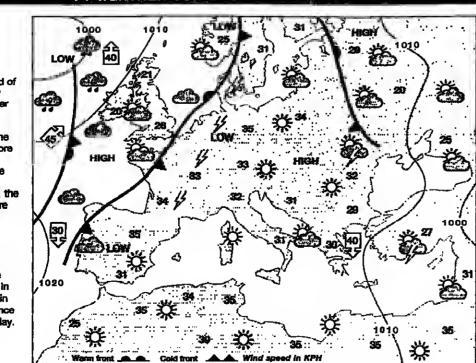
A near stationary cold front surrounded by clouds will stretch from north-west Spain through the North Sea towards Denmark. ed rain and thundery showers ahead of the front will bring the likelihood of a heavy downpour over Denmark. Further north, near record temperatures of 31C will persist in

It will be cooler in coastal areas and over the British Isles. Temperatures will reach no more than 25C in the London area. It will be rainy over Northern Ireland and the

Stiffing heat will continue in central Europe, the interior of Spain and southern France, where calm winds will combine with afternoon

temperatures of nearly 35C. Five-day forecast

Showery conditions are expected over the British Isles, Western Europe overall will be cooler by Sunday but it will become hotter in central Europe, with strong thunderstorms in the Alps. A heavy downpour is likely in France and the Low Countries on Sunday or Monday. Northern Europe and the Baitic states will remain exceptionally warm.



TODAY'S TEMPERATURES



No other airline flies to more cities in Eastern Europe. Lufthansa

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Byatt leaves the tap on

Mr Ian Byatt, the water industry regulator, will take more flak from environmental groups than from the City after yesterday's price review.

Most of the 10 privatised water and
sewerage companies should be able to
deliver real dividend growth of perhaps 3-4 per cent through the second half of the decade. That should satisfy even the institutions which had urged the industry to stand its ground. Cash flows should support capital spending without pushing gearing to uncomfortable levels or prompting rights issues. Yesterday's rally in the sector is more than justified.

Yet not all the companies have benefitted equally. Mr Byatt's trick of pleasing investors while keeping water bills relatively low has been achieved by paring capital expenditure to the bone and setting demanding efficiency targets. Companies that anticipated this by trying to keep capital spending low (in the case of Welsh) or being rigorous in pursuit of efficiency (especially North West) have been rewarded. South West, which asked the regulator to sanction large increases in household bilis to fund an ambitious capital programme, has come off worst.

Even if it misjudged the regulatory game, though, South West has reason to feel hard done by. Its appeal to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission will he on the basis that spending allowed by the regulator - barely 40 per cent of what the company asked for - is insufficient to meet legal ohligations. But the real fight will be over

Mr Byatt's methodology.
His approach in assessing the capital value of the companies at flotation - market capitalisation less cash - is particularly cruel to South West, which was endowed with cash to cover its particularly large environmental spending needs. It gives an initial value of around £150m (\$232.5m), which looks unrealistically low and therefore exaggerates its actual return on capital. The MMC must decide whether to overturn a methodology which produced roughly the right answer in nine out of 10 cases.

Sainsbury/Wm Low

J. Sainshury's £210m hid for Wm Low is cleverly pitched. Having crunched the numbers, Sainshury share would give It a serious chance of winning without threatening earnings dilution. Had the offer been any lower. Tesco would have had no hesi-



tation in rushing in again. Had it been any higher, the market would have worried that Sainsbury had dropped its trolley. It is curious that Sainsbury did not seek Low's approval. Then again, unless Tesco responds, Low has no option but to accept given that Sainsbury's bid is all cash and some 36 per cent above the original offer. The market assumes Tesco will raise

93

the stakes again. Low's shares closed 19p above Sainsbury's offer price. But Tesco would have to work hard to justify re-entering the fray at that level. Arguably Low is worth more to Sainsbury because of the latter's smaller presence in Scotland and lack of distribution facilities. Sainshury may also be able to recoup more money from selling on some of Low's smaller stores while Tesco appears committed to trading from all of them.

What follows will be an test of the industry's claims to maturity. In recent years, similar, if more private, auctions were conducted around the country as grocery chains hid up superstore sites to ridiculous prices. The sums involved for Low are small and the penalty for overpaying would not be great. If hidding goes higher, the market may nevertheless attach more credit to the company that walks away than the one that wins.

Sterling's periodic bouts of weakness in the past couple of days, which took it down to DM2.4050 at one stage caught up in UK interest rate fever. On the surface this looks odd. A competitive exchange rate and economic recovery in the UK's leading export of payments problems. The economy is growing nicely and though there are some signs of future inflation, they are as yet a matter of nuance. There is little tangible evidence that price rises

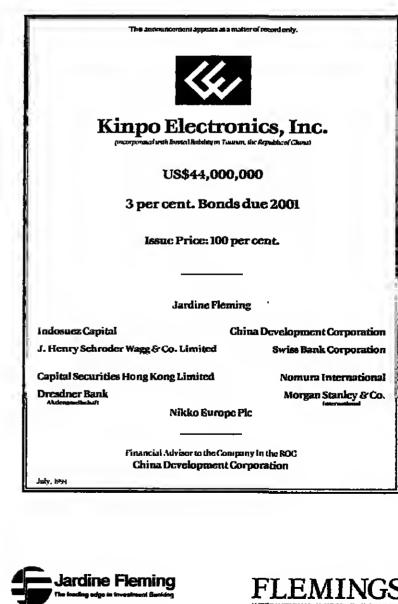
are already accelerating.
Yet the exchange market would have grounds for concern if the authorities botch the turn in interest rates. Poor demand from domestic institutions for this week's gilts auction is a stark reminder that the government needs foreign capital to cover its deficit. That means maintaining sterling's attraction, and hy somo yardsticks short-term rates are unnat-

Three-month interest rates on D-Marks and sterling are roughly level, but on average over the past 20 years sterling rates have been some 4 percentage points higher. The UK's progress in curbing inflation may be commendable but it is surely not enough to eliminate this premium altogether. The Bank of England's inflation report next Tuesday will provide another insight into inflationary expectations. If It paints a gloomy picture, the exchange market may demand interest rate action sooner rather than later.

Yesterday's half-year figures from ICI were better than the modest rise in the shares suggests. The company has outperformed the stock market by 7 per cent since the end of March, so it is quite a feat to live up to its star billing. The 9 per cent growth in chemical volumes in the second quarter is especially encouraging. With prices of most basic chemicals clearly on a rising trend, there is plenty for shareholders to look forward to.

It could be hard for ICI to sustain the current momentum. While European recovery should lend support, stock building ahead of price increases may have helped to boost volumes. The rate of volume growth may there-fore be less impressive through the second half of the year. Even so, recent results from US and continental European chemicals companies suggest volumes are growing faster than seemed possible at the start of the year. With capacity utilisation rising and in ICFs case cost-cutting still flowoperational gearing could be impres-sive. A multiple of around 25 times this year's forecast earnings begins to look realistic after all.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1994

Friday July 29 1994



Mixed fortunes at **US financial groups**

American International Group, the US-based insurance group, notched up a 14 per cent advance in net income in the second quarter, despite little change in US property/casualty insurance rates.

Spanish bank falls 19.5% Banco Central Hispano (BCH), the Spanish banking group, posted a 19.5 per cent first-half fall in its net consolidated profits, to Pta29.3bn (\$225.8m). Page 14

Mercedes may take on buses Mercedes-Benz has announced its expected bid for a debt-laden German bus business from its family owners. Page 14

anese brewer sees brisk demand Kirin Brewery, Japan's largest beer and beverage company, said brisk demand for Budweiser beer, sold under licence from Anheuser-Busch of the US. helped first-half sales and profits. Page 15

Sumitomo delays on dividend

Sumitomo Chemical of Japan substantially cut its first-half losses after cost savings, cheaper raw materials and a lower interest bill, but has not yet decided whether to reinstate its dividend. Page 15

Mitsubishi Bank may rescue Nippon Trust Mitsubishi Bank, one of Japan's largest commercial banks, is considering measures to rescue Nippon Trust Bank, according to industry sources. Page 15

IBM to cut 2,000 jobs International Business Machines is expected to announce about 2,000 job cuts from its personal computer operations. Page 16

Air France studies injection Air France, the ailing airline, is uncertain whether

the FFr20bn (\$3.7bn) capital injection from its state sharebolder is a rescue or merely a temporary reprieve. Page 16

Patent raling against Medeva Medeva, the UK pharmaceuticals company, suffered a setback to its drug development programme after the European Patent Office upheld claims that it had infringed patents held by Biogen, its US rival. Page 18; Biogen shares up, Page 15

Unitech shares jump on 88% profit rise Shares in Unitech rose 20p to 348p as the international electronic components and controls group reported an 88 per cent rise in profits. Page 18

National Express makes inroads in Poland National Express Group, the UK's largest inter-city coach company, is to start an passenger service in Poland next month, Page 18

Return to the black for Johnson Fry Johnson Fry, the UK financial services and investment group, returned to profit in the six months to June 30, after last year's restructuring and name change from LIT Holdings. Page 20

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Commerzbank limited to 11% rise

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

Commerzbank's full operating profits rose just 11 per cent to DM438m (\$276m) in the six months to the end of June after being more than 30 per cent ahead in the first five months - it suffered a 68 per cent drop in earnings from trading activities on its own account.

According to an interim report, published yesterday, partial operating profits – which exclude earnings from own-account trading – were up 17 per cent at

Earnings at this level, which were about 13 per cent higher after five

Price slide

dent Dow

Chemical

By Richard Waters in New York

Dow Chemical turned in its best

results for three years in the sec-

ond quarter, despite a 3 per cent

slide on average in the prices of

Mr Enrique Palla, executive

vice-president of the US chemi-

cals company, predicted that prices would rise for many of the

company's basic and speciality

chemicals and plastics, due to

supply constraints in the indus-

try. This, and improvements in productivity, would lead to fur-

ther earnings growth this year.

Operating earnings of \$602m

were 17 per cent higher than a

year before (excluding one-off

items in the year-ago period). This was achieved on the back of

sales of \$4.9bn, up 2 per cent from the second quarter of 1993

Most of the earnings gain came

in the company's plastics operations, which saw a 6 per

cent increase in sales to \$1.8bn.

Dow pointed to volume growth

bround the world, as well as

higher plastics prices in North

America and polystyrene prices in Europe, Operating income

from plastics more than doubled,

The chemicals segment, on the

other hand, suffered from lower

Underlying operating earnings

also fell in the consumer special-

ities businesses, as the majority-

owned drugs company Marion

Merrell Dow saw a shift in sales to lower-margin products. Exclu-ding a \$180m charge in the sec-

ond quarter of last year, operat-

ing income was down 16 per cent

at \$288m on unchanged sales of

Net income for the period of \$602m, or 91 cents a share, com-

share, the year before (75 cents a

prices by early next year.

to \$247m.

\$1.6bn.

despite the lower prices.

fails to

results

its products.

Earnings are hit by poor results from trading on own account but partly cushioned by reduction in bad debts

months according to recent statements from Mr Martin Kohlhaussen, the chairman, were bolstered by a 7.6 per cent rise in interest income to DM2.4bn. Com-mission earnings, up 5.6 per cent after

five months, rose 11 per cent to DM966m. The main influence on the full operat-ing profit was the slump from DM273m DM87m in earnings from trading activities on the bank's own account. This was partly cushioned by a 14.6 per cent fall in provisions for bad and doubtful debts to DM710m.

Own-account securities trading recorded losses in June after suffering from "very difficult" market conditions for much of the first half and higher write-downs were necessary on the trad-ing portfolio, the bank said.

Although no details of the June losses were given, they appear to have been substantial in the light of Mr Kohlhaus-

sen's informal review of the first five months, in which be said own-account business was showing a "good three-dig-

tt-million result". Commerzhank, the second of Germany's biggest banks to report this week, said it was satisfied with developments. Deutsche Bank group, which earlier this week reported a 1 per cent rise in full operating profits, also suffered a

sharp fall in own-account trading

because of adverse market conditions and a sharp increase in long-term interest rates.

However, Deutsche's earnings perfo mance was computed on the basis of a comparison with six-twelfths of profits for the full year. On this basis, Commerzbank's full operating income fell 24 per cent while partial earnings tumbled

23 per cent. Compared to the first six months of 1993, Commerzhank's pre-tax profits rose 72 per cent to DM728m, thanks in part to profits from the merger with Commerz-Credit-Bank Europartner and the sale o a 15 per cent stake in Karstadt.

Kevin Done finds the US carmakers still optimistic about the scope for recovery

Detroit hums that the best is yet to come

The big three US carmakers have all achieved record earnings in the second quarter, but General Motors, Ford and Chrysler believe that the best is still to come.

The absolute figures may not be matched later this year - the second quarter is traditionally the most profitable - but US carmakers dismiss some analysts' fears that the recovery is already approaching its peak.

"We think the cycle still has several years to go," says Mr David McCammon, Ford vice-president and treasurer. "We are early in the cycle in the US still in the first half of it, in my view. And in Europe we're just at the beginning."

The view from Detroit is much

rosier than from Tokyo, Nagoya, Turin or Wolfsburg. While rivals such as Nissan, Mazda, Fiat and Volkswagen are still battling to staunch the red ink, the big three US carmakers have put firmly behind them the record losses and upheavals of the early 1990s. Ford's second quarter results net profits more than doubled to a record \$1.71bn - marked the sixth straight quarterly earnings improvement. General Motors' net profit of \$1.9bn compares with \$889m a year ago, and a

caustic soda prices, which of 1992. In 1991 all of the big three pushed operating income down were heavily in loss. GM, the stumbling giant of the world auto 12 per cent to \$97m on sales of \$1bn. Dow expects "significant industry, suffered losses for three Improvements" in caustic soda years in succession

The pace of the US carmakers' financial turnround pays elo-quent testimony to the volume sensitivities of the world's leading carmakers. New car sales

paltry \$46m in the second quarter

globally are expected to rise by more than 5 per cant this year, ending three years of falling demand, but the recovery has been uneven. In the US, car and truck sales are in their third year of recovery - Ford is forecasting US sales of around 15.5m this year, up from 14.2m last year and

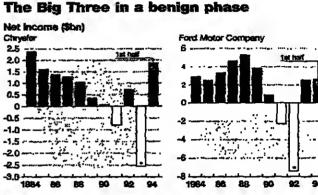
12.5m in 1991. In western Europe new car sales have started to pick up in the first six months with an increase year-on-year of 7 per cent, but the industry is still struggling to overcome the shock of last year's precipitous 15 per cent decline, the steepest fall of the post-war period.

Japanese carmakers are still desperately waiting for some reassurance that the recession has finally bottomed out, as they suffer an unprecedented fourth successive year of falling domes-

tic sales and production. While Japanese vehicle makers and some of their competitors in Europe are still grappling with domestic plants working at low capacity, in the US the assembly lines are humming with many plants working overtime and several running three shifts round the clock.

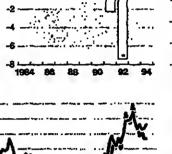
Ford was working at 116 per cent of its so-called "available straight-time capacity" in the second quarter compared with an average level of 103 per cent in 1993 and a low of 60 per cent in 1991.

It has been increasing assembly capacity in North America steadily from 3.97m in the 1985 model year to 5.02m in 1993, and capacity is set to increase further to 5.5m in 1997/98. Chrysler is

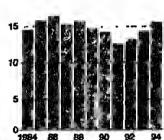


88 89 90

81



US car and truck sales (million)



Including heavy charges for eccounting changes. Before charges Chrysler earned \$2.4bn in 1993

also adding capacity.
All three US carmakers have been able to reduce marketing costs. The discounts and rebates needed to "move the metal" in the bad times are being scaled

down - at Ford retail incentives

1984 85 88 87

Shere prices rebased (1/1/84=100)

- Ford

Chrysle

->GM

500 --

450

400

were down to \$550 a vehicle in the second quarter from \$755 a year ago and \$1,150 in the final quarter of 1992. At the same time the share of low-profit sales to big fleets, in particular to the daily rental

companies, is falling as the man-

ufacturers sell more output through retail channels. Profitability is also being helped by the windfall of a sharply appreciating yen. As Japanese rivals have been forced to increase prices significantly, the big three have made much more

modest increments, enhancing

their competitiveness. marking exercises on world com-The climb to record earnings petitiveness A recent study by Harbour by the US carmakers is not only Associates, the US automotive a result of rising sales volumes and high plant utilisation, howanalysis, showed that Chrysler ever. All three have undergone was the most profitable US car-

painful restructuring and

emerged in much better shape to

93 94

do battle in the global arena. Chrysler, smallest of the three, During the second quarter, Ford's return on automotive has taken the laurels to date. sales rose to 4.2 per cent from 1.7 Only four years ago it was per cent a year ago, but is still regarded as a hopeless case, a below its 5 per cent target for an average sales year. In the second quarter Ford company unlikely to survive to the end of the 1990s as an independent force. Today, following radical reforms in design, devel-

earned an after-tax profit of \$945 a vehicle, well below Chrysler's \$1,360. "We had a good second opment and engineering, manufacturing and purchasing, it has enough," said Mr McCammon, set new standards in the world who expects the group's radical ducer among the big three, and reorganisation to eat into product

maker, but Ford and belatedly

GM are closing the gap.

development and purchasing

Sainsbury joins battle for Scotland

By Nell Buckley in London

pared with \$388m, or 54 cents a share in the year-ago period The price war between the UK's before one-off items).
For the half-year as a whole, biggest food retailers yesterday became a bidding war as J Sainsnet income of \$421m compared with \$548m in the first six months of 1993, although the

earlier period was buoyed by pre-tax gains on asset sales of The volume growth at Dow, against the background of gener-

ally weaker prices, echoes results unveiled by Du Pont the day before. Dn Pont's sales, which are roughly twice those of Dow Chemical, grew by 6 per cent during the same period, thanks in part to the acquisition of the nylon business of Imperial

with both bidders. bury launched a rival bid to Tesco's agreed offer for the Scottish supermarket chain William Low. Sainsbury's bid of 305p per share valued the target's shares at £210m - 36 per cent more than Tesco's offer of 225p a share,

worth fl54m. Tesco said yesterday it was considering its response and urged Wm Low shareholders to take no action. Retailing analysts believe it is likely to raise its

offer to 325p per share. Wm Low's share price leapt 44p to 334p - almost double the 169p

Wm Low's directors said they would consider the Sainsbury offer in detail and were in talks

A successful bid would raise Sainsbury's market share in Scot land from 3 per cent to 10 per cent, and give it 45 stores in Scot-land and 12 in northern England as well as a Scottish distribution

Mr David Sainsbury, chairman of Britain's largest food retailer, insisted the bid was effectively not "hostile". The Scottish supermarket chain, be added, had "already endorsed an offer for its purchase. The only question now is who the purchaser will be and what the price will be."

the shares stood at the day before Lex, Page 12 Paris woos trade with system to speed up large share deals

By Norma Cohen, Investments Correspondent

The Paris Bourse vesterday announced the creation of a sys-tem to allow big blocks of shares to be sold quickly. This is calculated to recoup some of the domestic business

which has migrated to the London Stock Exchange's Seaq International trading system. The block-trade market system, to begin operating in October, will initially cover 50 stocks, including all component stocks of the CAC 40 Index and

other stocks with similar market capitalisation. However, in a climbdown, the Paris Bourse said that unlike current practice, other investors would not be immediately aware of these deals. In contrast to the

competing Seaq system, trades will be reported to the central market after a two-bour delay, or, for the largest trades, the morning of the following day and will thus still be more trans-

The creation of a block-trade market enhances the competitive position of the CAC central-market system. In particular, it ensures that investors are better informed of transactions that were previously executed in London with no transparency what-soever," the Paris Bourse said.

Separately, the UK Treasury
yesterday announced the Paris

Bourse will become the first European stock exchange to operate in Loodon. Securities firms with the Bourse's CAC trading screens will be able to transact business without having

to establish a Paris office. From 1996, EU legislation will allow exchanges in all member states

to operate that way.

SEAQ International "has been quite an incentive for the mod-ernisation of the Paris market". sald Mr Jean-Francois Theodore, chairman and chief executive of the Paris Bourse. But he said the new block trading system was designed to improve services for institutional investors in Paris.

The new system would cover deals at least five times the "nor-mal market size" in each stock. It would calculate a "weighted average spread" of outstanding offers to trade those shares. creating a wider than usual "spread" between the best buy and sell offer, the Bourse said. But the cost to investors would still fall. This approuncement appears as a matter of record only

industry. It is the lowest cost pro-

Japanese carmakers now arrive

at its door to carry out bench-



Placing and Public Offer of 53,117,726 ordinary shares at 175p per share



N M Rothschild & Sons Limited sponsored the flotation and acted as financial adviser to the company

July 1994

Banco Central Hispano drops 19.5% at halfway

By Tom Burns in Madrid

Banco Central Hispano (BCH), the Spanish hanking group, posted a 19.5 per cent first-half fall in its net consolidated profits, to Pta29.3bn (\$225.8m). However, it claimed it was strengthening its balance sheet and improving the core banking business

In contrast, Argentaria, the partially-privatised state-controlled hanking group which rivals BCH in terms of assets, raised its net income by 10.1 per cent, to Pta47.4bn. against the first half of 1993. It attributed the rise to lowered provisions and a 25.9 per cent increase, to Pta30.5bn, in revenue from fees and commis-

In common with other banks, both suffered from the impact of the sharp drop in interest rates and a resulting squeeze on margins. Argentaria raised its net interest income hy 1.6 per cent, to Ptal15.9bn, while BCH's interest income remained flat at Pta153.1bn.

BCH, which has the largest domestic branch network, still has to develop the cross-selling techniques which have allowed Argentaria and other banks to raise operating profits. Income from fees and commissions at BCH fell 2.8 per cent to

Scholes Group

accepts £96.1m

Hanson takeover

By David Wighton in London

Scholes Group, the UK maker

of electrical installation equip-

ment, yesterday agreed to a

596.1m (\$148m) bid from Han-

son, more than 20 years after li

first held merger talks with the

conglomerate's Crabtree snb-

The takeover combines two

leading domestic suppliers in a

market where continental

European manufacturers are

Hanson is offering 250p cash

per Scholes share, equivalent

to 32% times earnings in the

year to June 1993. Scholes'

shares closed down 57p at 250p

on the London Stock

making inroads.

Mr José María Amusátegui, chairman of Banco Central Hispano has received "clear offers" from the UK's Tate & Lyle and from Generale Sucrière, the sugar group controlled by Saint-Louis of France, to buy into General Azucacera. Spain's second-biggest

stake in Azucacera, and are seeking to acquire 10 per cent each

Mr Amusátegui is interested in such a disposal. However, he warned that the government was concerned at the prospect of the company, which has a 22.5 per cent share of the domestic sugar market, falling into foreign hands.

regulations," said the BCH chairman, "and it is all the more sensitive because of the large numbers of sugar beet farmers involved who supply Azucacera."
"I think [the disposal] will go through after the summer," he

Pta40.6hn although increased income from its equity portfolio, and tight cost controls, helped raise the operating profit by 3.3 per cent to

Argentaria's operating profit was up by 14.1 per cent to Pta65.4bn. The net profit total gained further from a 4.9 per cent fall, to Pta44.7bn, in provisioning allocations.

BCH, which has had its asset quality questioned by rating agencies since the begining of this year, was, however, forced to put aside Pta81.7bn in provisions, 42.9 per cent more than in the first half of last year, These allocations raised the

Rhône-Poulenc Rorer said it

expects to return to growth in

the second balf of the year

after reporting a net loss for

the second quarter, Reuter

below expectations, particu-

said. "However, we anticipate

returning to growth in the sec-

RPR is maintaining tight

control of operating expenses,

while continuing to invest in new products and technologies

that will drive its future

start to see the heneficial

results of its restructuring plan

hy the end of this year.

The company said It will

ond half of the year."

larly in the US," the company

"Sales and earnings were

reports.

growth

sugar company, writes Tom Burns.

The French and UK producers indirectly share a 21.3 per cent of BCH's stake. BCH has a 47 per cent stake.

"It is a very political issue because of the EU's sugar quota

said. The bank's stake in the sugar producer is capitalised at abont Pta20.5bn (\$157.5m).

Rhône-Poulenc Rorer

sees return to growth

group's coverage for bad and doubtful debts from 58 per cent

The provisions came in spite

of the fact it realised Pta27.5bn

through the recovery of non-performing loans. This indi-

cates the incipient domestic

recovery is raising the quality

Argentaria's results could

prompt the government, which

sold 50 per cent of the equity

last year, to reduce its stake

further. The bank's continuing

strength is also likely to fuel

speculation that it will acquire

a medium-sized domestic bank

to holster its comparatively

The company said second-

quarter sales dipped 3.5 per

cent to \$973m compared with

the year-ago quarter, but were

about equal after the negative

effects of currency fluctuations

Sales in the US prescription

and product divestitures are

husiness declined because

ex-factory sales, particularly

of key respiratory products, are not yet matching the

Sales in the North American

Sales in Europe, excluding

over-the-counter husiness were

currency fluctuations and

divestitures, were level

with the previous year.

prescription

excluded.

audited

below last year.

to 62 per cent.

of its assets.

Pta63.8bn.

Mercedes launches bid for family bus group

By Christopher Parkes

Mercedes-Benz yesterday announced its expected takeover hid for the deht-laden Kässbohrer bus business from its family owners.

Talks opened on Wednesday with banks owed between DM600m (\$250m) and DM800m hy the Ulm-based company, and with advisers Goldman Sachs after preliminary talks with the Kässbohrer management which started in April. No details of the proposed

terms were released. Sweden's Volvo group has also registered interest, but since the management and workforce favour Mercedes ownership, it appears likely that it will win. This is pro-vided the cartel anthorities agree to a deal that will give the German bidder a 57 per cent share of the domestic bus market.

There bave been no public objections by local competitors MAN, which has a 24 per cent market share, or Neoplan with 13.5 per cent.

Analysts have welcomed the move as essential for the rationalisation of the hus industry, and reacted encouragingly to Mercedes' recentlyannounced plan to hive off its own European bus business into a separate company. Mr Georg Stürzer of Bayer-

ische Vereinsbank said this week that a takeover of Kässbohrer's Setra marque would generate unit cost advantages. Although Mercedes would have to spend millions on restructuring, be said it would gain improved stakes in the

French, Danish, Dutch and

Austrian markets. The negotiations mark the closing stages in the 100-year life of one of Germany's few remaining family automotive concerns. The six warring Kässbohrer family members surrendered their stakes to the care of trustees earlier this

The hreak-np of the com-The main impact was a NKr549.2m extraordinary gain on the sale of the group's ferry pany, which lost around DM70m on sales of DM1.7bn in 1992, started that year with division and a NKr253.5m gain the sale of its trailers division on the sale of the Royal Viking to Kögel Fahrzenge. Sun, a luxury cruise ship.

ICI up 40% on worldwide revival

By Paul Abrahams in London

A combination of self-help and a surprising rise in demand assisted Imperial Chemical industries to a 40 per cent rise in pre-tax profits during the

The UK's largest chemicals

company lifted profits from £240m to £353m (\$547m). Mr Ronnie Hampel, chief executive and chairman designate, said the increase showed "the first tangihle signs of a widespread recovery in our worldwide markets. This is an increasingly robust performance from all our husinesses. "About half of the improve-

ment came from self-help and

Prices were the same level as last year. Turnover increased 8 per

cent from £4.15bn to £4.46bn. Sales volumes were up 6 per cent during the six months, hut had risen 9 per cent in the second quarter from the same period last year. Currency movements reduced sales hy about 1 per cent.

Trading profits rose 52 per cent to £273m. Mr Hampel said the results had henefited by more than £210m from self-help actions since 1990. The target of savings of £490m next year was within reach, he said. He said ICI would continue to invest in its core assets. It

half from hetter demand, would invest \$100m to build one of the world's largest PET resin plants in North Carolina. PET is a material used to make plastic bottles. Mr Alan Spall, finance director, added that the group was looking at the possihility of huilding a new US plant to make PTA, a raw

material of PET. The growth in volume had been driven by a number of factors, said Mr Hampel. New plants manufacturing Klea 134a, the CFC-substitute, and PTA had come on stream. European sales were lifted by an increase in market share as US manufacturers nttempted to cope with an upturn in

upturn in the market, but not as strong as might have been deduced from ICI's secondquarter figures. Tho rate of sales growth was clearly unsustamable.

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Second-quarter growth in the UK was 13 per cent while the European continent saw 10 per cent growth after being flat for the first three months. European sales were boosted by a sharp rise in methanol prices. and the UK fertiliser business was now breaking even.

Earnings per share rose 34 per cent from 12.7p to 17p. The interim dividend was maintained at 10.5p.

Lex, Page 12; Details, Page 20

BPA shareholders fight bid

By Peter Wise in Lisbon

Leading shareholders in Banco Portugues do Atlantico are pre-paring to defend Portugal's largest commercial bank against a hostile takeover hid by Banco Comercial Portugues, a smaller rival.

A group of Portuguese businessmen who control 27 per cent of BPA said they would seek to expand the core shareholding to 40 per cent. Earlier this week, BCP made a public offer of Es132bn (\$819m) for 40 per cent of BPA

An official of Sonae. Portugal's largest private conglomerate and leader of BPA's core sharebolders, said the group would not make a counter-bid

Vard returns to

black after sale

of ferry division

By Christopher Brown-Humes

Vard, the Norwegian shipping

group, returned to the black in

the first half helped hy gains

from the sale of its ferry

operations and a luxury cruise

The group's pre-tax result

swung to a NKr519.4m (\$73m)

profit from a NKr212.2m loss in

the same 1993 period.

hut hoped to increase its own holdings and persuade other sharebolders to join the group. BPA's core shareholders are bound by an agreement not to sell outside the group. The Sonae official said that if the core were extended to 40 per cent, BCP's hid would fail because the state owned 25 per cent of BPA and would remain neutral in the bid battle.

But Lisbon analysts said BCP's offer would be a severe test of the cobesion of BPA's core shareholders. "When the crunch comes and the money's on the table, the group may not hold together," said a Lisbon dealer.

BCP's bid of Es3.000 a share values BPA at Es330bn. BPA

shares reached a bigh of Es2,800 yesterday before clos-ing at Es2,615. They had been suspended since Tuesday, when they closed at Es2,010. More than 185,000 shares were traded yesterday.

BCP's offer has to he approved by the government, central bank and stock exchange commission. BCP control of BPA would create Portugal's largest private-sector banking group, with com-bined assets of about Es5.360bn.

The new group would be close in size to state-owned Caixa Geral de Depósitos, the country's largest bank, which and savings deposits.

focuses on mortgage lending

Dyno Industrier doubles results on good demand

By Christopher Brown-Humes in Stockholm

Dyno Industrier, the Norwegian chemicals, explosives and plastics group, more than doubled first-half pre-tax profits to NKr310m (\$45m) from NKr144m.

Mr Arild Ingierd, chief executive, said the group had benefited from strong growth in demand in most of its main markets, "especially in deliveries to the European automotive industry and in supplies of methanol to European mar-

He said the second half,

which is traditionally weaker than the first, should he stronger than last year, but warned the group was being squeezed by higher raw material prices.

Gross operating income was NKr4.79bo, up 20 per cent on last year, while operating proflts climbed 80 per cent to NKr379m. Explosives saw operating

profits more than double to NKr123m from NKr52m on a 9 per cent increase in turnover to NKr2.08hn, while chemicals raised profits to NKr228m from NKr152m as turnover rose 28 per cent to

UCB boosts profits 21% at mid-term

UCB, the Belgian chemicals and pharmaceuticais company, boosted pre-tax profits 21 per cent to BFr1.28bn (\$39m) in the first six months of the year, aided by improved economic conditions in Europe, writes Emma Tucker in Brus Post-tax profits of BFr1.23bn

were lower than in the first half of 1993 when they were BFr1.74bn. The group's sales rose to BFr25.2bn from BFr23.43bn in the same period ı vear earlier.

Exceptional profits were below those of the previous year, which had been boosted by the sale of Vel, the group's Belgian chemicals subsidiary UCB said Its pharmaceuti-

cals sales bad benefited from huoyant demand for Zyrtec. the company's successful antiallergy drug, which normally sells well during the spring

Correction Banpais

The FT last week in the international edition reported that Banpais, the Mexican bank, took out a loan to pay back debt arising from the acquisition of Asemex, an insurance company, after an equity offering had not raised the amount planned. That loan was in fact taken out before the equity offering, and was not directly related to the Asemex purchase.



DANONE

A RISE IN FIRST-HALF CONSOLIDATED SALES

Consolidated sales of Danone Group amounted to FF37 bn in the first half of 1994, 6% more than the FF34.9 bn recorded in the same period of last year. Figures by division were as follows:

(in FF millions)	1993	1994
Europe		
Dairy products	10,900	11,187
Gracery products and Pasta	6,552	6,488
Biscuits	6,205	6,305
Beer	3,696	3,354
Mineral water	2,757	3,618
Containers	3,620	3,304
International	2,151	3,704
Intragroup transactions	(948)	[940]
GROUP TOTAL	34,933	37,020

our, as well as several componies in the Asia-Pocific area, whose sales are recorded under the «Internation» heading. nies na langer consolidated include Verreries de unted for under the equity method as of 1994

ning constant business structure, scope of consolidation and excha arianons in sales by division were as shown below:

> Dairy products - 0.9% **Biscuits** +21% - 9.4% + 5.2% + 2.0% +118% GROUP TOTAL + 2.4%

In the first hall of 1993, beer sales rose sharply as buyers moved in chead of increases in French excise. In contrast, sales in the first half of this year only storted to benefit from warm weather in mid-June. However, ures have remained high throughout July, which should make up for much of the lag to the end of June.

Excluding breweries, sales in the first half of 1994 would show a 3.7% rise















Residential Property Securities No. 1 PLC

£200,000,000

Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes 2018 Notice of Partial Redemption

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. announce that Notes for the nominal amount of £2,800,000 have been drawn for redemption on 31st August, 1994, in accordance with Clause 5|b) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes.

The distinctive numbers of the Notes drawn, are as follows:-28 57 89 118 152 182 214 1379 1408 1440 1470 1503 1534 1566 1597 1626 1656 1691 1721 1752 1783 1813 1842 1875 1906 1937 1967 1997 On 31st August, 1994 there will become due and payable upon resentation of each Note drawn for redemption, the principal amoun thereof, together with accrued interest to said date, of the office of:

> S.G.Warburg & Co. Ltd. 2 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PA

or one of the other paying agents named on the Notes. Interest will cease to accrue on the Notes called for redemption oo and after 31st August, 1994 and Notes so presented for payment should have attached all Coupons maturing after that date. £80,000,000 ominal amount of Notes will remain outstanding after 31st August, 1994.

CITICORP

U.S.\$350,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due November 27, 2035

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed of 5% in respect of the Original Notes and 5.0875% in respect of the Enhancement Notes, and that the interest poyable on the refevant Interest Payment Date August 31, 1994 against Coupon No. 105 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$45.83 in respect of he Original Notes and US\$46.64 in respect of the Enhancement Notes U.S.\$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due October 25, 2005
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5% and that the interest poyable on the relevant Interest Payment Date August 31, 1994 against Coupon No. 106 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$45.83.

U.S.\$500,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due January 30, 1998
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed of 5% and that the interest poyable on the relevant Interest Poyment Date August 31, 1994 against Caupan No. 103 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$45.83. July 29, 1994, Landon By: Cribank, N.A. (Issuer Services), Agent Bank CITIBANKO

> Union Bank of Norway U.S. \$27,000,000

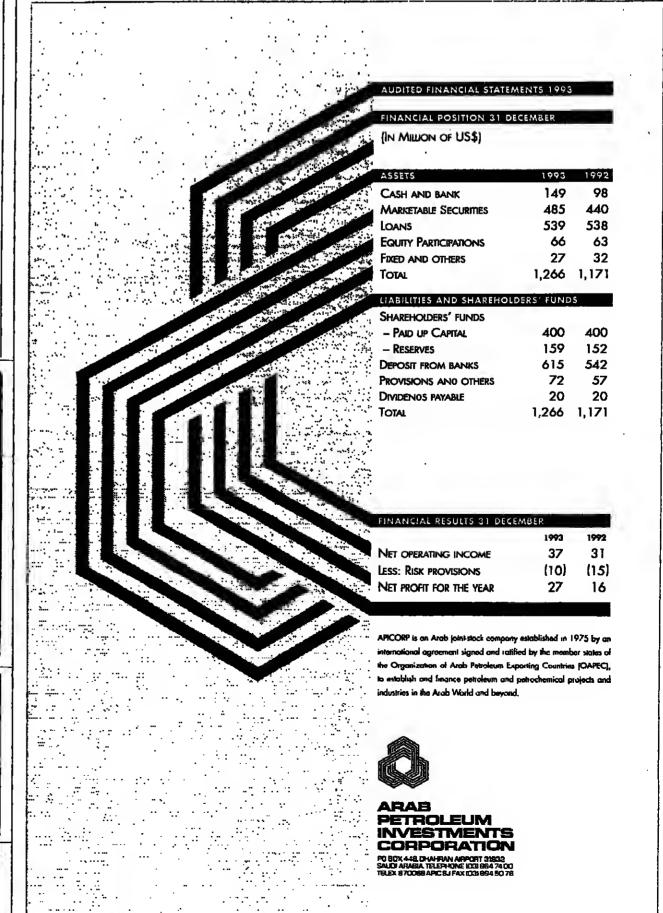
Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 2002

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is nereoy given that the Rate of Interest for the three month period ending 31st October, 1994 has been fixed at 6.6125% per annum. The interest accruing for such three month period will be U.S. \$8.632.99 per U.S. \$500.000 Note against presentation of Coupon Number 9.

Union Bank of Switzerland London Branch Agent Bank 27th July, 1994







INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

cheer in

By Emilico Terazono

Budweiser

price discounting of beer by

leading supermarket chains and increased competition

from cheap imported hrands

had yet to show np in its interim profit figures. Pre-tax

profits for the six months to

Jnne rose 4 per cent to Y85.9bn (\$366m), on a 1.9 per

cent increase in sales to

Iwide review Mitsubishi may rescue trust bank Kirin finds

Service Carrie

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Program on a ...

Mitsuhishi Bank, one of Japan's largest commercial banks, is considering measures to rescue Nippon Trust Bank, according to industry sources. The proposals under consider-ation are thought to include a takeover of the troubled trust

Mitsubishi currently owns 5 per cent of Nippon Trust, the maximum permitted by law, but in the last few years it has strengthened its links and last year installed one of its senior managing directors, Mr Tomoaki Hirano, as Nippon

Trust's president.
Nippon Trust is the smallest and weakest of the country's seven trust banks. The collapse of the Japanese property marwith a bad debt mountain. In the year to March its disclosed

non-performing loans rose by 79 per cent, to Y131hn (\$1.3hn), the largest increase among all Japan's leading banks.

However, this figure does not include restructured loans, on which interest has been cut sharply to keep borrowers afloat. Analysts estimate the actual total of non-performing loans could be closer to Y190bn, more than 10 per cent of Nippon Trust's loan book. These non-performing assets

represent 90 per cent of the trust bank's tier one capital. Worse still, unlike most Japanese banks it is unable to cover its potential loan losses by sales of equity holdings. Mr David Threadgold, banking analyst at BZW in Tokyo, estimates that the bank may have as little as Y30bn in such hidden equity gains, well short of its bad deht total. "Without outside intervention, Nippon Trust has no obvious way to

ing problem loans," said Mr Threadgold

By contrast Mitsubishi Bank is one of the strongest of the country's 11 "city" (commercial) banks. It has estimated

problem loans of just 3.6 per cent of total loans. Officials at Mitsubishi Bank and Nippon Trust yesterday denied that takeover plans had been agreed. However, industry sources said that Nippon Trust needed at least Y100hn

in financial support. A takeover by Mitsublshi Bank would present a conundrum for the regulators, since it could breach ministry of finance (MoF) rules on the ownership of trust banks. Last year the MoV for the first time allowed city banks to establish trust bank subsidiaries. But the new rules prevent city banks from operating some of as pension funds and loan trusts. The rules are designed to protect trust banks' key activities from incursions by

the larger banks.
If the MoF refused to allow
Mitsubishi Bank to run the full range of trust banking activi-ties, the merger would lose its appeal for the city bank, which might also then be reluctant to keep the bank afloat with loans. However, if the MoF allowed a full merger, other trust banks could be expected

to object.
The MoF would not comment yesterday, but if it is presented with a merger plan, analysts were agreed that it would probably approve it. "Faced with the unattractive alternative of allowing a bank to fail," said Mr Mark Faulkner, banking analyst at S.G. Warburg, "the MoF will almost certainly pre-

> Y628.4hn. After-tax profits climbed 19 per cent to Y17.3bn on a fall in special losses from property

For the full year to December, Kirin expects a 13.1 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to Y87bn on a 6.2 per cent increase in sales to Y1,430bn.

San Miguel soars 40% in first half

San Migoel, the Philippines' largest manufacturing enterprise, has announced a 40 per cent rise in first-half net profits to 2.23bn pesos (\$55m), on consolidated net sales 13 per cent higher at 32.9hn pesos. writes Jose Galang in Manila. **Earnings** per share advanced in 1.56 pesos from 1.12 pesos

previously. The company said bigher sales volume, which reflected the accelerated economic growth during the period, accounted for the robust finan-

cial results. San Miguel's brisk profit increase in the first half did not include any extraordinary income. The company in April sold the present site of its Hong Kong brewery, and the windfall gain from the sale will be booked in September, when full payment for the property will be made.

The sale is estimated to result in a non-recurring income of HK\$2.93bn (US\$379m) for San Miguel Brewery Hong Kong.

Wheelock posts 50% gain after big exceptional sales demand for

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Wheelock, the Hong Kong holding company for the late Sir Y.K. Pao's listed corporate Kirin Brewery, Japan's largest beer and beverage company, empire, yesterday announced 50 per cent rise in profits, totalsaid brisk demand for Budling HK\$2.2bn (US\$286m) after weiser beer, sold under licence from Anheuser-Busch of the tax and minority interests, for the year to March 31. Until last US, helped sales and profits for the first half to June. The company said effects of November it was known as World International.

Profits, which grew from HK\$1.47bn, were boosted by two exceptional items totalling HK\$271.6m. The bulk of this accrued from the sale of two properties, while HK\$113.4m worth came from the sale of

whose interests span property, infrastructure and hotels, remained the driving force.

Wharf Holdings, Wheelock's 44 per cent owned associate

accounting for around 70 per cent of profits. Wheelock hopes to reduce this domination as earnings from Wheelock Property and its joint ventures

come on stream. In the past eight months Wheelock Pacific, the vehicle for the oew businesses, has concluded joint ventures with Climax International, a Hoog Kong paper company, Virgin Megastores, Maison Mode, Nat-West financial services and Foster's, the Australian hrew-

ery group. The group is to pay a final dividend of 26.5 cents(HK), compared with 21 cents in the previous year. Earnings per share came in at 108.3 cents, up 51 per cent from 71.6 cents. The consolidated net asset value of the company stood at HK\$20.03 per share at the fiscal

year end, an increase of 70 per

cent over the 1993 figure of Mr Peter Woo, Wheelock chairman, said the company was looking at investment opportunities of HK10bn HK\$20bn a year, which could be financed by debt issues and

bank financing. The company has a modest debt-to-share-bolders' funds ratio of around 4 Retailing contributions were strong, with net profits from the 70 per cent-owned luxury store operator Lane Craw-ford increasing 133 per cent to HK\$362.1m, compared with HK\$155.1m in the previous

However, Realty Develop-ment Corporation, Wheelock's 72.4 per cent owned property company, saw earnings slump 42 per cent, to HK\$634.8m from

Newcrest Mining ahead midway

Newcrest Mining, the group formed when the gold-mining subsidiaries of Broken Hill Proprietary and Newmont Mining merged their Australian operations, has reported aftertax profits of A\$23.8m (US\$17.6m) for the six months to June, a 25.3 per cent increase over the same period a year earlier. Sales were A\$212.2m, compared with A\$217m in the first half last

Newcrest said that gold sales

NEWS DIGEST Australis Media

in sport venture Australis Media, the fledgling pay-TV company in which TCI, the US cable giant, and associated companies have a 26.5 per cent interest, yesterday announced that it was forming a 50-50 joint venture with Liberty Sports/Prime International to broadcast a 24-boursa-day sports channel, writes Nikki Tait. Liberty is the pro-

gramming arm of TCL The programming deal is the latest in a series of rapid developments at Australis, as it

totalled 183,241 ounces, up from 171,838 ounces last time. at an average realised price of A\$605 per ounce. The cost of sales was A\$374

per ounce, compared with A\$364 previously. Group equity production was 173,419 ounces. up from 167,229 ounces. The company said that production costs in the second quarter to end-June had been adversely affected by a write-

off of deferred costs associated with its Pernatty pit at the New Celebration gold project in Western Australia.

attempts to bring pay TV into

Australian homes before the

end of 1994. There is still some

scepticism about Australis'

long-term chances of success,

giveo the small size of the Aus-

tralian market for pay-TV and

the presence of some hig entrenched media interests,

Dominion in talks

Dominion Mining, the West

Australian mining group

which recently escaped an

unwanted bid from the smaller

crest's unsuccessful legal action over the sale of stake held by one of its joint venture partners in the Boddington gold mine were also accounted for during this quarter. Pasminco, the Australian

mine in Tasmania in an effor to develop ore bodies below the current mine working levels. The company said the four year project would aim at the development of an additional

10m tonnes of ore reserves.

lead and zinc producer, is to

spend A\$45m at its Rosebery

stan government and the stateowned precious metal mining company there, Altynalamas,

over a possible concession to develop and operate the Vasilkovskoye gold deposit alongside Altynalamas, writes Nikki Tait.

including those of Mr Rupert Taiwan bank rises Murdoch and Mr Kerry Packer.

State-run International Commercial Bank of China, one of Taiwan's leading commercial banks, posted provisional pretax profits of NT\$1.81hm (US\$68m) for the year to June 30, up 5.8 per cent on the previous 12 months, writes Laura Tyson in Taipei. Revenues rose

Sumitomo Chemical cuts losses

By Gordon Cramb

Sumitomo Chemical of Japan has substantially reduced its first-half losses as a result of cost savings, cheaper raw materials and a lower interest bill, but has not yet decided whether to reinstate its divi-

The pre-tax loss for the six months to June was down in Y402m (\$4.1m) from Y2.93bn, in spite of a 4.2 per cent dip in sales in Y273.84bn. ft said yesterday that sales of basic chemicals were down 1.7 per cent and fine chemicals 2.7 per cent, with a sharper fall of 8 per cent in petrochemicals and plastics. Agrichemicals showed the smallest decline, of 0.5 per cent, amid demand for feed

Exports grew 1.6 per cent overall, to Y38.81bn. The company has also been expending its overseas interests, with projects in Singapore and the US. Net losses were down to Yl 94bn from Y5.44bn, and it expects to reach break-even for the full year, on sales down 1 per cent to Y540bn. It is paying no interim dividend and indicated that the 1994 payout could be anything between nil

Asahi Glass profit slides 44%

the most profitable elements of

By Gordon Cramb in Tokyo

Asahi Glass, Japan's higgest glassmaker, showed a 43.9 per cent slide in pre-tax profits to Y11.25km (\$115m) for the first half to June, as stagmant demand from the construction and automotive industries pul-led sales 9.2 per cent lower to Y440bn.

Rationalisation measures introduced during the period. devolving some centralised resdivisions, yielded a 7.7 per cent drop in operating costs to Y436.6bn. The company expects a profits recovery for the full year.

Sales of glass and construction materials, which represent almost half of all turnover. were down 7.7 per cent and those of chemicals, the second largest division, emerged 12.7 per cent lower.

Growth was achieved only in electronics, where turnover was up 2.8 per cent to Y36.9bn ponsibilities to its operating as a result of demand for

to expand exports by 11.7 per cent, reducing its exposure to the dull domestic economy Exports account for 14.7 per cent of all sales, up from 12.0

integrated circuits, glass

substrates and optical

In spite of the high value of the yen, Asahi Glass managed

A maintained interim dividend of Y4.50 per share is being paid from net earnings of Y6.44, down from

Biogen shares up 50% on drug test

By Daniel Green and Paul Abrahams

Shares in German drug company Schering fell 5 per cent yesterday following a 50 per cent rise in those of US biotechnology company Biogen as the likelihood of competition in the fast-growing multiple sclerosis drug market

Swiss company Ares Serono, which is developing a drug similar to Biogen's, saw its share price rise by 17 per cent

yesterday. Biogen this week reported feron drug which, it claimed, cuts the frequency and scale of multiple sclerosis attacks over

a six month period. The company was sufficiently confident to increase production in the US and marketing in Europe. Full data on the clinical trials would be presented in October, it said. Schering sells its own beta

interferon product called Betaseron, the only such product approved by medical regu-lators for patients. This month, the company said 1994 sales of Betaseron would reach DM300m (\$190m).

Analysts at Lehman preliminary results of final Brothers estimate the market phase trials of its beta inter-

U.S. \$100,000,000

for beta interferon at \$500m-\$1bn a year by the end of the decade. The share price rise took

Biogen's market capitalisation to about \$1.5bn, the fourth higgest in the biotech This week, Teva Pharmaceu-

tical Industries, the Israelibased group which has another multiple sclerosis drug in development, said it was setting up production facilities in Israel after viewing preliminary data of final stage trials of its treatment Copazone. It expects to file its multiple

sclerosis drug for US approval

this year or early 1995.

TO SAVE ALL

• HELP CHOP •

THESE TREES WE

DOWN THIS ONE. ∇

Gold Mines of Australia, said yesterday that it was negotiating with the Kazakh-22.8 per cent to NT\$11.8bn. This notice is usued in compliance with the requirements of The International Stock Eachange of the United Kingken and the Republic of Ireland Limited Pile Insulan Stock Eachange? I and appears as a matter of record only it does not constitute on other or instantion to any person to miscribe for or purchase securities of higginar Power PLD, hyphicalian has been made for the grain of permission to trade on the United Securities Market on the London Stock Exchange in the issued United y there empired of Magnum Power 172. It is emphasical that no application has been made for been essentialed to beauty it is expected that admission to trading will become affective and that dealings will commence on 4 August, 1994.

MAGNUM POWER PLC

perspended and resurred in Seedard water the Conjunies for 1955 - No. 1472301 of 12,857,142 ordinary shares of 10p each at 35p per share payable in full on acceptance

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Henry Cooke Corporate Finance Ltd No. 1 King Street Manchester M2 6AW

29 July, 1994

GPA Investments B.V. US\$ 20,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1995 Guaranteed by **GPA Group plc**

In accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, nonce is hereby given that for the Interest Period from July 27, 1994 to January 27, 1995 the Notes will carry an interest hate of 5,7 % per annum.

The Interest Amount payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, January 27, 1995 will be The Agent Bank US\$ 2,913 33 per US\$ 100,000

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEPTS IN SHARP CORPORATION

EDRI holders are informed of a divisional to holders of record date March 31, 1994. The cost dividend provides of the Control of t

NOTICE TO NOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARTY RECEIPTS IN NEPPON FIRE & MARRINE INSURANCE CO. LTD. MEPON FIRE & MARRINE INSURANCE CO. LTD. EDR holders are unformed of a dividend to holders or a reformed of a dividend to holders or a resolution of the state of the state. EDR holders may now present Cooper for 18 to \$4 persent for the artifetimental agents. Permond of the dendered with a 15% withholding tax is subject to receipt of a valid attitude of tendence in a country having a ten metals or approximant with placing through the professional metals.

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Allied trish Banks Plc Subordinated Primary Capital Perpetual Floating Rate Notes Perpensel Floreing Haller recent in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given, theil for the three months interest Percel from July 29, 1994 to October 31, 1994 the Notes with carry an interest Russ of 5,3125% per arrunt. The spectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$10,000 and U.S. \$250,000. The sum of U.S. \$138,72 will be payable per U.S. \$10,000 principal amount of Registered Notes. By: The Chase Mandottes Bush, ILA. Lundon, Arned Bush

July 29, 1894

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BRADFORD &BINGLEY £100,000,000

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Floating Rate Notes

Due January 1995

In occordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, the interest rate for the period 28th July, 1994 to 28th October, 1994 has been fixed at 5,72917% per annum. The interest payable on 28th October, 1994 against Coupon 11 will be £144.41 per £10,000 poorinal.







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a path through the serrounding trees.

World Wide Fund For Nature Speech Third White Food

The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on **Britain's Ethnic Businesses**

The survey will report on the important contribution made to the economy by ethnic minority businesses in the United Kingdom. It will examine how their future prospects will be affected by competition at home and from abroad, and how they are responding to the challenge of economic revival in the UK.

on Thursday, October 13.

For more information on editorial content and detells of advertising opportunities available in this survey, please contact:

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100,000 GUARANTEED PLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPTAL NOTES DUE LANLARY 1997
Tally green that the Rate of Internal has been fused at 5,25% and that the ble on the relevant learnest Represent Date October 31, 1998 agoent Couplant period USS 10,000 normal of the Notes will be USS 137 DB NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS IN MONUFA SECURITIES CO. LTD.

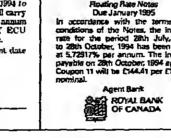
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Holders are efformed of a dwadent to helders of rotand data March JI., 1994, The diretard populate is Yon. 10 per common stock of Yon. 50 00 per share EDA holders not promptly the property of the polyment to the undermembered agents, and of the dividend with a 15% withholding late is added to control them. The state of the dividend with a 15% withholding late is added to with Japan given young benefit of the control to country hybring in its insaly or agreement with Japan given young benefit of the NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS IN

ECU 300.000.000 Kingdom of Belgium

Floating Rate Notes due 2000 For the period from July 29, 1994 to October 31, 1994 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 50% per annum with an interest amount of ECU L534.03 per ECU 100,000 Note. The relevant interest payment thate will be October 3L 1994.

Agent Busic BANQUE PARIBAS















INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Strong results in all sectors lift AIG net income

American International Group, the US-based insurance group. notched up a further 14 per cent advance in net income in the second quarter, despite little change in US property/casualty insurance rates during the

The improvement came on the hack of a 9.3 per cent growth in premiums compared with a year before, and the absence of catastrophes in the US, which led to a fail in the group's combined loss ratio from 99.6 a year before to

AIG reported net income of \$550m on revenues of \$5.6bn, against \$482m on revenues of \$5bn the year before. Earnings per share were \$1.74, up from \$1.52.

Mr Maurice Greenberg, chairman, attributed the advance to strong results in all of the group's businesses.

He said the property/casualty business in the US was belped by the absence of catastrophes, while premium rates were little changed from the previous quarter.

On the general insurance side, pre-tax income rose 14 per cent to \$379m on a 9 per cent rise in premiums, to \$2.9hn. Life insurance premiums, meanwhile, grew by 16 per cent to \$1.7bn, fuelling a 19 per cent advance in pre-tax income

For the first half, net income of \$1.1bn was 8 per cent higher

Transamerica drops

Transamerica, the San Francisco-hased financial services group, fell 10 per cent from a record high the year before, a period when the earnings had heen lifted hy investment gains, writes Richard Waters.

Excluding these one-off items, net income on continuing operations, of \$103m, was up from \$99m the year before on stronger results from leasing and consumer and commercial lending. Mr Frank Herringer, president and chief executive, said the company was "encouraged by signs of recovery in the Californian economy" and expected 1994 as a whole to be a good year. During the latest period,

planning services dropped to \$16m from \$20m the year before, as the wave of mortgage refinancings by US homeowners diminished with higher interest rates. This decline was more than

income from real estate tax

offset by a rise in income from commercial lending to \$14m, from \$9m the year before, thanks to lower credit losses and better lending margins. Leasing income was up \$2m at \$16m and consumer lending rose \$1m to \$24m.

Reported net income was \$106m, or \$1.34 a share, down from \$124m, or \$1.49, the year before. First-half net income of

Bristol-Myers joins Cadus

Bristol-Myers Squibb, US drug cent stake in Cadus. company, has signed its big. It has also commi gest collaborative deal with a to additional equity investblotechnology company, writes Daniel Green.

Its partner in the deal, worth up to \$45m, is New York's ing including flotation.
Cadus Pharmaceutical, a specialist in rapid screening of large numbers of potential drugs. BMS will take a 15 per drugs work in the body.

It has also committed Itself

ments, on the achievement of

certain scientific milestones. and to further Cadus fund rais-Cadus receives up to five years of research funding for work into the way hormones or

IBM plans 2,000 job cuts in PC overhaul

By Louise Kehoe in San Francisco

International Business Machines is expected to announce plans to consolidate its personal computer operations with the loss of about 2,000 jobs, or 20 per cent of the division's workforce.

Many of the remaining workers will be asked to move from sites in Florida and New York state to North Carolina. The US group will also begin to simplify its PC product line, which includes about 500 models which differ only slightly. Management changes are also

The reorganisation Is esigned to cut costs and boost IBM's flagging performance in the highly competitive PC market. During the past nine months the company has lost its leadership in PC sales,

according to analysts. While Compaq Computer's revenues jumped 53 per cent in the latest quarter, IBM's PC sales were np only about 5 per cent and the company said its US sales had declined slightly.

The 2,000 job losses are part of IBM's plans to reduce its total workforce from ahont 235,000 to 215,000 by the end of the year. It also said it would close one of its mainframe computer production plants, in Kingston, New York, next year and relocate 1,500 workers to a similar plant.

The closure reflects the phasing out of IBM's watercooled mainframe technology which is being replaced with less expensive air-cooled models hased on complementary metal oxide semiconductor

Goodrich buys textile operation

BF Goodrich, the US chemicals group, will acquire the textile coatings business of France's Rhône-Poulenc for an undisclosed price, AP-DJ reports. The coatings business employs 110 people with sales of \$48m in 1993. Goodrich's specialty chemicals business recorded sales of \$830m in 1993.

Time ticks away for Air France reprieve

The French carrier must bite the reform bullet by 1996, writes John Ridding in Paris

A reprieve? That is the question confronting Wednesday's Air France after Wednesday's approval of a controversial FFr20bn (83.6bn) capital injection for the ailing airline from its state sharebolder.

The conditions attached to approval of state aid were numerous, but were largely anticipated and scarcely aggressive, prompting strong condemnation from several of the French carrier's rivals.

For Air France it is unclear whether the additional finance will underpin recovery or whether it will represent just the latest, and hy far the biggest, sacrifice of funds in the airline's history of decline. The answer will depend on

wbether the French national carrier finally hites the bullet of reform and addresses the strategic and management weaknesses behind losses that reached FFr8.48bn last year. This is half the deficit of the world's leading airlines.

"They have to restructure, and quickly," says Mr Guy Kekwick, analyst at Lehman Brothers in London. "They are in a serious financial situation, and without the kind of reforms that other airlines have undertaken, they will struggle to survive the next downturn in the market." The first FFr10bn trancbe of state aid will ease the airline's immediate financial pressures. The cost of financing its debts of more than FFrS5bn resulted in financial charges of FFr3.51bn last year, while oegative cashflow has forced the company to borrow to fund such basic requirements as

However, under the terms of the Commission's approval for the capital increase, the next two tranches of funds, due in 1995 and 1996, will only be permitted if Air France delivers on a three-year cost-cutting and restructuring plan, drawn up by Mr Christian Blanc, the chairman. In addition it must maintain its piedge to reduce its fleet and dispose of assets, such as the Meridien hotels

Previous restructuring at Air France has failed miserably. often due to the resistance of the airline's 14 trade unions. Last October, strikes forced a numiliating climbdown by the French government and the scrapping of a recovery plan drawn up by Mr Bernard Attali, who resigned as chairman in protest.

So far, Mr Blanc has made progress in implementing his reforms. An audacious referendum of the airline's staff in April won him approval for a framework restructuring package, allowing him to introduce



Christian Blanc: progress in implementing his reforms

a wage freeze and to start cutting the workforce through voluntary redundancies. Air France says the target of 2,100 job cuts this year, from a total workforce of 39,600 at the beginning of January, should be achieved.

There is a long way to go to Mr Blanc's objective of a 30 per cent productivity increase over the next two years. Moreover, most industry analysts believe the plan, scarcely more ambitious than that drawn up by Mr Attali, is at best the minimum required for Air France's

Mr Blanc is negotiating with unions concerning the reorgan-isation of working practices.

rotas and management structures are vital if the productivity improvements demanded by Brussels are to be obtained by the end of 1996. But some unions, including the pllots' union, are opposed to the proposed productivity measures.

On the revenue side, Alr France is benefiting from a rebound in passenger traffic and an increased load factor, which averaged 72.5 per cent in the first five months, against about 64 per cent in the same period last year.

However, the airline's wings are being clipped by the Com-mission's demand that it restrict traffic growth to 2.7 per cent per year.
"This will be a constraint,"

says one airline analyst. "But the priority for the airline is to increase the revenues per passenger rather than the number of passengers."
Air France bas outlined

plans to reduce its fleet from 166 aircraft to 149 within five years and to cut some nonprofitable routes. A thorny problem could be o

transformation of Air France's relations with Air Inter, its domestic subsidiary. The European Commission has manded the capital increase should go only to Air France. As a result, the French government is proposing the separa-

Changes in working hours, tion of the two airlines and the creation of an umbrella holding company.

The legal separation of the domestic airline may bring complications - in particular, through an assertion of inde-pendence by the domestic airline, which feeds many of Air France's international routes through Orly and Charles de Gaulle airports in Paris and which is seeking greater access to European routes.

¬ he sensitivity of Air Inter's unions, anxious L for a more equal relationship with Air France, was demonstrated yesterday. Some union leaders refused to attend a meeting with Mr Blanc to discuss the group's new struc-ture, expressing concerns that Air Inter would be left to the tion of the internal French air-line market while Air France receives all of the state aid.

The establishment of a new relationship with Air Inter is a complex task which will be dif-ficult to resolve quickly. Unfor-tunately for Air France, time is firmly against it.

After the controversy of the latest capital injection, and with Brussels adamant, this must be the last recourse to state funds. Air France must now, or never, learn to fly on

Placer Dome helped by higher gold prices

Higher gold prices helped Placer Dome, the Vancouverbased mining group, to post a slight rise in second-quarter earnings, in spite of a drop in

Earnings climbed to US\$24m. or nine cents a share, from \$21m, or eight cents, a year earlier. Sales rose to \$242m from \$234m.

Placer's share of gold production from its 14 mines in the US, Canada, Chile, Australia and Papua New Guinea fell to 449,000 ounces from 453,000 ounces. But the average price advanced to \$387 per ounce, from \$357. First-half output was down to 891,000 ounces

from 903.000 ounces. Higher production at five mines was offset by the disposal of the Dona Lake mine and closure of the Equity Silver mine, and by lower production at the Detour Lake, Kidston, La Coipa and Golden Sunlight properties.

Placer said its share of production would total 1.6m ounces this year. Output from Australasia was expected to dip by 7 per cent, mainly due to lower grades at the Kidston and Porgera mines.

Production from Canada would fall by 3 per cent, but the US would grow by 5 per cent, mainly with improved grades and mill throughput at the Correz mine and new production at Bald Mountain.

Bid speculation | Elf in FFr1bn assets hoists Williams

By Patrick Harverson in New York

Shares in Williams Companies, the diversified US energy group, rose yesterday amid speculation that LDDS Communications had increased its offer for WilTel, Williams' telecommunications unit, to \$2.5bn from \$2bn.

WilTel, with revenues last year of just under \$1bn, operates the fourth largest US adaynced national fibre optic long-distance telecommunications network. Williams rejected the original, unsolicited, offer from LDDS, the Mississippl-based telecommuni-

cations group, in May.
Williams shares were up \$1!: at \$32% in early trade.

Republic of Italy

ECU1,000,000,000

Floating rate notes due

5.866259: per appum from

29 July 1994 to 31 October

1994, Interest payable on 31 October 1994 will amount to

ECU76.59 per ECU5,000 note

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

U.S. \$70,000,000

Autopista

Vasco-Aragonesa,

Concesionaria

Española, S.A.

Guaranteed Floating Rate

Notes due 1995

The Kingdom of Spain

Notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from July 29, 1994 to January 30, 1995 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 5.375%, per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payants Coupon No. 18 will be U.S. \$278.22 and U.S. \$6,905.38 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$10,000 and U.S. \$250,000.

By: The Chase Maphettan Bank, N.A.

Daiwa International Finance

(Cayman) Limited

U.S.\$200,060,000

Subordinated Floating

Rate Notes due 2001

Guaranteed on a

subordinated basis by

The Daiwa Bank, Limited

Leadon, Agent Bank

July 29, 1994

note and ECUI,531.74 per ECUI00,000 note.

JPMorgan

and ECU765.87 per ECU50,000

Notice is hereby given that the notes will bear interest at

deal for BNP shares where it holds investments

By John Ridding

Elf Aquitaine, the French oil company privatised earlier this year, yesterday said it would sell FFr1.1hn (\$198m) worth of industrial investments to Banque Nationale de Paris, Its principal bank.

Elf will be paid in BNP shares, which will make the oll group the second largest investor in the bank with more than 4 per cent of its capital. Elf holds 1.86 per cent of BNP's shares - taken at BNP's privatisation last autumn. A joint statement said the

deal reflected Elf's strategy of disposing of non-core assets and BNP's desire to strengthen its position in venture capital,

The Kingdom of Belgium

Floating rate notes due

provisions of the notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from 29 July

rate of interest on the notes mili

interest payable on the relevant payment dote, 31 January 1995 will be US\$6,619.79 per

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

1994 to 31 January 1995 the

be 5.125% per onnum. The

In accordance with the

U\$\$400,000,000

1996

worth about FFri5bn. The two companies are part of each other's noyau dur of long-term stable investors. Elf will sell the industrial

assets held by Financière Gamma, o subsidiary of CPIH, which in turn is a joint subsidlary of Elf and Elf Gabon, which groups the oil company's Gabon interests. The operation is expected to involve the issue of between 4m and 4.4m BNP shares.

The assets involved are nonlisted and most are venture " capital investments. They include Marie Brizard, the liqueur company and France Elevage, the genetics and agricultural concern.

European Investment

Floating rate notes due

Notice is hereby given that the notes will bear interest at 5%

per annum from 29 July 1993

payable on 30 January 1995 will amount to US\$ 128.47 per

US\$2,569.44 per US\$100,000

Agent: Morgan Guaranty

Wells Fargo & Company

Floating rate subordinated

The notes will bear interest at

to 31 August 1994. Interest payable on 31 August 1994 will

amount to US\$48.13 per US\$10,000 and US\$240.65 per

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

5.25% per annum for the interest period 29 July 1994

to 30 January 1995. Interest

US\$250,000,000

US\$5,000 note and

Trust Company

JPMorgan

US\$200,000,000

notes due 2000

January 2003

Bank

U.S. \$300,000,000 Canadian Imperial Bank

of Commerce (A Canadian Chartered Bank)

Floating Rate Debenture Notes due 2084 Notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from July 29, 1994 to January 30, 1995 the Debenture Notes will carry an interest rate of 5.50% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, January 30, 1995 against Coupon No. 19 will be U.S. \$282.64 and U.S. \$7,066.00 respectively for Debenture

London, Agent Bank July 29, 1994



Notes in denominations of U.S. \$10,000 and U.S. \$250,000. By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

DO YOU WANT TO KNOW A SECRET? The LD.S. Gann Seminar will show you how the markets REALLY work. The america rading techniques of the legendary W.D. Genn can increase your profits and contain your sses. How? That's the secret. Ring 061 474 0080 to book your FREE place.





Wednesday 14th September 91% of Professional investors in Europe regularly read the Financial Times and 75% consider the FT to be

most important or useful in their work.*

19% of all Seninr European businessmen read the Financial Times: more than any other international publication.**

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John Rolley or Simone Egil

Lindsay Shepperd in London Tel: +44 71-873 3225 Fax: +44 71-873 3428

FT Surveys



Bristol & West Building Society gives notice to holders of the Notes of its offer by way of header (the "Offer") to purchase Notes at a price of 100.20% of their principal amount, plus an amount equal to accrued interest. Purchases are to be effected for settlement on Monday, 8th August 1994. Capitalised terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes.

Notes tendered will be purchased up to a maximum aggregate principal amount of £50,000,000. If Notes in an aggregate principal amount in excess of £50,000,000 are tendered, Notes up to such amount will be purchased on such basis as may be determined by Bristol & West Building Society on its sole discretion.

Holders who wish to tender their Notes for purchase pursuant to the Offer should contact Kleinwort Benson Limited directly (Douglas Rouse on 071-623-9140) quuting the Euroclean or Cedel Securities Account Number of any, and stating the aggregate principal amount of Notes to be repurchased. immediately after contacting Kleinwort Benson Limited those holders who hold through Euroclear or Cedel should contact Euroclear or Cedel directly to confirm that their tender has been accepted and to give instructions to effect

Kleinwort Berson Limited is co-ordinating the terms of this Offer on behalf of Bristol & West Building Society. The Offer will remain open until close of business on 3rd August 1994.

PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT
Morgao Guaranty Trust Company of New York
60 Victoria Embankment, London EC4Y 0JP

PAYING AGENTS
Banque Paribas Luxembourg Morgan
10A boulevard Royal
L-3093 Luxembourg Avenue de of New York Avenue des Aris, 35, B-1040 Brussels

Approved for the purpose of Section 97 [1] of the Figuricial Services Act 1986 by Klemwort Benson Limited, a member of the Securities and Futures Authority.



EXTEL CHECKS OUT AGAIN

One day ahead of the official announcement Extel told its subscribers about the impending Sainsbury counter offer for William Low with its headline at lunchtime on Wednesday July 27:

>Dealers expect 310 pence Sainsbury bid for Wm Low Tomorrow

Oo Thursday morning Sainsbury announced its offer. If you want to hear what the market is saying, please contact James Barratt on 071-825 8233

NEWS THAT MOVES MARKETS

Sakura Finance Asia Limited

Mítsuí Finance Asia Limited U.S.\$150,000,000 Guaranteed Fioating Rate Notes 1997

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the three month period 29th July, 1994 to but excluding 31st October, 1994 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of \$.0625% per annum. Coupon will be U.S.\$132.19 on the Notes of U.S.\$10,000.

🕵 SAKURA TRUST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

29th July, 1994

Primary for electrically controlled to the electrical controlled to the el To Provide the Control of Provided the Control of Prov 12 load profession of the control of

off electricity 021 423 3018 Powerline

Republic New York Corporation U.S.\$150.000.000 U.S.\$150,000,000
Putable Capital Notes
For the six month period July 29,
1994 to Jonuary 31, 1995 the
Notes will carry an interest rate of
5.5% per annum with an interest
amount of U.S.\$284,17 per
U.S.\$10,000 Note payable on
January 31, 1995.

July 29, 1994 By: Citibank, N.A. (lasuer Services) Agent Bank

lateresi Raie 0.8.51.334.93 The Daiwa Bank, Limited Lendou Branc as Agent Bank **DE PARIS** USD 250.000.000,

BANQUE NATIONALE Floating Rate due 1997 26/7/94 up tu 26/10/94 ns

agent is 5,0625 per cent per

aunum namely USD 1293,75 per bond of USD 100,000.

24th July, 1944 to 31st October, 1994 94 days 5.11 25% per atmost

CHASE

National Australia Bank Limited US\$100,000,000 Floating rate notes due Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest relating to the

above issue has been fixed at 5.50 per cent for the period 29 July 1994 to 31 January 1995. interest payable an 31 January 1995 per US\$10,000 note will Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

ANZBank Australia and New Zealand **Banking Group Limited** Australian Company Number 005 557 522 (Incorporated with limited liability in the State of Victoria, Australia) £200,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1997 Notice is hereby given that for the Interest Ferrod 26th July, 1994 to 26th October, 1994, the Notes will carry a Rate of Interest of 5,4375 per cent. per annum. The Amount of Interest per £10,000 Note will be £137.05 and per £100,000 Note will be £1,370.55. payable on 26th October, 1994.

Listed on the Luxeinbourg Swell Exchange Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank

US \$100,000,000 Credit dn Nord Floating Rate Notes due 1997

For the period from July 29, 1994 to October 28, 1994 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 55/35 per annum with an Interest amount of US \$182.71 per US \$10,000 Note. The relevant interest payment date will be October 28, 1984. Agent Bank:

D

BANQUE PARIBAS

¥16,000,060,096 Floating Rate Deposits Receipts Due 1995 - 4,00%

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INTEREST RATES

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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Treasuries make progress despite news on jobs

year notes into the market.

exceed the consensus forecast.

In the absence of significant

fundamental news, European

government bonds spent

another day drifting sideways on low volume. However, vola-

Wednesday's sell-off, recover-

ing on investor buying and eas-

GOVERNMENT

BONDS

By Frank McGurty in New York and Conner Middelmann In London

IIS Treasury honds made progress yesterday morning spite a stronger than expected reading on conditions in

the labour market.

By midday, the benchmark 30-year government bond was % higher at 84%, with the yield slipping to 7.556 per cent. At the short end, the two-year note was np 1 at 991, to yield 6.21 per cent.

Bonds across the spectrum came under early pressure when the Labor Department reported that initial claims for unemployment benefit last week had fallen by 59,000 to 331,000, the lowest level since March 26.

Analysts, however, ettrlbuted the steep decline to tech-

nical factors and discounted the raw data as an accurate reading of the condition of the

This interpretation allowed Treasuries to climb back into positive territory, though the approach of today's prelimipary estimate of second-quar ter gross domestic product held bonds in check, especially at the short end of the maturity

Today's GDP report should ovide a clue to the timing of the Federal Reserve's next move to lift short-term interest rates. Economists were predicting second-quarter growth would come in at 3.9 per cent up from 3.4 per cent in the first three months of the year.

data, dealers were trying to

distribute this week's fresh

tility remained high due to thin market conditions. ■ Gilts had another rollar-As traders sought to square coaster session: falling at the opening in the aftermath of their positions ahead of the

ing back in late trade on wor-ries about a rise in UK interest supply of two-year and five-The influx of new paper rates. The September long gilt eightened the potential for a futures contract closed et 101 &. sharp downturn in prices should the GDP estimate up & on the day.

Continuing worries about the possibility of an imminent

rate increase, which pushed three-month rates to their year's high yesterday, contin-ued to weigh on the market. Most people have been expecting rates to rise eventually, but now there's increasing talk that we'll see a pre-emptive rate hike sooner than expected," said e senior gilt trader.

Nervousness aheed of today's second-quarter US GDP data also overhung the market.
"Going into the data, people aren't willing to take any sizeable positions either way," said Mr Ifty Islam, international bond strategist et Marrill

Still, traders reported some investor buying of medium and long-dated stock, which helped gilts recoup their losses during the day. Switching into gilts from neighbouring markets was also reported, helping gilts' 10-year yield spread over bunds to narrow to around 183 basis points from Wednes high of 195 basis points.

Trading in the German bond market was technical and futures-driven, with retail investors said to be sidelined. The late breach of key support levels on the September bund future gave scope for further falls in the contrect and, according to Mr Peter Kerger, head of futures and options at NatWest Markets in Frankfurt, it could test 92.20 in the coming days. However, he said he

The contract ended at 92.82 on Germany's DTB, down 0.48 points on the day.

French bonds fell in line with hunds, ignoring the Bank of France's widely expected 10 basis point cut in its intervention rate to 5 per cent. The September notional bond contract on Matif ended the day at 116.84, down 0.34 points on the day.

Italian bonds took a breather after the recent sell-off, closing only slightly weaker. However sentiment remains weak given the fragile political back ground, and the merket is expected to remain volatile as the corruption probe continues into Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi's holding company Fin-

Vietnam Frontier Fund raises \$50m

By Victor Mallet in Bangkok

Vietnam Frontier Fund, the latest investment fund aimed at the fast-growing economies of Indochina, has received commitments for \$50m. The fund's managers had initially hoped to raise as much as \$100m.

There are four investment funds operating in Vietnam, and all are listed in Dublin, mostly for tax reasons. The other three funds have raised some \$170m.

Finding viehle investments in Vietnam has proved difficult and slow for all four funds. Only \$25m of the \$50m m commitments to the Vietnam Frontier Fund has actually been paid in, with the remainder on call from the investors.

The new fund plans to take a particularly active role in creating and managing the companies and projects in which it buys a stake, and would be able to provide them with credit.

"Because issnes such as training and control are criti-

Vietnam today, the managers of the fund will second staff as required to ensure that its vestments are property nurtured," the fund said

By providing stand-by letters of credit for new projects, the fund said it "hopes to be able to provide one of the missing elements in the current Vietnamese investment environ-The fund said it would open

offices in the capital Hanol and in Ho Chi Minh City, the southern commercial centre thet includes Saigon, and would look at investments in real estate development, natural resources, hanking and financial services, tourism, infrastructure and industry. Finansa Thai, a Bangkok-

hased merchant bank group, owns 70 per cent of the fund's management company. Stockbroket HG Asia has 20 per cent and N. X. Oanh Associates of Vietnam 10 per cent.

Mr Eugene Davis, fund president, said: "We plan to commit our first investment for the cal to successful investment in fund within the next month.

Peregrine Investments forms Burmese venture

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Peregrine Investments Holdings, the Hong Kong based merchant banking and securities house, has joined forces with Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings of Yangon, a privetely-owned company which handles investments for pension funds, to form a joint venture investment company

in Myanmar, Burma. The fund is to focus on direct investments in new projects, as well as existing companies. The Hong Kong group says it

is optimistic about the country's economic outlook as it continues to open up to foreign investors.

Peregrine operates in Burma through its 80 per cent owned subsidiary Peregrine Capital Myanmar in Yangon. This company has directly

invested in shrimp processing joint ventures with the Department of Fisheries in Burma, and is engaged in agency direct investment and financial advisory work for foreign companies looking to invest in the

Seven-year sterling issue for European Investment Bank

By Graham Bowley and Antonia Sharpe

The European Investment Bank (EIB) followed up Wednesday's Y50bn three-year offering yesterday with e £200m issue of seven-year euro bonds. The bonds were priced to yield 5 basis points over the 7 per cent UR government

bond due 2001. Syndicate managers ques-tioned the timing of the issue, in view of Wednesday's sharp fall in the gilts market. Some reported subdued demand for the bonds and predicted thet they would struggle in second-

ary market trading. However, the EIB and lead manager B2W said the recent fall in the gilt market had little impact on the issue. Indeed, the ETB said its bonds had ben-

efited from the better tone in gilts vesterday. BZW said most of the demand came from continental European retail and institu- bonds, to yield 20 basis points

tional investors, ettracted by the current coupon of 8.5 per cent and the significant discount to par.

The EIB had also taken advantage of the lack of supply in the seven-year area. swap spreads in the eurosterl-

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

ing market, there have not been any issues with a sevenyear maturity this year," BZW

The EIB said the funds raised from the issue will be on-lent to projects in the UK. About 90 per cent of the EIB's sterling borrowings this year have gone back into the UK. Ontario Hydro tapped the short end of the Canadian dollar curve, raising C\$350m through an offering of two-year eurobonds. The pricing of the

over two-year Canadian government bonds, was seen to be fair, although some syndicate managers thought the issue was too large given its orientation towards retail investors.

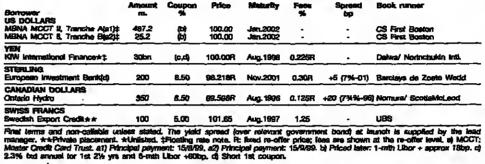
Joint lead manager Nomura

said the wide differential between yields on Japanese and Canedian government bonds and the view that the yen was close to its peak made these bonds attractive to Japanese investors. Two-year Canadian govern-

ment bonds currently yield around 8% per cent, compared with around 2.60 per cent on Japanese government bonds with the same maturity. Nomura reported e strong

take-up from its regional offices while ScotiaMcLeod, the other joint lead, expected the balance to be placed in Europe over time. Soon after the bonds were freed to trade, the suread widened out to around 23 basis

Elsewhare, Morocco is



NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

believed to have asked several investment banks, including Paribas, Salomon Brothers and two other US bouses, for advice ebout a possibla return to the international bond markets following the rescheduling

of its foreign debt last year. The country is thought to be interested in raising between \$100m and \$200m through a

eurobond or e Yankee bond issue, or failing that, by means of a private placement. The maximum maturity would be five years, although three years was more likely to appeal to investors.

Bankers said Morocco's debt had traded well since the restructuring and investors with holdings of emerging mar-

ket debt were keen to diversify ewey from Latin American paper, but the difficult condi-tions in the international bond markets and the volatile situation in Algeria could hamper Morocco's return. A further disadvantage was that Morocco did not have a credit rating, although it might well seek one in the near future.

OBLD BC	ND PR	ICES																													
NCHMAR	K GOVE	FINME	INT BO	NDS	-	-		Italy		-,						FT-ACTUARIES	FIXED	INTERES	T IND	ICES											
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rafie um nark	8.000 7,250 8.500 7,000 8.000	09/04 04/04 06/04 12/04 05/98	98.0200 94,8500 81,9500 92,9000 104,5000	-1.380 -0.800 +0.280 -0.750 -0.130	6.52 6.08 9.34 8.03 8.58	9.82 7.89 9.15 7.91 8.53	9.84 7.94 9.27 8.37 6.79	Sep Dec	Open 101,10 100.00	Sett price 101,00 98,75	Change -0.25 -0.40	High 101.78 100.00	100.68 100.00	Est. vol 49865 15	Open Int. 82305 191	1 Up to 5 years (24) 2 5-15 years (22) 3 Over 15 years (5) 4 Irredeemables (6) 5 All stocks (61)	120.58 139.26 154.99 177.84 196.83	-0.24 -0.32 -0.13 -0.25 -0.26	120.87 140.09 155.20 178.07 137.37	1.49 1.61 1.33 2.32 1.54	7.95 8.11	5 yrs 15 yrs 20 yrs kred.†	8.33 8.51 8.47 8.53	8.26 8.47 8.49 8.51	8.70 7.68 7.83 7.68	8.51 8.64 8.64	8,48 8,59 8,59	6,88 7,80 7,88	8.60 8.69 8.74	8.52 8.57 8.72	7.08 8.05 8.08
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n No 115 Marianda		06/99 12/03 01/04	104.7350 96.0710 91.8400		3.66 4.39 8.98	3.87 4.34 8.82	3.58 • 4.30 7.10	Price 10100 10150	1	Sep .81 .36	Dac 2.33 2.13		Sep 1,61 1.86		Dec 3,58 3,89	6 Up to 5 years (2) 7 Over 5 years (11)	186,49 170,35 171,14	-0.28 -0.46 -0.44	187,02 171,13 171,89	1.62 0.56 0.86	2.53 3.26 3.16		3.8			.79 .41		79 2. 75 3.		.00 .23	
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reasury *	8,000 7,250 6,250	10/08 05/04 08/23 04/04	109~00 99~21 84~20 87.7800	-5/32 +7/32 +13/32 -0.460	8.83 7.30 7.56 7.84	8.35 7.24 7.55 7.70	8.80 7.33 7.61	Carlo								9 Debs & Loans (75) Average gross redemption ye	128,67 kis am show	+0.11 en above. Coup	126,53 on Bends: L	2.98 pu: 0%-74%;	5.87 Medium: 8	%-104%; Highc	9.64 11% and c	9.84 Over. † 19	8.45 let yield, ye	9,58 d Year to s	8,58 late.	8.75	9.53	9.54	8.89
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Independent to cut cover price

The Independent newspaper has decided to cut its cover price and the reduction is expected as early as Monday.

The response to the national newspaper price war is one of a number of editorial and business decisions that should pave the way to the signing of a formal agreement between Mir-ror Group Newspapers and the consortlum that owns The Independent group.

The agreement under which MGN, a minority shareholder in Newspaper Publishing, own-ers of The Independent and The Independent on Sunday, will run all aspects of the business apart from editorial has

yet to be signed. The plan was first announced in March hut it has been considered impossible to complete the deal until a new editor was appointed and a number of editorial decisions had heen taken.

Mr Ian Hargreaves, deputy editor of The Financial Times, this week accepted the editor-ship. Mr Andreas Whittam Smith, the main founder of the paper, will give up the editor-ship this week when be goes on holiday. Mr lan Jack, editor of The Independent on Sunday, will be acting editor until Mr Hargreaves arrives in the middle of next month. MGN was helieved to he

wary about signing the agree-

ment before an editor was in

cial penalties if the company fails to reach agreed targets. Apart from the issue of cover price - The Times is now selling at 20p and the Daily Telegraph at 30p during the week the issues include the number of newspaper sections on offer and their format.

place because there are finan-

Having taken the decision on Wednesday to cut the price of the paper, shareholders will decide on Sunday how much the cover price will be reduced from its current 50p. The paper will remain a premium product aimed at the top end of the market but the price will come down at least to 45p, to match The Guardian, or possibly 40p. The formal agreement

main shareholders - El Pais of Spain, La Repubblica of Italy and Mr Tony O'Reilly's Irish Independent group - may be signed within a matter of

Planning is going ahead as if the agreement is already in place and the editorial staff of The Independent and its Sunday sister title are expected to move to their new offices alongside MGN in Canary Wharf in London's Docklands in November.

Meanwhile Mr Sergio Cellini, who hecame an executive director of The independent earlier this year, has been appointed managing director of Newspaper Publishing.

Mixed fortunes for market hopefuls

By David Wighton

Magnum Power, the Scottish electronics company, yesterday announced a successful placing of £4.5m of shares. valuing it at £14.6m ahead of its flotation on the USM.

Bnt, Aromascan, the other start-up business currently on its way to the stock market, has been forced to put back its plans by a week.

One of the company's advisers hlamed the rail strike, which had prevented it seeing some key Institutions. NM Rothschild, which is sponsor-ing the £12m placing, has put back the impact day until next Tuesday.

Magnum, which was formed in 1990, has designed a built-in uninterruptible power supply for personal computers, which is claimed to be half the price of existing external products.

It claims that no other uninterruptible power supply can currently be built into standard personal computers while meeting the technical standards demanded by most original equipment manufacturers.
It lost £1.23m on turnover of

ooly £59,000 in the year to May, but in the prospectus the directors state that they believe the company will reach the break-even point of 6,000 units a month by December

None of the existing share-bolders have sold stock, and have undertaken not to sell their existing holdings for at least two years after flotation. The placing is sponsored by Henry Cooke.

apply for a quotation on the USM if they can demonstrate that they will generate signifi-

for detecting odours, is looking to raise £12m from a

further development and the hallding of a manufacturing plant. The pathfinder prospectus projects first profits of £4m

By John McManus in Dublin

Operating profits at Telecom Eireann, the Irish

state-owned telecommunications company, fell

12 per cent to I£173m (£171m) in the year ended

The company blamed the fall on tighter mar-gins after the introduction of more competitive

charges last autumn, following the opening up

of its international monopoly to competitors,

The board said yesterday it would report to the government in October on its strategic objectives and the possibility of an alliance with

an international telecommunications company.

Mr Ron Bolger, chairman, refused to confirm

whether Cable and Wireless, which is reported to have hid £450m for a 40 per cent share of

Telecom Eireann's main operations, would

He said the board would draw up the list of

including British Telecommunications.

Medeva loses patent case in European court News of the appeal, however.

By Tim Burt

Medeva, the rapidly expanding pharmaceuticals company, yes-terday suffered a setback in its development programme after the European Patent Office upheld claims that it had infringed patents owned by Blogen, its US rival.

The UK group said it was dismayed by the ruling, made at an appeal hearing, which could prevent it developing a Hepatitis B vaccine The vaccine, which has been

at the centre of a legal battle between the companies for two years, was regarded as one of Medeva's best prospects for growth in the late 1990s. Industry analysts estimated 1995 sales for the vaccine at £30m with the worldwide mar-

ket worth more than £200m. Biogen said it was extremely pleased by the ruling. But Mr Bill Bogie, Medeva's chief executive, described it as "a surprise and disappointment".

Improved trading

came after the market closed and Medeva's shares were unchanged yesterday at 134p. It overturned a previous ruling in favour of Medeva, and means the company will have

persuade courts in any country where it wants to sell the vaccine to revoke the Biogen-held patents. The company is already seeking such a ruling in Lon-

don, where the Appeal Court is re-examining the High Court's decision last year that Medeva's activities had infringed the US group's patents.

That ruling, expected in Sep-tember, is likely to determine whether Medeva will take similar action in countries such as France and Germany. Mr Bogie said the company would still develop the vaccine for use in east Asia and in European countries where the Biogen patents do not apply.

"This is a setback. But the Hepatitis B project is one eleportfollo. Although it has great potential it is not critical to our future success."

Emphasising the group's determination to develop the vaccine, he predicted that it would continue to represent a large part of Medeva's research and development budget.

Further development of the drug may be hampered hy threatened legal action by the two Swiss companies that sold Medeva the part-developed vaccine for £9.3m two years

received a £3.86m down pay-ment, with the balancs due when development was completed and the product registered in European countries. Earlier this year Medeva was

warned of possible legal action after the completion date for development of the vaccine was put back to 1995 - delaying payments to the Swiss

National

Express to

run service

in Poland

By Christopher Bobinski

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Wet winter holds Motor World back

By Andrew Bolger

Mystery

surrounds

By Andrew Baxter

Caparo 'US

An exceptionally wet winter with minimal frost held back progress hy Motor World, the car parts and accessories retailer which came to the market in Fehruary last

Pre-tax profits advanced by 20 per cent to £1.76m in the six months to May 1, but the figures were flattered by lower interest payments. The underlying increase was 5 per cent.

Turnover rose 15 per cent to £21.5m, with growth reflecting new additions to the chain, which increased from 203 to 217 outlets during the period. A further 25

branches have been opened since the beginning of May, hringing the total to

Mr Darrell Kershaw, managing director. said motorists were less likely to work on their cars in wet weather, and the virtual absence of frost removed the usual seasonal boost to sales of batteries and anti-

However, demand across the group had been improving since Easter and he expected to see second half results benefit from the recent wave of openings.

The Bradford-based group is mainly represented in the north of England, Wales and the Midlands. However, it has recently

moved into the south-west and has just opened a hranch in Welwyn Gardeo City, north of London. It has also bought an eight-branch chain

in the Irish Republic, where it is expected that an MOT test will shortly be Intro-The manufacturing, packaging and distribution division, which accounts for

about 30 per cent of sales, had performed well on the back of an expanding customer base and increased sales to continental

Earnings per share rose to 8.7p against a pre-forma 8.1p. The interim dividend is lifted to 2.5p (2.3p).

Japanese venture behind 88% advance at Unitech

purchase'

Mystery last night surrounded an announcement by Mr Swraj Paul, the Angio-Indian hustnessman, that his privatelyheld Caparo steel and engineering group had made its higgest acquisition ever hy acquiring "a \$400m US steel

Mr Pani told Reuter in New Delhi that a deal to acquire the un-named Pittshurghhased company was signed early yesterday.

Officials at Caparo's London headquarters were trying to contact Mr Paul yesterday for further clarification, after be had faxed them a message saying a letter of intent had been signed to buy "a major Ameri-

The announcement cansed confusion among steel indus-try observers. Caparo is known to be interested in huy-Ing Sharon Steel, an integrated producer which is in Chapter 11 hankruptcy pro-

But that company is based in Sharon, Pennsylvania rather than Plttshurgh. And the plant which Caparo said it has bought makes 1.2m tonnes of hot-rolled colls, 60,000 tonnes of cold-rolled coils and 90,000 tonnes of galvanised sheets, which one analyst said did not sound like Sharon.

It is assumed that the \$400m (£258m) In Mr Paul's annonncement refers to the revennes of the company rather than the transaction

ded in the US. Its North American sales were £111m last year out of a total of £360m following the acquisitions of Caparo is thought to be the

Caparo has already expan-

Bull Moose Tube in 1988 and Bock Industries in 1990. front-runner in the hidding for Sharon, although a Dnich-backed group is also said to have made a cash bid.

amount of Note

By Tim Burt

Shares in Unitech rose 20p to 34Sp yesterday after the international electronic components and controls group announced an 88 per cent increase in fullyear profits. Pre-tax profits climbed to

£19.8m (£10.5m) after increased demand, particularly in east Asia, pushed sales ahead 20 per cent to £302.3m (£253m) in the year to May 31. Although favourable exchange rates flattered the

results by adding £29.4m to group turnover and £2.3m profits, operating profits rose from £13.7m to £24.4m. The improved performance

was underpinned by sharply increased profits at Nemic-Lambda, the group's 50.6 per cent-owned Japanese subsidiary, which contributed £12.3m (£3.6m) to the power supplies

Buoyant demand for power conversion equipment helped the division. Unitech's largest, more than double its profits to £20m (£9.94m) on increased sales of £205.4m (£164.9m).

Mr Peter Curry, chairman, said: "This success has been driven by Japan. The challenge now is to repeat that with our other divisions." The group has embarked on

a strategy to increase international sales by its two smaller husinesses: connectors, which manufactures electronic testing squipment; and control products, the heating and ventilating component company. Mr Curry said such moves,



flat trading conditions in continental Europe, where profits

connectors husiness - based in France - which reported a £539,000 loss compared with a £1.02m profit last time. Cost cuts, however, had led

trading profitably.

Peter Curry: further moves in Japan and China planned including joint ventures in for the year of 6.56p (6.1p). Japan and China, would offset

fell from £2.6m to £927,000.

The main victim was the

to improved efficiency in recent months, and Mr Curry said the business was now The control products divi-sion, meanwhile, benefited from steady growth in the UK and saw profits increase from

£1.95m to £4.8m on turnover of £51.9m (£38.9m). Earnings per share rose from 7.3p to 12.9p, and a final dividend of 4.32p (4p) makes a total

This set of results had analysts

searching for superlatives. Ver-dicts ranged from "extraordinary" to "excellent" after the figures exceeded most forecasts for the current year. With no sign of the yen weakening or a reversal in east Asian demand, this year's profit forecasts have been increased on average by a third to about £28m. The challenge for Unitech is to unlock shareholder value from Its stake in Nemic-Lambda, which is valued at £424m. If it achieves that and also manages to exploit signs of an upturn in Europe, the shares

the six months to June 30. Shares rose 30p to a new high of 610p. Turnover was 39 per cent higher at £24.6m Start-up husinesses can (£17.7m). Earnings per share improved by the same percentage to 18.5p (13.3p) and the

cent to 2.5p.

Cash amounted to £3.9m,

earlier because of acquisitions,

including The Training Centre,

Telecom Eireann to I£173m

cant revenues with 12 months of admission. Aromascan, which has developed a new technology

placing which would value the improved sales and profits groop st between £35m and through the recession and con-tinues to recruit steadily. Staff The money will be used for numbers total 854, 30 per cent higher than last year. down from £5.5m 12 months

behind 46% advance to £3.2m at Admiral purchased in February to strengthen computer training operations, and Sumlock Legal

improved trading conditions and continued emphasis on and products from Hay Logic, careful management helped which together formed a new company, Admiral Legal Systems. Stripping out the con-Admiral, the Surrey-based computing services company, lift pre-tax profits by 46 per tribution from purchases, turncent from £2.19m to £3.2m in over jumped 30 per cent and

operating profits 40 per cent.

Mr Clay Brendish, co-founder
and chairman, attributed the
performance to a strong and continuing relationship with existing customers. The Singapore and Australian subsidfaries were on their way to interim dividend goes up 25 per achieving critical mass and the The group, which specialises company was seeking to in consultancy, training and expand through acquisition in software, has consistently

has started well for all our operating companies. The signs are that the economy will continue to strengthen".

Admiral tends to perform uniformly across the year, suggesting full year pre-tax profits could approach £6.5m.

National Express Group, the UK's largest inter-city coach company, is to start an inter-city passenger service in Poland next month, becoming the first foreign carrier to The initial investment, of £2.3m, is comprised of 21 second-hand coaches hrought

from the Netherlands, Six routes are to be served in the Initial phase with Warsaw acting as a hub. National Express already mainland Europe.
He added: "The second half runs an international service to Poland through Its Eurolines subsidiary and

recently the UK company purchased Fregata, a Polish emigré-owned, London-based tourist operator with more than 30 years of experience in

the Polish market. Polski Express, National's wbolly owned local subsidiary, will be working with PKS, the International competition cuts Polish state-owned hus company which will be providing drivers and maintenance facilities as well

as selling tickets. PKS remains Poland's largest inter-city coach carrier with small private companies operating urban and short range rontes. The market is shrinking, though, as car ownership grows and ticket prices rise. Last year, 1.4bn passengers travelled on inter-city coaches compared with 2.1bn in 1990.

Glaxo makes a further biotechnology link-up in US

"Debt reduction is of paramount importance to the company's future," said Mr Bolger. He said debt would he an issue in any possible By Daniel Green

> Glaxo, the drugs group, yesterday announced its 13th collaborative deal with a biotechnology company.
> Its latest partner is Sequana
> Therapeutics of La Jolia, Calif-

The two companies will work in the genetics of diabetes field; it is unlikely to lead to any products until the next The deal comes only five weeks after Glaxo signed its

last hiotechnology collaboratlon, also genetics, with Spectra Biomedical, the north-Spectra Biomedical, the north-ern California migraine spe-Under the latest deal, Glaxo

gains exclusive rights to

develop and market drugs, while Sequana keeps the rights to any diagnostics products that might emerge. Glaxo will pay an up-front fee to Sequana and further cash payments as research

progresses. ft will also offer research

Emerging Markets trust ends first day at premium run by City of London invest

Trading started yesterday in shares of Emerging Markets Country Investment Trust, which was created through the conversion of units in the emerging markets unit trust

KB IFIMA N.V. KB Internationale Financieringsmaatschappij N.V.

US\$ 150,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 2011

In accordance with the Description of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from July 29, 1994 to October 31, 1994 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 5%

The interest Amount payable on this relevant interest Payment Date, October 31, 1994 against coupon N° 34 will be US\$ 130.56



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ment management.
The shares ended the day at 58p, a premium of 6.7 per cent to undiluted net asset value. The warrants closed at 34p.

Unit holders elected to convert more than 50m units into new packages of ordinary shares and warrants in the investment trust, at a subscription price of 53p per ordinary attached to every five shares. The shares have an undiluted net asset value of 54.36p,

and the new trust has a net asset value of £27.3m. Olliff & Partners, sponsor of the trust, is planning to raise up to £24m through a placing

in September. The existing unit trust will continue to operate in parallel with the investment trust.

Jermyn lovestment, the

property investor, is raising £12.8m net in a placing and

open offer and acquiring three

freehold properties for a total

It is also proposing to change

the rights of preference share-

holders to encourage them to

convert their holdings into

ordinary shares or to redeem

Jermyn is placing 8.3m

shares at 160p with a 5-for-2 clawback. The shares were

Jermyn Inv raises

£13m for expansion

Two life companies buck UK sector trend

Two life companies bave announced increases in UK naw business for the first half of this year, in contrast to ths trend for the sector as a

could prove an attractive pros-

pect, despite their premium on

a forward multiple of 18.4.

Equitable Life said that its total new premium income for the six months to end-Juoe was £746.9m - an increase of 12 per cent on the same period last year. There was only a slight increase in new annual premiums, from £186.4m to £186.7m. hut new singls premiums rose more sharply, to £560.2m

Within new annual premium husiness, the greatest perceotage increase in annual pre-mium income was in individ-

unchanged at 175p.
The company is proposing

that the preference conversion

rights be improved from their

present 1-for-1 basis to 1-for 1.32, exercisable at any time.

ings, shareholders will receive

payment of arrears of prefer-

ence dividend to the date of

Following the changes Jer-myn will bave net cash of

£4.2m and pro forma net assets

On converting their hold-

ual pensions for directors and executives which rose to

£25.9m (£22.8m). New single premium husiness saw a steep increase in individual pensioos, from £116.1m in the first half of 1993 to £164.1m.

AXA Equity & Law said yes-terday that its UK new husiness increased by 5 per cent to while total new business amounted to £421m - an increase of 10 per csot on the first six months of last Overseas husiness rose hy 24

per cent to £126m. The UK nsw business increase comes in spite of a 24 per cent drop in single premlum pensions business, which fell to £55mi

By Heather Davidson

retail properties.

Pex, the bosiery manufacturer

and distributor, announced a

pre-tax loss of £2.17m for the

year to January 31 after a pro-

vision of £900,000 for stock

and oogolog costs of former

In the previous year there

vas a profit of £393,000 after a

surplus on restructuring of

company

announced the appointment of

Provision lifts Pex

losses to £2.17m

Restructuring sets Prior on recovery path

Benefits of the restructuring over the past two years have begun to show through at Prior, the property group and

The company yesterday reported an advance in pre-tax profits from £347,000 to £1.95m for the year to March 31, bolstered by a credit of £2.05m after costs in respect of the release of bank indebtedness. Mr James Prior, chairman, said the year under review had

the company.

This, he said, was not only the result of the successful completion of negotiations with the company's banks in 1993, but also of two share issues within the past year

also were 11.35p, compared with

been one of transformation for

which had raised a total of

possible partners over the next month, hut declined to give details of the type of link-ups that were being proposed. There is strong oppo-sition even to partial privatisation from Tele-

com Eireann unions and parts of the Labour

Total turnover was up 7 per cent to If871m, due mostly to increased contributions from sub-

sidiaries and joint ventures. But telephone reve-

nues were static at I£500m, despite the new

tariff structure which has cut costs for husiness

users at the expense of domestic customers.

Pre-tax profits were EESIm (IE50m). The previ-

ous year Telecom Eireann had to write off I£44m

to reflect the impact of the devaluation of the

alliance and that some may have to be trans-

ferred directly to the government's books.

element of Ireland's coalition government.

The funds raised had enabled

Prior to eliminate debt and release it from any remaining liability in respect of the four subsidiaries in administrative receivership. in addition, they provided partial funding for the purchase of Bouverie House and a portfolio of properties from Hanson. Following the purchases, net assets amounted to £9.3m, Mr

Prior said. The group now had £3m on deposit to fund further acquisitions, an annual rent roll in sxcess of £2m, and potential tax losses to offset against future profits, he

Turnover fell from £1.21m to £1.2m and earnings came out at 1.23p (0.61p) per share.

C. D	DIVIDENDS AN	NOUN	CED			
fts Pex .17m		Gurrent payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding dividend	Total for year	- Tota last year
. 1 / 111	Admirelint		Oct 7	2	 -	8.3
	Ayrshire Metalint	1.25	Oct 3	οÜ		1.5
Mr. John Com as downty shair	Banks (Sidney C)fin	6.25	Oct 7	6	9.75	9
Mr John Carr as deputy chair-	Chieftain §int		Oct 3	1.5		3.5
man and chief executive.	Contra-Cyclicalint	2.25	Aug 31	2.25	•	9.5
Turnover was down 14 per	Derby Trustint	7.102	Aug 31	6.2883	-	17.95
cent to £12.4m (£14.5m) follow-	Fleming Fledgeini	1	Sept 23	1	•	S
ing the company's reposition-	Govett Emergingfin		Oct 3	-	0.25	-
ing at the upper end of the	Green Propertyint	1.24+	Sept 30	1.2		4
market and loss of sales at the	ICIint		Oct a	10.5	-	27.5
	Jacobs (John I)Int		Oct 27	0.5	•	. 3.3
lower end.	Jersey Phoenixfin		Oct 12	1.5	5,25	5.25
Mr Peter Bailey, chairman,	Kleinwort Highfin		Oct 5	1.875	7.5	7.5
said that after many years of	Motor Worldint		Sept 9	2,3		
struggie "we can see a way	Ransom (Wm)fin		Oct 1	1,378	1.989	1,903
back to profitability".	Unitechfin		Oct 3	4_	6.56	6.1
Losses per share for the year	Witan Investmentint	2.7	Sept 18	2.7	<u>. </u>	5.8
were 11.35p, compared with earnings of 3.13p.	Dividends shown pence ***Caross. †On Increased of	per shor	e net exc SM stock.	ept. where Pirish pence	ottrerwis: h	B 86886

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To the Company

June, 1994

Goldman Sachs International

Roonie Hampel: boasted proudly of advances by all divisions

All-round growth at ICI

but still below target

Pillar to float with £170m tag

By Andrew Bolger

Pillar Property Investments is coming to the market at 150p per share, an offer price which values the company at £169.7m a 5.5 per ceot discount to net asset value.

Two of the better-known developers of the 1980s. Mr Raymond Mould and Mr Patrick Vaughan, are respectively chairman and chief executive of the group.

The 60m shares on offer have been placed with Institutions, with 15m subject to clawback for the public offer. Applications must be in hy August 5

and dealings will begin on August 15.

The offer, fully underwritten by BZW, will raise £87m for the company. Of this, £40m will be used to pay off loans, with the rest used to repay short-term borrowings and fund future acoulsitions.

Pillar was set up as a vulture fund to prey on institutional quality properties io the collapsing market of 199t. It has hullt up a £352m investment portfolio, comprising 26 commercial properties.

At present, 64 per cent of Pillar's properties are let to alther FT-SE 100 companies or gov-

ernment bodies, and there is an average unexpired lease length of 22 years. The company estimates that

85 per cent of its leases are now at, or below, current market prices. Debt will fall to £165.9m,

with gearing reduced from 168 per cent to 92 per cent, improving interest cover from its £25.4m rent roll.

COMMENT

"Full but fair" was the consensus verdict on the pricing of Pillar, which has amassed s quality portfolio of properties. The initial yield of the investper cent, hut that should go up sharply as rents rise - Pillar has a 41 per cent exposure to the retail sector, where rents are forecast to increase rapidly over the next few years. The shares offer a notional dividend yield of 3.1 per cent

attracted aolid institutional

below the sector average of 3.8 per cent - but Pillar will be better able to increase its dividend than other competitors with less attractive properties. The pricing means the shares may not go to much of an initial premium, despite having

Harrods ex-chief may join Clark

Mr Peter Bolliger, former managing director of Harrods, the Knightsbridge department store, is in talks with C&J Clark about joining the family-owned shoe

We are looking at a possible new role in the company for him, with executive responsibility," Mr Kevin Crumplin, a main board director of Clark, said yester-

Mr Bolliger's departure from Harrods in April provoked a hitter war of words with Mr Mohamed al-Fayed, the store's co-

the store. He will even go behind a counter

Mr Bolliger said he had resigned but Harrods said he had been ousted for unsatisfactory performance, in particular his running of the Kurt Geiger shoe chain. Mr Crumplin, personnel director at Clark, said that one stumbling block for Swiss-born Mr Bolliger was that his work

permit "is running to the end now". "There is no certainty that he is joining us because Peter is a foreign national," Mr Crumplin said. "It's up to the Department

owner. At the time Mr Bolliger said of Mr of Employment whether or not we can al-Fayed: "He likes to feel he is running even proceed, and if we then proceed even proceed, and if we then proceed we've still got to finalise what sort of job we'd want to give him."

Clark is also talking to other candidates. Mr Crumplin said: "Peter is a great shoe guy and we talk to shoe men constantly. The only safe thing I can say is that we are in discussion with Peter."

Clark's shareholders narrowly rejected a £184m takeover bid from Berisford International last year. In October it appointed Mr Roger Pedder as chairman and is still to appoint a second external non-executive

NEWS DIGEST

Sidney C Banks at £3.4m

Sidney C Banks, the grain and agricultural specialist, announced pre-tax profits ahead from £2.87m to £3.42m for the year to April 30, despite a fall in turnover from £280.6m

Mr Alistair Mltchell Innes, chairman, said reforms to agricultural policy had resulted in a smaller volume of grain being sold which, coupled with lower prices, led to a reduction in cereal turnover. Other agri-cultural sectors performed well. While non-agricultural business also made a good contribution, competition in the food husiness adversely affected margins.

Earnings were 25.7p (22.5p). The final dividend is 6.25p. making 9.75p (9p).

Derby Trust

Net assets per capital share at Derby Trust rose 4 per cent to 437p as at June 30, compared with 421p last time.

Net revenue for the sixmonth period increased from £742,648 to £838,745, for earnings per income share of 7.102p (6.29p). All earnings will be distributed as dividend.

Avrshire Metal

Pre-tax profits of Ayrshire Metal Products showed a 38 per cent improvement, from £572,000 to £792,000, in the six months to end-June.

The advance was schieved on turnover up from £16.5m to £17.7m and was boosted by a lower interest bill of £16,000

(£63,000). An interim dividend of 1.25p (nil) is declared, payable from earnings of 5p (3.8p) per share.

Directors said the outcome for the six months reflected the gradual improvement in the company's markets and aii parts of the group were oow

Contra-Cyclical

The split capital Contra-Cyclical Investment Trust reported a net asset value of 48.3p per capital share as at June 30, a modest increase oo the value of 47.8p a year earlier. .

Net revenue for the three months to end-June amounted to £125,000 (£249,000) for earnings of 1.56p (3.1p) per income share. The first interim dividend is held at 2.25p.

John I Jacobs

John I Jacobs, the transportation group, announced a 17 per cent decline in pre-tax profits from £46,000 to £38,000 for the six months to Juna 30.

Turnover was np some 9 per cent to £1.57m (£1.45m), largely the result of a 40 cent increase in the shiphroking division. Mr Michael Kingshott, appointed managing director in a boardroom shake-up earlier this year, said this was a "modest increase not anticipated" at the time of the circular to shareholders in June.

Earnings per share fell to 0.1p (0.5p). The interim dividend is halved to 0.25p.

Sphere Inv Tst

Net asset value per income and residual capital sbare at Sphere Investment Trust rose 20 per cent, from 36.74p to 44.19p, over the 12 months to the sud of June.

The board said it was still looking to extend the life of the trust, managed by Maratbon Asset Management, beyond its wind-up date in October 1995.

Net revenue fell from £2.83m to £2.12m, while earnings per income and residual capital share moved from 2.31p to 1.73p. As already announced, the second interim dividend is held at 0.75p, making an unchanged 1.5p to date.

Chieftain

Chieftain Group, the USM-quoted supplier of specialist insulation and fireproofing services, returned to profit in the half year to June 30 with £203,000 pre-tax, compared with losses of £481,000. Turnover fell from £7.36m to £4.84m.

The acquisition in January of R Blackett Charlton had enabled the company to expand in the diversified activlty of pipe fabrication and erection, said Mr Peter Wardle, chairman, and the company had won orders of nearly £1m, due to be completed this year. An unchanged dividend of 1.5p is declared from earnings of 1.67p (3.76p losses) per share.

Danka

A substantial rise in turnover helped Danka, the office equipment supply and servicing group that operates mainly in the US, to a 71 per cent pre-tax profits increase in the first

quarter to June 30. Turnover, which rose from £64.6m to £116m, increased partly on the back of acquisitions made the previous year, but Mr Dan Doyle, chief executive, said there was also a 12 per cent sales growth in core operations.

Pre-tax profits advanced from £6m to £10.3m.

Earnings per share were 3.5p

Witan Investment

Witan Investment Company reported net asset value improved over the 12 months to June 30 from 227.2p to 242.5p per share. However it was lower than the 27t.7p reported at the December 31 year end.

Net revenue for the six months to end-June was £9.34m (£9.29m) for earnings per share of 2.48p (2.58p). The interim dividend is maintained

J&J Dyson

Pre-tax profits rose by 52 per cent at J&J Dyson, the refrac-tories group with Interests in builders' merchanting, for the year to end-March.

The surplus was £1.23m, compared with £807,275. However, the previous year was hit by reorganisation costs and a loss on disposal of discontinued operations, which led to exceptional debits of £387,333. This time the amount was

Turnover rose from £42.6m to £44.1m. Earnings fell from 8.48p to 6.7p, while a final dividend of 2p makes a total of 3.5p

Premier Health

Premier Health, the healthcare services group, swung from pre-tax losses of £1.21m to profits of £618,000 in the half year

to June 30. Ths result, on turnover of £6.42m (£6.38m), included exceptional credits of £413,000 (£239,000) of which £362,000 arose from the ending of noocore activities. Earnings per share came through at 0.21p (0.4p losses).

Johnson Fry back in black with £2.3m

By Paul Abrahams

Mr Ronnie Hampel, ICI's chief

executive and chairman-desig-

nate, yesterday proudly boasted that every division had

reported higher operating prof-

Nevertheless, the overall per-formance remained well short

of an acceptable target, he

The most profitable division

was industrial chemicals

where trading profits rose from

£59m to £109m, on lower sales of £1.87bn (£1.89bn). The fall in

turnover followed the sale of

the polypropylene husiness to BASF, the German chemicals

group. Taking this into

account sales volumes were up per cent. Mr Hampel said strong

demand for polyester fibres and plastic bottles had boosted

demand for PTA and PET.

However, pricing of Klea 134a,

the CFC-substitute, remained a

problem in Japan, although

sales growth was excellent, said Mr Alan Spall, finance

The company was selling its

\$100m (£64.5m) US polyols busl-

ness to a Canadian company.

The profit from the disposal would be included in third

Trading profits at the paints

business rose from £49m to

director.

quarter results.

By Caroline Southey

for £11.9m cash.

By Bethan Hutton

Johnsoo Fry, the fioancial services and investment group, returned to profit in the six months to June 30 after last year's restructuring and name change from LIT

Holdings.
Pre-tax profits were £2.25m, compared with losses of £21.1m which iocluded exceptional losses of almost £20m resulting from the sale of LIT America.

Turnover and operating profits were down substantially, largely because of the ending of the business expansion scheme, formerly ooe of Johnson Fry's main areas of activity.

Turnover was £18.2m. against £24.7m excludiog the contributioo from LIT America. Operating profits of continuing operations fell to

52.17m (£6.32m). Mr Christopher Castleman, chairman, said that comparisons with 1993 were meaningless in total "because of the very material effect on prior periods' figures of BES revenues, the results of the American businesses which were divested last year and the gronp capital structure prior to the restructuring", Johnsoo Fry Property was

the best performing division during the six months. Turnover doubled to £8.83m (£4.31m), and operating profit rose from £494,000 to £3.28m. Properties under management

were valued at £907m (£665m).

Funds under management by the asset management arm rose to £225m (£145m), but fell from the £250m year-end figure despite the launch of one oew investment trust. The financial services and insurance services divisions operated at "about

break-even". The group is still looking for acquisitions, which would be funded through equity issues. Earnings per share were 8.9p (154.1p losses).

held under option and 33 acres without planning permission. Portman Homes incurred a MJ Gleeson Group, the Surrey-hased construction, pre-tax loss of £4.4m in 1993, mainly reflecting a write-down househuilding and property

(£856m). Sales volumes were up

6 per cent but the decorative

The materials division

reported trading profits up

from £16m to £47m on sales up

at £856m (£723m). Turnovcr

was boosted by the acquisition

of Du Pont's acrylics side,

while profits were helped by the sale of the lossmaking

fibres business, Overall, vol-

umes were up by 11 per cent,

but margins were under pres-

Portman sells land bank to

paint sector remained subdued,

sald Mr Hampcl.

£52m on sales down at £848m sure from rising raw material

concern, has bought the resiof the value of its land bank dential development business and work in progress. of Portman Building Society The principal assets of the land bank acquired are 413

MJ Gleeson for £11.9m

Mr Colin McLellan, Gleeson finance director, said the company was taking a medium-term view of the housing marplots of eight sites with plan-ning permission, 1,300 plots years to sell, by which time we

would hope there will have been a pick-up in the market." The weak bousing market has depressed Gleeson's profits during the last four years although the company has remained in the black. It reported pre-tax profits of £8.2m (£9.9m) in the year to June 1993 and in March It reported flat interim pre-tax profits of £4.1m, compared with

costs. Prices of polyurethanes

also remained under pressure.

Trading profits at the explosives division were £30m (£19m) on sales of £386m

(£3t8m) including a £65m con-

tribution from AECi Explo-

sives, the 5t per cent owned South African subsidiary.

The regional husiness con-

tributed trading profits up

from £28m to £35m on turnover

uf £702m (£690m). The eco-

nomic recovery in Australia

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HEAD

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Section 2

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and reduced losses in Argen-tina helped lift the results.

Obituary Sir Alex Alexander

Sir Alex Alexander, who has died at the age of 77, will be remembered jointly for his contribution to the food industry and his huge fund-raising efforts for charity and the

He arrived in Britain as a poor refugee from Czecboslovakia in 1938 and rose to the top of several British boardrooms. He never denied, and sometimes encouraged the belief, that over the years he had accumulated one of the best address books in the coun-

Alexander was born Korda Kestenhaum in November 1916 and studied medicine at the prestigious Charles University in Prague. He left for Eogland at the time of the German invasion. With hindsight it is clear that he picked up good contacts from the

In the early war years be surfaced as a clerk at a gravet pit site of the Alfred McAlpine

construction group. After the war, when he changed his name, be worked on the Westwick estate in Norfolk partly as a nurse to the family, but also developing the estate's interest in canned fruit. It was there that he realissd the potential of the frozen food

Alexander went briefly to America to pick up the technology of refrigeration. He then founded Westwick Frozen Products and by 1953 had gone into partnership with Carl Ross, who specialised in freez-The Ross Group expanded

rapidly and was taken over by Imperial Tobacco in 1969. Alexander atayed with the new grouping for 10 years as chairman of Imperial When he retired in 1979,

there were widespread direc-torships - Unigate, Tate & Lyle and Alfred McAlpine, the company for which he had first worked, among them. He also became chairman of J Lyons, the food outlet of Allied Brew-

He moved on to become vicechairman of Allied-Lyons at a troubled time.

In 1985 the group was confronted with a hostile takeover bid from Elders IXL. There was a referral to the Monopolies Commission and the case went on for a nearly a year. The eventual ruling was in favour of Allied-Lyons, though by then Elders had lost inter-

Alexander played some role in the defence and could be outspoken in his public comments, but insiders tend to give much of the credit to Sir Derrick Holden-Brown, then the company chairman, as well as the financial advisers in the

background. More recently, Alexander has been best known for his work in the arts, though even this had a long history. In his early Norfolk days he was raising money for the local Red Cross. He began fund-raising for Glyndebourne in 1973 and was responsible for introducing corporate sponsorship. He went on to become chairman of the Royal Opera House Trust, the fund-raising body for

Covent Garden. Stories about his powers of persuasion abound. When told that a friend had donated £100,000 to the opera house, he growled that he had promised £120,000. Alexander picked up the telephone and the cheque for the remaining £20,000 was in the post.

He was married in 1946 to Margaret Irma, whom he knew in Czechoslovakia before the war, and he was knighted in 1974. They had two sons and two daughters. Alexander's last main job was as senior manag-

ing director at Lehman Brothers International

Mitsui Marine 1994



Ko Matsukata

review, the earnings and expenditures position of the non-life insurance industry in Japan continued to reflect the unfavourable economic conditions. The ongoing slow growth in premiums was

Note 1: The above figures have been calculated under the generally accepted accounting principles of the U.S. Note 2: U.S. dollar amounts above have been translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of Y103 = US\$1.

expansion of assets. The review of the Insumnce Business Law, which pre-

During the business year under in become an institution highly valued by its customers and

tempered by a higher loss ratio in Automobile Insurance, an increase in claims resulting from natural disasters, including last year's many typhoons, and a decrease in investment income resulting from much lower interest rates and the slow

scribes the framework of the current insurance System, is now under way, prompted by the trend towards liberalization of business restrictions and the internationalization of financial scrivities. The non-life insurance business is therefore faced with unprecedented reforms. In this atmosphere of dramatic change, the Company intends

society by further strengthening its sales activities, pursuing innovations aimed at securing competitiveness and growth, reinfinding its income structure and improving customer As a result of the proposed amendments to the insurance Business Law, it appears likely that it will become possible

for insurers to conduct both life insurance and non-life in-

surance business by establishing a subsidiary. Therefore the

Company will accelerate analysis of its entry intn the life

insurance business. The Company expects to expand its business base through efficient management, whilst responding to future changes in the business environment. Accordingly, we would greatly appreciate your continued support and encouragement.

	_		Yer	in millions			U.S. dollars in thousan
For the years ending March 31, 1992, 1993 and 1994		1992		1993		1994	1994
Net premiums written	¥	526,675	¥	548,604	¥	583,119	\$ 5,661,3
Premiums earned		<i>5</i> 01,044		532,016		571,377	5,547,3
Net income/(loss) from underwriting		(34,659)		(13,375)		2,662	25.8
Investment income, net of investment expenses		39,819		40,677		26,294	255.2
Net income		7,389		9,079		20,344*	197,5
Total assets	3	3,298,277	3	3,285,620	3	557,389	34,537,7
Stockholders' equity		732,310		718,390		862,719	8,375.9
Combined loss and expense ratios (%)		104.8%		101.2%		98.7%	
Net income per European Depositary share,							
each representing 10 shares of common stock							
(in yen and U.S. dollsrs)	·¥	101.78	¥	124.57	¥	276.49	\$ 2.

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he unemployed have become stuck with the stereotypical Jobs: Ageist policies and the wasted talents of a generation of executives image of the out-of-work

Redundancy reigns in Metroland

brown belt, corduroy trousers and a vest, and thumps tha table every time he makes a point. He is as much a part of history as the Jarrow march, yet his image continues to prevail, reinforced by

persistent "death of a community" newspaper reports on the demise of the coal industry. It seems that not until the last lump of coal has been hewn or the last rivet punched into the last ship's bull will the cartcature be laid to rest. George Orwell's legacy has been a

northern man. He is either a miner

or a docker, wears big boots, a thick

long time fading, but even though areas of social deprivation still exist, the picture largely belongs to another time. Today the road of social bardship no longer leads to Wigan Pier, but to Swindon, High Wycombe and Welwyn Garden City. The semi-detached homa counties

suburbia immortalised by John Betjeman in his poems of Metroland bas become tha focus of 1990s ployment. Beyond the poplarlined aveoues and mock-Tudor façades and the neatly manicured lawns of open-plan executive housing estates resides a groundswell of

The extent of the anger in these Tory heartlands is crystallised in a sheaf of latters that appeared on my desk this week. The letters were

sent to an Oxford-based recruitment magazine in response to its cam-paign on ageism in the workplace. Almost all were from people in the 40-55 age bracket with many years of experience in their chosen fields. Typically they had a job m middle management paying a good salary, say between £30,000 to £40,000, with commitments and a life-style to match. Suddenly they found themselves redundant; too

organisations' needs. All the letters make well-written, cogent points. One is from a woman, aged over 45, an experi-enced export sales and marketing manager, fluent in three European languages and caught, as she says. "in the continuing middle-manage-

old and too expensive for their

ment pruning".

"How is it possible that the thousands of currently unemployed executives and managers can ba treated in such a manner?" she asks. Sha belongs to a privately organised axecutive jobs club in Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire. It has 120 members, mostly aged over 45. "The amount of experience, talent and management ability

being wasted is absolutely incredi-ble," she says.

She adds: "Please do not think we

do not try; that we do not send out hundreds of finely honed CVs; that we do not know about networking, cold-letters, agencies and all the other methods employed by those out of work." Job applications, she says, often get no replies or a tactful note indicating that her date of birth is a problem

"For the first time in my life, I have been forced to become con-scious of my age. What employers do not seem to comprehend is that someone who is 45 plus is often more stable, secure, able to take decisions, willing to start early and work late, does not take Mondays off or have small families to cope with, unlike many 25 to 35-yearolds. So why is industry so blink-

Another writer who, he says, has committed "the cardinal sin of getting old", recalls an interview session where on more than one occasion the interviewer used the expression "getting on a bit". He and fellow job seekers have become so accustomed to rejection letters

that they now "hold a lottery as to want excuse will be in the standard three paragraphs

A 47-year-old High Wycomba man, made redundant after a company takeover five years ago, says he has never signed on for unem-ployment benefit and, after a series of part-time and temporary jobs has become "resigned to never having a 'proper job' again".

t must be stressed that these are not unqualified people. One of the letters begins: "I am a chartered accountant, 55 years of age, with an impressive track record of success and achievement in both private and public limited companies as finance director and company secretary."

Since becoming unemployed last March, for tha third time and through no fault of his own, be insists, he has written "countless letters of application without suc-cess, in many cases not getting even the courtesy of an acknowledgement". Ha also registered with a number of specialist recruitment agencies, but was subsequently told by a company recruiter that "virtu-

ally every recruitment agency will just push to one side any job appli-cation and speculative CV if the age of the applicant is 50 or more", unless the job calls for such a per-

The accountant writes: "I truly believe that the majority of agen-cies and employers think that the over 50s are in wheelchairs or on sticks, are totally bald and toothless, and are too weak and frail even to lift a pen or a key into a

He ends: "I see bittle hope of John Major or any of his minions doing anything that will belp the mature job seeker. He has most certainly

A letter from an engineer says be "worked very hard through engineering apprenticeship, engineering atudentship and university to achieva Master of Science and Chartered Engineer status and for tha last two years I have been jobless like many other people in my situation. I could have pretended I am a self-employed consultant like many professionals do to hide the shame

of being unemployed." Behind many of these letters are How is this man coping? He says:
"I survive. I look forward, not back.
I create a new, completely different lifestyle. I rely on my family and a

few close friends. I use all my energies chasing opportunities to make money (not as much as before), rather than trying to find a job, although I still do that as well."

These letters reveal the hidden unemployment among the middle classes. They reflect real despair among good qualified able experi-

among good, qualified, able, experienced people who feel as if they have been dumped on the scrapheap through, as one of them put it, no fault of their own. All feel victims of age discrimination. Perhaps this trend is a phenome non of the 1990s, a combination of recession and the revolution in working practices. Perhaps the pay expectations of the managerial classes bave outgrown demand. Whatever the case, these stories reflect an unacceptable waste of talent.

experience and enthusiasm.
Usually this column is devoted to ideas and trends in the recruitment market, writing about how jobs are changing, different forms of work, outplacement, pay, share options, boardroom compositions, a mixture of the concrete and theory.

Sometimes, bowever, before you can consider solutions it helps to be

aware of the problem.

Richard Donkin

ells little bank m for £11.9m

LLOYD'S

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Director, Regulatory Services

Lloyd's is at the heart of the London insurance market, the foremost location in worktwide insurance, and is acknowledged as a centre of innovation and expertise. The Corporation of Lloyd's provides central services m and is responsible for regulation of the Lloyd's market under an Act of Parliament. Since 1993, regulation at Lloyd's has been separate from the marker's commercial activities and under the supervision of the Lloyd's Regulatory Board.

Lloyd's now wishes to appoint a new Director, Regulatory Services, who will be a member of the Regulatory Board and report to its Chairman, Sir Alan Hardcastle. This is a crucial appointment.

The responsibility of the Director, Regulatory Services will be to develop and enforce the regulatory framework and practice designed to ensure transparency of operations, the highest standards of professionalism in the market and fair treatment for members. The appointed person must be of demonstrably high calibre and have considerable professional stature, reputation and integrity. Intellectual rigour, impartiality, resilience, energy and firmness will be essential qualities.

The remuneration package will reflect the vital nature of this role, In order to ensure independence, individuals who have a financial interest in Lloyd's will not be eligible for consideration. Please reply, enclosing full curriculum virae, reference 7N5, to Norman Broadbent International, 65 Curzon Street, London, W1Y 7PE.



NORMAN · BROADBENT

Project Finance

man from Bath explains bow he was made redundant in 1990 from a

job that paid more then £40,000 a year. His house was repossessed by the building society and sold for less than his mortgage. He has four

children and has moved bouse four

times in three years. He has experienced, ba says, "a total inability to

find a job paying any salary at all", yet has claimed no assistance from

the state "due to desperate efforts

to genarata an income by any self-employed means".

He has, he says, sold insurance and encyclopaedias, driven a taxi, written stories, worked as a holding

manager in a problem public house,

designed promotional schemes for

the catering trade, carried out sales

training for small businesses and

done gardening work.

His is a pessimistic note. "The discrimination is not going to stop or even diminish" because society

has fundamentally changed, be

argues. Among the changes, he says "the corporate bodies we once

gave our lives to working for

no longer have a social conscience, if indeed they ever had one".

Excellent Package

London

◆ Relevant experience of developing/financing major

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and interest in marketing. Exposure to Indian market

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THE COMPANY

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- Develop both conventional and innovative funding techniques for equity and debt.
- Opportunity to extend expertise m an international
- Strong computer modelling background is essential for

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professional qualification.

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London

- manage and develop the existing processing ream;
- review and revitalise the current systems and procedures to enhance the capabilities of the team and the product;
- work with clients, account officers and other areas of the bank to ensure clients' needs are met.

Applicants, aged 27-40, should have a thorough understanding and experience of providing cash management services gained through working in a bank's customer services area. Candidates must also be IT literate. An ability to manage a ream and the desire to be proactive is essential. Due to the high profile of the role, candidates must also have strong interpersonal skills and be confident

This is a challenging opportunity and, for the right candidate, our client will offer an artractive remuneration package which will entirely reflect experience.

Interested applicants should in the first instance write to Karina Pietsch, enclosing a full curriculum vitae, at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH. Fax 071 405 9649.

Please quote reference 197247. Closing date 12th August, 1994.

Michael Page City International Recomment Consultants

Cost Benefit Analysis

The Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA) unit in the Securities and Investments Board (SIB) will provide expertise to assess the costs and benefits of standards of investor protection and regulation. Two key roles have arisen in this important new department:

Senior Executive

This individual will help develop the application of CBA techniques to the area of FSA regulations and will be required to implement and manage discrete CBA projects using both in-house and external tesources. He/she will need to establish and maintain close links with FSA and other regulators in the co-ordination and assessment of

Applicants will be educated to degree standard, probably in economics or a related subject. They should have experience in the use of economics techniques and theory (including CBA if possible) to formulate policy and strategy un a commercial context.

Executive

This individual will provide support to the CBA unit, both in the development of policy and procedure for CBA in general and in the specific CBA projects which will be undertaken. He/she will work closely with senior team members but will at times work independently on specific

Applicants, as in the senior role, will be educated to degree standard, probably in economics or a related subject. Experience in the application of statistical techniques would

Candidates for both positions should ideally be familiar with the financial services industry and/or regulation issues. They should have excellent skills of diplomacy and negotiation, written and communication skills; a logical and enquiring mind; a proactive and flexible approach; the ability to assimilate complex material, identify relevant issues and produce a concise and

In the first instance, please contact Anna Williams quoting reference 196857 to request an information pack, at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH. Telephone 07t 83t 2000. Closing date 12 August 1994.



Michael Page City

HEAD OF COMMODITIES OPERATIONS

- A major European Bank with a strong presence in the international commodities markets is looking to recruit a Head of Commodities Operations to join their Zurich-based team.
- The focus for this position will be risk management of complex derivatives on the energy and metals markets. The successful individual will have responsibility for global OTC settlements and therefore will be covering the following financial centres: London, Zurich, New York, Singapore, Tokyo and Sydney.
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- You must have a thorough knowledge of the oil markets and equally substantial experience in OTCs, Swaps, P&I reporting and ideally ISDA documentation. Strong systems and PC familiarity is a particular requirement. A high level of cummilment and a 'hands-on', proactive approach are vital.
- Salary will be commensurate with experience and a relocation package will be included. Interested individuals with the relevant skills should contact Barry Harte enclosing a full CV to the

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You will be identifying and reviewing trends, analysing their inter-relationships and recommending alternative courses of action with the likely impact on business results.

As well as being able to demonstrate business acumen, an indepth knowledge of relevant computer systems, software packages and statistical techniques is vital.

The successful candidate must be a good communicator, aged between 30 and 4S years, be a team player and appropriately qualified to the highest level.

Your expertise will be rewarded through a highly competitive remuneration package and outstanding career opportunities. In the first instance, please send your ev to Frank Hutton, Riley Consultancy Services, Riley House, 4 Red Lion Court

London EC4A 3EN.

*GLASGOW *RUSTOK *NORWICH





c. £50,000 International Investment Bank package Strategic Research - Europe

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Work as part of a dedicated team of professional research analysts, located ecross Europe providing industry and company specific research to fee earners.

Servicing the bank's full range of products, participate in major International transactions working directly with internal and external

■ Use specific sector knowledge to identify and develop potential transaction opportunities. Reporting to the Head of European Research.

> Leeds 0532 307774 London 071 493 1238 Manchester 061 499 1700

THE QUALIFICATIONS High calibre graduate, preferably with MBA or ACA and second European language. Previous experience in industry and company research essential, preferably with a financial or consultancy background.

Skills in financial and strategic analysis with the ability to focus on key issues. Independent approach with the intuition to go beyond obvious

■ Strong interpersonal skills with the confidence to communicate opinions at senior level. Disciplined and tenacious.

Selector Europe Spencer Stuart

SENIOR CREDIT ANALYST

c£40,000

Our client, a leading European Bank, seeks to appoint a Senior Credit Analyst who can take responsibility for analysing a wide range of corporate and financial Institutions. Additionally, the successful candidate will become Involved in the training and development of other members of the

team. This challenging role would ideally suit a highly experienced credit professional who has a clear understanding of credit/risk issues and can demonstrate sound man management skills. Age to mid 30's,

RELATIONSHIP MANAGER

£35-£40,000

This is an excellent opportunity for a young, confident and bright graduate relationship banker to assist in the maintenance and development of this major European bank's multinational client portfolio. The ideal candidate will be in their late 20s, formatly credit trained with at least 12 months, experience of building relationships with the spenior executives of major UK or European corporates.

William: Winglicht

Major US Investment Bank c. £55,000 package Media and Telecommunications Strategy

Excellent opportunity for outstanding industry specialist to join an international team providing transaction-based research for European Corporate Finance. The Media and Telecommunications team has achieved considerable success through a wide range of international advisory and financing mandates. The Bank is a market leader known for its innovation and has a strong presence across Europe.

THE QUALIFICATIONS

THE ROLE

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- Use sector knowledge to identify potential transaction opportunities and to play an integral role in marketing and client presentations.
- Provide independent research and analysis, giving an objective stance on international market trends and crucial issues facing the

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High calibre graduate, ideally with MBA. Media

Proven qualitative and quantitative analytical

Maturity to set own agenda combined with

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skills and strong commercial focus. Marketing

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considerable drive. Articulate, confident of

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SENIOR CORPORATE BANKER c£50,000

Our client has developed its excellent reputation by identifying closely with its corporate clients and by providing a full and varied range of corporate services, it now seeks to anhance its corporate banking team with the appointment of an experienced banker who can develop and maintain close business relationships with existing and prospective clients. The ideal candidate will be able to demonstrate a sound understanding of lending corporate finance and derivative products and have a successful record of developing profitable business with new clients. Aga 28-38.

ASSET BASED FINANCE £60,000

As a result of continued growth in business activity within its highly regarded asset finance division our client, a prestigious UK banking group, now seeks to recruit a creative asset based financier. This newly created role would ideally suite an appropriately experienced graduate aged late 20's early 30's, who will

take responsibility for developing, tailoring and marketing structured asset finance products to UK clients.

Please contact Sean Carr or Richard Lyons Uner Lyons Search and Selection Ltd

Astral House, 125-129 Middlesex Street London Et 7JF

Executive Tel: 071-623 9493 Fax: 071-626 1263

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Global Business Review

Exceptional pro-active assignments

London/South West

Our client, the Banking subsidiary of a dynamic US giant synonymous with excellence in the finance and travel market, is a trail-blazer in customerdriven service throughout its operations which span more than 81 offices in 37 countries. Their performance in 1993 was outstanding, achieving some of the strongest financial results in their history and creating a new foundation for controlled growth, quality and innovation.

The high-profile Operational Review ream, based in the UK and reporting to New York, plays a key role in driving continued successful expansion. Projectbased, the team works with operations worldwide looking at all areas, particularly those of highest risk - leading-edge treasury products, high-level trade finance transactions - from a business perspective. Constantly challenging management thinking and reviewing the implications of business strategy, the team seeks ways to minimise exposure and improve financial performance. Highly visible, the team works closely with management at the most senior level, complemented by a specialist EDP department which focuses on the operational, security and statutory implications of data processing projects throughout the group.

There are a number of new positions in each team; in all cases candidates must be embusiastic, objective, have good inter-personal skills and be able to present and discuss ideas confidently and persuasively, Aged 25-35, applicants must be keen to undertake approx. 60% travel throughout Europe, Africa and the Middle East, with occasional visits to Asia, North and South America. Audit

experience, strong technical skills and professionalism are essential together

with experience of influencing management decisions.

Candidates for the Operational Review team need not necessarily be qualified but are likely to be ACA/CIMAS with relevant experience; for the EDP team, graduates with a background in data processing or computer audit is essential. The excellent salary package includes mortgage subsidy, relocation assistance and other banking benefits, whilst the career prospects are superb. Other departments worldwide view the teams as a source of high-calibre candidates with strong business acumen for management positions in operational management, finance, treasury and other business areas.

interested applicants should send or fax their CV quoting ref 075 or contact us on 071 329 4649, or during the evening and weekends on 081 467 1408.



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Saudi Arabia/USA

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As well as driving forward the overall strategic development of the company, your prime responsibility will be for product placement, demanding an ability to form strong, lasting relationships with investors. You must, therefore, have the professional and personal presence necessary to command respect, together with excellent interpersonal and communicative skills.

Probably educated to MBA level, you will have spent at least 5 years developing and marketing sophisticated investment products to individuals and institutions in the Middle East and possess a proven track record in developing client relationships at the highest level. An excellent knowledge of the US investment and real estate markets is essential and a knowledge of Arabic would be

This role is central to the company's success. Hence a package of around US\$ 250,000 is negotiable, free of Saudī tax, and the comprehensive executive expatriate benefits include an incentive scheme which, as one of the prime beneficiaries, you will help

Please write - in the strictest confidence - to Ghassan Yazigi or Ian Robertson, Rel: 1361/2. MSL Group Limited, 32 Aybrook Streel,



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Would suit graduate in Economics, Business or Finance interested in pursuing a career in the financial world. Experience in world financial market analysis preferred. Computer literate, with strong written and oral communication skills essential. Salary negotiable.

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Credit Risk Managers

J.P. Morgan is one of the world's leading financial institutions. Part of the firm's success results from investment in its state of the art global credit business Operating as a profit centre, it continues to grow and, as a result, Global Credit Europe now seeks two additional risk managers to cover European financial institutions and complement two financial services teams.

The credit risk managers will be responsible for establishing and managing exposure for a group of financial institutions on a global basis, as well as the firm's worldwide exposure to a country or region. This involves frequent liaison externally with elients and counterparties at senior levels and internally with product groups and business teams. Responsibility for most eredit decisions is delegated to individual risk managers. The ability to respond quickly to numerous daily requests is therefore a pre-requisite.

Whilst the ideal candidates will have previous experience of a similar credit role in another major institution, directly relevant experience is less important than possession of the right skills to succeed in a demanding environment. Specifically, these are:

Strong financial analysis skills and commercial

- acumen with the ability to make sound, reasoned judgements under pressure.
- Knowledge of investment banking products including derivatives, treasury facilities, securities clearing and
- Strong interpersonal skills including the presence and maturity required to represent the bank at senior levels both externally and internally.
- Fluency in another European language would be advantageous.
- PC literacy.

Candidates with these skills will also have a good degree and may currently be working in; other areas of corporate finance, management consultancy or accountancy, but looking to move into a dynamic credit environment. Appropriate training will be given as necessary.

J.P. Morgan offers a competitive remuneration package and excellent career development prospects.

Interested candidates should write to Niall Macnaughton at BBM Selection, 76 Watling Street, London EC4M 9BJ, enclosing a detailed CV. Fax: 071 248 2814. All applications will be treated in the strictest confidence.

JPMorgan

Head of Investment Administration

with potential to move to general management

Isle of Man

c.£45,000 + benefits

Our client is a leading International Bank with a first class reputation built on historical success and forward looking creativity.

This new position will combine responsibility for the day-to-day administration with business development, client liaison and, crucially, people management.

Ideal candidates probably in their late thirties or forties, will require an equal degree of flexibility showing altention to detail yet broad strategic vision. We have no real prejudices regarding professional qualifications (although an accounting background may be useful) - we are more interested in a demonstrably successful track record in financial services encompassing administration and people

We would expect the right candidate to be capable of promotion to run the whole operation in due course so we require a broader view - credibility, confidence and commercial awareness are of paramount

Career progression is first class and the flexible salary/benefits package coupled with a very pleasant island lifestyle make this a very sttractive opportunity.

Please send full career details, including current salary package, quoting reference A2160 to Malcolm Lawson, at Codd Johnson Harris, Human Resource Consultants, 12 New Burlington Street, London W1X 1FF.

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SENIOR PERFORMANCE ANALYST AMP Asset Management, a Top 20 Fund Manager with over £17 billion assets under management, has combined a new and dynamic corporate and business culture and is Highly poised to enhance its position within the UK and International arena. In order to further strengthen and enhance the quality of reported information a new role

Salary

Benefits

CITY

has been created within the Performance Analysis team. Reporting to Manager, Performance and Reporting, you will manage a small, professional team, with responsibility for calculating and analysing the investment performance of the company's various funds, both in the UK and internationally.

There is a high level of contact with senior management, Board Directors and Fund Managers, requiring you to present and discuss results, explaining competitive surveys, market indices and overall performance. Additionally you will be a key member of an ongoing systems enhancement project which, so far, has successfully broadened the depth of information available.

Suitable candidates will be highly numerate individuals (demonstrated by a mathematical/science based degree) with a genuine understanding of analysis techniques combined with a knowledge and understanding of financial markets. Although individuals with directly relevant experience would be ideal, candidates from other fields will be considered, providing they can demonstrate the relevant technical and analytical skills, coupled with strong PC literacy. (Age indication 25-30).

For further information please contact Lucy Ayrton on 071-209 1000 (cvcs 071-223 2696) or write to her at Financial Selection Services, Charlotte House, 14 Windmill Street, London WIP 2DY (Fax 071-209 0001).



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CORPORATE FINANCE MANAGERS - NATURAL RESOURCES & UTILITIES

N M Rothschild & Sons Limited is an international metchant bank with a strong reputation for its corporate finance activities.

As part of the Bank's Corporate Finance Division, the Natural Resources and Utilities Department provides corporate and project finance services to the oil and gas, mining and utilities industries worldwide. With a ronge of services including acquisitions and disposals, restructuring and privatisation, and project finance advice, the Department represents a highly successful and growing part of the Bank's activities.

As a result of continuing business growth, the Department now wishes to expand its team of professionals through the appointment of two new Managers. Both will be London-based, one focusing on natural resources and the other on utilities business.

High-calibre candidates should be graduates with 3-5 years of relevant experience, probably gained in a relevant merchant banking or management consulting environment or in the mining or oil and gas industries. In-depth analytical and financial modelling skills must be backed by the desire to move into a highly demanding and professional work environment.

The remuneration package will be highly competitive, and excellent career prospects will be available for high fliers.

In the first instance, please send your full curticulum vitae, in the strictest confidence, to: Rodney Lonsdole, Director of Personnel, N M Rothschild & Sons Limited, New Court, St Swithin's Lane, London EC4P 4DU.



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Treasury is a key function providing an essential service to the Group's operational management and in this role you will provide vital support to the Assistant Treasurer (Cash Management), This will include day-to-day monitoring and analysis of key Group cashflows, both actual and projected, and the identification and monitoring of foreign exchange dealings worldwide. In addition, you will be responsible for the evaluation of risk hedging opportunities in relevant financial markets.

A graduate with student membership of the Association of Corporate Treasurers, you will have around 2 years' corporate treasury experience, or have worked within a comparative banking environment, and have the commitment, drive and ambition to progress within this type of environment. You should be computer literate, with the ability to develop computer-based support systems to determine Groupwide operating exposures, and be familiar with LOTUS 123, Symphony and treasury software packages.

Your salary will be geared to qualifications and experience. A comprehensive range of company benefits is also offered and includes performance-related pay, contributory pension and generous holidays.

To join our fast-paced team, please send your full career details to Tracy Handover, HQ Personnel, Thames Water Utilioes, Napier Court 4, c/o Nugent House, Vastern Road, Reading, Berks RG1 8DB.



Institutional Research & Sales - Edinburgh -

Utilities Sectors

A well motivated individual with analytical and presentational skills is sought to join Greig Middleton's institutional team covering Utilities. The position has considerable scope for personal development within a growing institutional stockbroking business. Greig Middleton are focusing oo key sectors of the UK equities market and wish to strengthen and develop coverage of the Electricity, Gas and Water sectors.

Greig Middleton's business encompasses both a major private client base and fast developing institutional and corporate finance businesses serving UK and Continental institutions. Institutional stockbroking is based in the company's London and Edinburgh offices.

The successful candidate for this position may come from a securities industry background, in stockbroking or fund management, or from within industry. The role envisaged comprises the generation of investment ideas, the production of written research and both telephone and presentational marketing to institutional investors. At least three years' relevant experience is a requirement for candidature. The posinon, while being Edinburgh based, will involve considerable reavel within the UK in meeting companies and clients.

Contact: Devid Campbell Greig Middleton & Co Ltd 10 Walker Street Edinburgh EH3 7LD Tel: 031 226 1234

= MERIDIAN == SENIOR FX TRADER

Our client, a major European bank, is looking to hire a senior FX trader to join their expanding US\$ /SFr team. The ideal candidate will have approximately five years' experience in the FX markets and will have had exposure to Options, Swaps, Deposits, FRA's, and Spot trades. You will also have worked in more than one financial centre and be accustomed

You must be a team player who enjoys a pressurised environment and has a broad knowledge of the financial markets. Fluency in German and French is essential.

This is a career opportunity for an individual with a strong personality and a high level of numeracy. Evidence of computer literacy is important.

Please forward your c.v 10 Sarah Turnbull. Closing date for applications: 2nd August 1994 25 Museum Street, London WCLA UT. Fix: 071 487 3018

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Client Assets



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It is essended that applicants have a sound knowledge of the relevant SFA rules or broad experience in working in a securities settlement or custody role.

In addition to these professional skills, the successful candidate roust have sound judgement and excellent written and verbal communication skills.

This position offers a salary based upon the relevance of previous experience and a range of benefits including company car (or cash alternative), con-contributory pension scheme, free season ticket, PPP and subsidised sports club membership. Additionally, SFA offers an extensive training programme specifically designed to enable staff to increase their knowledge and enhance their technical and personal skills.

To apply, please write with full career details stating your current salary to: Veronica Sherry, Recruitment and Employment Manager, The Securities and Futures Authority Limited, Cottons Centre, Cottons Lane, London SE1 2QB. Closing date for applications: Friday 5th August, 1994.

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A sound knowledge of day to day banking activities is essential, nelucting tha operation of latters of credit, preparation of mandate documentation, negotiation of UK and overseas borrowing facilities as well as a wide range of treasury management operations. Your track record must include dealing with complex documentation. involvement with overseas transfers, spot end forward contracts, options, and other treasury derivatives. Familiarity with contract bonding, param company guarentees, end ECGD/export finance would be highly desirable.

You should possess a high standard of computer literacy and must have qualified as a member of the Institute of Bankers or have an equivalent professional status.

This is a high profile role with an essential need for excellent communication and presentation skills to operate successfully at

We offer a competitive banefits package including e salery of c.£30,000 p.e.

To apply, in the strictest confidence, please write with full career details to PO Box A2123, The Financial Times, 1 Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

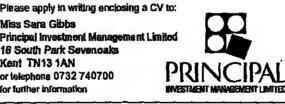
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Principal is an expanding, Independent investment management business with a culture of rewarding achievement. This position offers an exceptional opportunity to contribute directly to the performance of our client funds and play a major role in the Group's continued expansion.

We are looking for a top quality graduate, with a minimum of 3 years' relevant experience, probably within a larger institutional environment. You must have good analytical skills, be an effective communicator and pay keen attention to detail but, most importantly, within this small, ean business, you must relish the prospect of working on your own initiative, being involved in strategy as well as stock selection and being judged on ability and performance.

The competitive remuneration package will include the prospect of equity participation for the right calibre candidate.

Miss Sara Gibbs Principal Investment Management Limited 16 South Park Sevenoaks Kent TN13 1AN or telephone 0732 740700 for further information



U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

The London branch of a primary dealer in U.S. government securities is looking to employ a sales person, preferably a graduate, with two to three years experience in the fixed income markets. The successful candidate will exhibit good communication skills, be self motivated and fit easily into a small team.

A competitive remuneration package is available.

Please reply to box A2120, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL.

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products to a Swies Client base. It is essential that you have at least 4 years experience of selling this type of product into the Institutional Swiss market, or current knowledge of find management in this sector.

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FX/Derivative Traders

Major expansion of dealing activities of leading City-based institution requires additional traders. You should be young, dynamic and have experience trading major EMS currencies or derivatives. A minimum of 3-5 years experience with good market cootacts. Seed C.V. and details of current remuneration to:

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Lou are a sanior portfolio manager (in your thirties or early fourties| with at least four years of experience in managing global balanced portfolios for a successful asset menagement company. You have an advanced university degree in economics, business administration or relatad field, and you ere familiar with the application of modern valuation methods for equity end fixed income instruments. Fundamental analysis, combined with quantitativa methods, ara tha driving forces behind your investment decisions. These ara implamented and controlled in a result-oriented and disciplined

team approach.

Lou enjoy working in en International environment. heve a fluent commend of English and preferably some knowledge of Garman. You have a EU-working permit. If your credentials meet these criteria, we would like to offer you an opportunity within our Portolio Management Team. As head of the Balanced Accounts Team you are responsible for our global balanced mandates and budget mattars. You ara a member of tha **Asset Allocation Committee** and your investment decisions are based on our jointly designed global investment

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Please forward your resuma to Heike Baur, Deutscha Asset Management GmbH (DBAM), Bockanheimer Landstr. 42, D-60323 Frankfurt am Main.

Let's talk about it.

Deutsche Asset Management Dautscha Bank Gruppa



Senior FX Sales Position

Our client is a major US Super-Regional bank with 20,000+ employees worldwide, and is seeking a high-calibre, ambitious individual to join their London Treasury team. The London operation has been established for over 20 years, is a highly profitable business centre, and is seeking in continue their expansion in Capital Markets. They now require a highly motivated team-player to become an integral member of their Treasury Department.

This is an rare opportunity for a pro-active individual to become a senior member of a dedicated marketing desk, selling FX products to a diverse UK and European Institutional and Corporate client base. This high-profile position reports directly to the Treasury Manager, with strong potential for future management opportunities.

Successful candidates will have a minimum of 5 years' experience of froot-office Treasury/Trading activity. Marketing/Sales experience is essential with some handson FX trading desirable.

An attractive base salary with bonus and full banking benefits are offered,

Please apply in writing, enclosing a full curriculum vitae including salary details, and quoting reference 046A, to the Response Manager, Barkers Response and Assessment, 30 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4EA.

Your CV will be forwarded to this client only. Please indicate any company to which your details should not be sent.

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£25,000 - £35,000 - London

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Manager.

The Economics Directorate is responsible for taking forward the recommendations resulting from The Economics Directorate is responsible for taking forward the recommendations resulting from the British Gas monopoly and the British gas the Monopolies & Mergers Commission Inquiry into the British Gas monopoly and the British gas industry as a whole. This includes the responsibility for implementing price controls on transportation

industry as a whole. This includes the responsibility for implementing price controls on transportation and supply which are due to take effect in 1997.

As a Manager of the Directorate, you will be providing quantitative and analytical support, particularly for the introduction of market competition into gas supply, as well as playing an important part in helping to develop new pricing regimes for gas transportation and supply.

Most probably a graduate with excellent analytical and quantitative skills, you must have a good knowledge of the Gas industry combined with the ability to quickly develop an in-depth understanding of the appropriation and storage systems. A knowledge of pricing for access to a

of the current British Gas transportation and storage systems. A knowledge of pricing for access to a transportation system would be a distinct advantage.

Apart from the satisfaction to be gained from playing an active part in re-shaping one of the UK's major industries, this could be an important career move enabling you to be at the very heart of the future of the gas industry.

This appointment is for three years with the possibility of an extension and relocation expenses

For further details and an application form (to be returned by 19th August 1994), please write to Recruitment & Assessment Services, Alencon Link, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG21 IJB or telephone Basingstoke (0256) 468551 or fax (0256) 846660/846374. Please quote reference: B/2236/95.

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You will be expected to play a pivotal role in managing the design and implementation of projects – principally in the investment banking sector – to dramatically improve the cost base and operational efficiency of back office operations. The current focus is likely to include settlement, exposure and portfolio management methods and issue authorisation, moving towards the 'middle office'

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The informal, unbureaucratic working environment stretches, exhilarates and offers unrivalled opportunities for earnings growth and personal development. Please write initially to us, as Selection Advisers, quoting reference number 9437. We will ensure the total confidentiality of your response.

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Ta succeed you will be a graduate calibre individual with a minimum of two years' relevant experience in institutional UK equity management, and the desire to retain or achieve involvement across the full spon of market sectors and capitalisations.

We affer a campetitive salary dependent on ability and experience, including a substantial performance-related bonus and other benefits associated with a major financial organisation.

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MAJOR INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT BANK

Applications are invited from Securities Settlements Officers with at least 12 months' experience aged 20-26 years old. Experience preferably in Euroclear, Cedel and/or Midas. Reporting will be to the Supervisor of Securities Settlements and responsibilities will cover securities settlements broadening into swaps and futures. A full training will be provided if necessary. Initial salary negotiable £18,000-£24,000, subsidised mortgage, pension, life assurance, free medical insurance. Ref: SSO386/FT



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CITY

£16,000 - £20,000

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MARKET MANAGEMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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These are high profile positions in KRF & the industry, and will require an individual with initiative, tenacity, good judgement, strong communication skills and a high degree of self sufficiency.

If you feel you can match up to one of these challenging positions please fax or send your CV (including details of your current remuneration) to:

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MAGENIN THE WALL

MMS International is the leading provider of on-line foreign exchange and bond market analysis, read by over 20,000 participants in the financial markets. It offers specialist services carried on Reuters, Telerate and other major realtime financial information systems used in trading rooms around the world. We are seeking to further develop our analysis of European markets and

FINANCIAL MARKET ANALYSTS

are, therefore, looking to recruit fundamental market analysis, either with postgraduate economic qualifications or relevant market experience, to join our London based group. Positions are available in both our European bond and global currency teams. The ability to react quickly with hucid analysis in response to market moving events will be key to success in this environment, in addition to maintaining a tonger term fundamental view on individual countries' economic and market outlooks. Written and spoken fluency in English and an additional European language are require

In addition to the above, MMS international have a position available for a Technical Analyst who should have two to three years experience in a foreign exchange environment, preferably using technical analysis in their

These positions offer an attractive salary and benefits package, together with excellent career opportunities in a growing international organisation.

Please apply in writing to: Fiona Tindal MMS International, 14 Ryder Street, St. James's, London SW1Y 6QB PRANEFORT TOETO LONDON NEW YORK PARIS

Opportunity for Returnee to Jordan

The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near Fast (UNRWA) wishes to recruit a Senior Auditor (EDP).

MMS

INTERNATIONAL

The job will principally comprise EDP auditing including evaluation of the operating environment and application systems, technical support for and training of audit staff, analysis and design of computer assisted audit techniques, evaluation of software packages and financial and operational audits. Essential qualifications include:

University degree in computer science or related field; membership in a professional body of accountants; ten years auditing experience with a mix between EOP auditing/security and financial, operational program auditing; experience with PCs in a IAN and distributed computing environment;

working experience in both the user and computing areas; and experience in training staff.

This senior local staff post in Amman, Jordan, carries an attractive and competitive package of salary and benefits. In certain circumstances, appointment and separation travel may be payable and a limited amount of personal effects may be shipped on certain conditions.

Applications should be addressed to: The Coordinator

UNRWA Headquarters Branch (Amman) P.O.Box 700

A-1400 Vienna, Austria

or faxed directly to Amman, Jordan (No. ** 9626 -826177) not later than 15 August 1994.

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Creative catch from Atlantic's muddy waters

Andrew Jack on a report that highlights one of the most extraordinary corporate episodes of the 1980s

he story of Atlantic Computers began with all the continentbridging energy that the name of the company implies, and ended np unceremoniously drowning directors, investors and advisers alike.

Last week's highly critical report from Department of Trade and Industry inspectors (an investigation itself costing a gargantuan £6.5m spread over four years) highlights one of the moat extraordinary corporate episodes of the 1980s.

Atlantic w s founded in 1975 to provide leasing, lease-financing, broking, and the sale of computers. It would order computers, arrange lease terms and sell them to customers with benefit of leases. It was floated in 1983, and by 1988 was gobbled up by British & Commonwealth, the listed financial services group, for £408m. Two years later, both Atlantic and its new par-

ent had collapsed.
Including additional money injected since 1988, B & C had made an investment of £485m - or nearly half of its assets - by April 1990, when it was rewarded by the suspension of its shares and the appointment of admin-

Between 1983 and 1988, Atlantic had reported aggregate pre-tax profits of £127.6m. According to the DTI's two inspectors, had it been accounting prudently, it would have reported no significant profits at all.

The inspectors conclude: "Throughout its life Atlantic employed a number of commercial and accounting devices to increase its reported profits and postpone impact of its contingent

The root cause of Atlantic's prob-

lems, they argue, was a simple business one: the lack of commercial viability of its core product, known as Flexlease. The company was able to keep these troubles concealed by the way in which it accounted for profits and failed to make provision for the contingent liabilities it incurred.

From the late 1970s till the mid 1980s, accounting rules and capital allowances in the UK "were favourable for leasing as opposed to other forms of financing", as the inspectors euphemistically put it.

Flexlease offered a six-year lease, with the scope for two options: "flex" (allowing renegotiating for a new agreement after three years) and walk" (to terminate the lease after five years). The options gave rise to large potential liabilities. The inspectors say that Atlantic's

directors counted on the gross liabilities of the leases being reduced by earnings on replacement leases. Future profits were anticipated to cover current losses which were not provided for in the accounts.

This was, they say, "an unsound basis for a long-term business". It was only viable if there was a sound basis for believing that the future residual value of returned computer equipment would at least equal the cost of meeting the outstanding lease obligations at the flex and walk points in the lease. The past pattern of depreciation suggested otherwise.

The inspectors say there was also "an element of commercial deception" inherent in the arrangement. The walk option was a clear obligation, but the flex option was worded in a way to apparently suggest there were contractual rights to exchange equip- connected with a transaction in the ment when these were probably legally unenforceable.

So Atlantic reported the gross margin in full as profit in the year each lease was sold. It made no advance provision for potential liabilities attached to the flex or walk obligations. It also offered no disclosure of the walk obligations in the accounts, while the flex obligations were noted but their magnitude not included.

These two elements rendered Atlantic's accounting policies "imprudent", and meant that the accounts were not "true and fair" at least since 1983 and possibly since the commencement of the company. It was, in short, able to report substantial, fast-growing profits while large potential liabilities were built up but not disclosed. By early 1989 the gross potential (and unrecorded) liabilities of the walk

options were £160m. The report suggests that the Atlan-tic directors also indulged in a catalogue of other creative accounting devices. They reported as profit the estimated value of residual interests in leased computer equipment. They used "artificial" routes to justify the accounting for the acquisition of two businesses, ICA and Comcap, and created a company with inadequate

records for monitoring.

Atlantic postponed its contingent liability problem through a wide range of techniques. It adjusted the treatment of its own-book leases financed by hire purchase. It used two ways to generate incorrect accounting for transactions close to the year-end.

First, it mismatched revenue and costs by failing to record all costs

year in which they were reported and by backdating transactions. Second, it employed duplicate acceptance notes on leases, with the date left blank or

typed in after customer signatures. Between 1981 and 1988 it made five prior year adjustments, "the common theme being a resulting benefit to reported profits", as the inspectors say: through stock adjustment, changes to "unsound" or "illegiti-

mate" accounting policies.

When the size of Atlantic's liabilities emerged in 1989, the directors decided not to tell the auditors. The 1988 accounts required a provision for walk obligations of £175.9m. The inspectors say that much effort went into seeking an "accounting solution" to deal with liabilities without damag-ing current profitability.

herever there is questionable accounting, the spot-V light needs also to turn to the auditors, of course. The report provides intriguing insights into the way in which Atlantic and B & C handled a number of large firms of accountants.

In fact, many of the problems with Atlantic's accounting were picked up: in a draft report at the time of Atlantic's flotation by Price Waterhouse, for example - and in work conducted by KPMG Peat Marwick after it took over as auditor to Atlantic, What is worrying is how such danger signals were able to be concealed for so long.

In 1982, Atlantic indulged in some "opinion shopping" with three firms to support accounting policy on leases. Two - Arthur Young and

Deloittes - supported its existing stance, and their views were used to bolster its position.

The company clearly put considerable pressure on Spicer and Pegler, its auditor from 1983 till 1989, and now part of Touche Ross. At one point in 1982, a draft report from Spicer, which included the comment "there exists a contingent liability", was amended in the final version to read "there exists a possible contingent liability" with additional wording that no such acrual liability existed.

Atlantic's directors showed evidence of bullying their auditors, inter-nal memos also suggested that they were worried that a switch to another firm of auditors might reduce the

"flexibility" adopted by Spicer.
The inspectors say that Spicer, in turn, failed to develop a sufficiently deep relationship with the company. The firm had unrestricted access to the company's records, and should

have been aware of scale of the walk clauses. Instead, it seemed prepared to accept the directors' assurances that no more than 5 per cent of the lease contracts had such clauses. The true figure was nearer to 90 per cent in some years.

The inspectors suggest that Spicer provided weak auditing which allowed Atlantic's accounting to go unchecked. There were numerous deficiencies in planning for successive audits, and shortcomings in carrying out the work.

It will be intriguing to see if any disciplinary actions follow from the Atlantic debacle. It will be still more interesting to see whether the profes-

Financial Director

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 Responsible for defining and agreeing the project scope and objectives with the Project Board, comprising senior user and IT management. Developing detailed project plans and monitoring performance against

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Maintaining clear and open lines of communication between all interested parties inside and outside the Corporation. Resolving conflicts and overcoming obstacles to maintain the project's momentum.

THE QUALIFICATIONS

■ Demonstrable track record of managing large IT projects in an organisation with multiple husiness units and diverse user groups, gained either as an IT project manager of as a consultant with a leading systems

Exceptional Intellect and communication skills, combined with a high degree of political sensitivity Strong leadership and management ability, capable of motivating a team of users, IT specialists and external personnel

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Operational Review Manager

West Midlands

Our client, an international group has expanded rapidly by both acquisition and organic growth. Internal restructuring, and a strengthening within its finance function, has led to the need to recrult a high calibre manager to initiate the creation of an operational review function.

The task of the department will be to help improve business performance in the Group's operations throughout the UK and abroad. The role will be both challenging and diverse encompassing key business reviews with requirements for travel within the UK and overseas. Significant emphasis will be placed on the ability of

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potential candidates to demonstrate commercial awareness and considerable problem solving skills.

Ideally aged 30-45, candidates must be technically competent with a hands on approach, perseverance and a renacious attitude towards specific projects. Experience In a dynamic international group within audit or operational review is also desimble. It you believe you have the qualities to fulfil this role then please forward a comprehensive CV stating current salary and quoting reference number 195172 to Tony Gleeson BA CA at Michael Page Finance, 190 Corporation Street, Birmiogham, 84 6QD.

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As the role includes the financial management of the business you must be a qualified accountant. Ideally also

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Systems Accountant

North London

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- the implementation of various software package. including Merchandising and Buying, Purchase Order
- full responsibility for a suite of financial
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Interested applicants should write enclosing a

comprehensive curriculum vitae and daytime telephone number to Nigel Milford, Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, quoting ref: 190634.

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representation of the finance department to relation to

group projects and related IT matters;

 ad-hoc analysis and general ledger report writing. As a qualified accountant you must be able to demonstrate the necessary technical skills together with the ability to

communicate effectively on a cross functional basis. Reporting directly to the Financial Controller, you will

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a graduate in a technical discipline and aged under 40,

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This client is on international marketing services group, which in three years has established itself organically in 15 countries in Europe and the For Eost and has ochieved a turnover of £50 million. The Group is strongly copitalised, profitable and cosh positive.

The dynomic monogement of the business and the geographic spread continually create a wide variety of special projects which will be the responsibility of a Project Accountant who will report directly ta the Graup Financial Controller. The range of projects will develop along with the individual's understanding of the business and will include specific exercises on morgins and prices, warehouse and physical inventory controls, promotional profitability studies and costing exercises. Achievements will be tangible, visible and recognised.

Applicants should be qualified accountants in their mid/late 20's

with about 2 years past qualification experience in a Big 6 firm or in industry who can combine flexibility and adoptability with high standards of professionalism. A versatile self starter is required with strong presentation skills who can identify with a sales orientated open culture business. Some overseas travel will be required.
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Candidates for the Operational Review team need not necessarily be qualified but are likely to be ACA/CIMAs with relevant experience; for the EDP team, graduates with a background in data processing or computer audit is essential. The excellent salary package includes mortgage subsidy, relocation assistance and other banking benefits, whilst the career prospects are superb. Other departments worldwide view the teams as a source of high-calibre candidates with strong business acumen for management positions in operational management, finance, treasury and other business areas,

interested applicants should send or fax their CV quoting ref 075 or contact us on 07t 329 4649, or during the evening and weekends on 081 467 1408.



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> Works & Mr. A. J. B. House, 1. 1. 1 March 1981

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Finance Director

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c£40K, bonus, car and benefits

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COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

Big Gatt 'winners' on the look-out for backsliding

Having already seen some of the 1992 Blair House provisions pared back, Australian farmers fear there may be more dissipation of benefits before the Uruguay Round deal is implemented, writes Nikki Tait

of the big winners from the settlement of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. For many products, the country is an efficient, low-cost producer. It would, therefore, seem a natural beneficiary of freer trade.

To hear local farmers talk, bowever, no one would believe it. They have already seen some of the 1992 Blair House provisions pared back. Now the fear is that more dissipation will follow during the long period leading up to the full implementation of the Uruguay Round settlement.

Potential environmental obligations, which reflect Europe's confined habitat and are less applicable to Australia's vast expanses, or manipulation of base levels from which subsidy reductions will be calculated are just some of the issues

"It's all very nice, what's happened - but now we've got to watch how it's executed." says Mr Bob Lawrence, at the New South Wales Farmers'

Association. Mr Graham Barron, a grainfarmer from Ungarie, is even blunter. "The spirit of Gatt should be adopted immediately, yet stocks are being dumped, even now, by the US and Europe" he alleges. "The lead-in will he bumpy and we're not going to get immedi-

ate remedies The much-cited headline figure for the benefit of the Gatt agreement to Australia's farm sector is a A\$900m-A31bn boost to annual agricultural exports. food, of A\$9.72bn in 1992/3, this is plainly an impressive num-

It should be treated with some cantion, however. The estimate comes from two separate econometric models,

employed by the Australian

Burean of Resource Econom-

ics, a government forecasting

agency, and by the Industry

Commission, the statutory

authority that advises federal

government on assistanca to

In both cases, the A\$1bn fig-

ure applies only when the pro-

visions of the Uruguzy Round

are fully implemented - that is, after 2001. Moreover, while

the models differ in their gen-

eral scope, both look only at

the "marginal" change to

exports at current farm prices.

They do not attempt to esti-

mate what the value of addi-tional exports will be at prices

ruling in the year 2002, what

new competition might enter

These caveats aside, the

models anticipate that the

gains will come from three

sources. First, there will be a

reduction in subsidised exports

from the US and European

Union. Secondly, there is the

markets which are protected at

promise of improved access to

the market, and so on.

the private sector.

ustralia's farm sector Set alongside total rural present. Thirdly, the require-relief when the European of benefits to the Australian has been touted as one exports, excluding processed ment that domestic support Union reaffirmed the Andries-farming sector," he comments. funds which are used to subsidise farm production and incomes - be cut hy a fifth should also help to address the problam of ovarproduction. That, at the very least, should

now, by the US and Europe'

According to the Abare

funds - that is, government sen Assurance, an undertaking given by the former European Community agriculture commissioner, Mr Frans Andriessen, that the EC (now known

as the EU) would not export subsidised beef to North Asian 'The spirit of Gatt should be adopted immediately, yet stocks are being dumped, even

> stabilise world prices generally, and could push them

model, all sectors of the Australian farm sector stand to get some benefit. But the gains will not be spread evenly. In absolute terms, the biggest winner is the beef industry, where producers can expect to receive a A\$340m annual export boost by the end of the six-year implementation period. Next comes the wheat industry, which should see a further A\$250m-worth of exports. The dairy industry is forecast to enjoy a A\$125m benefit: coarse grains, A\$90m; sugar, A\$40m; rice, A\$25m; and

sheepmeat, perhaps A\$20m. Not surprisingly, Australian politicians crowed when the deal was finally struck on December 15. Mr Paul Keating, the prime minister, sald his country would benefit from "enhanced market access and more predictable market conditions". Trade officials, meanwhile, sighed with particular

markets of considerable value

In large part, farmers' representatives agreed: "Improve-ments in market access will deliver considerable gains to farmers," commented Mr Graham Blight, president of the National Farmers Federation. Even on December 15, however, reaction from the farming sector was less than euphoric, with negotiators expressing concerns over some of the last-minute additions to the deal.

r Philip Elfason, then deputy director of the National Farmers Faderation and closely involved with the Gatt talks, says that haggling over the timing and starting-dates for adjustments to export subsidies, and the extension of the period during which the so-called "peace-clause" could protect subsidisers from Gatt action, were both big nega-

"These were elements which will set back the delivery date

At farm level reaction to the Gatt deal has been even more equivocal, and varies significantly according to the type of agriculture involved. Even cattle farmers are cautious. Mr Frank Austin, a cattle-pro-

ducer from Adelong, who has some 400 breeding cows on a 1,400-hectare property, acknowledges that his industry will see some real gain from the enhanced market access but thinks thet Australian farmers will have their work cut out trying to maximise the opportunities. march.

"I see the agreement as an advantage. It's formalised the Andriessen Assurance, which was previously only a verbal agreement, and we will get increased access to the US. I guess the rationalisation of production in Europe will also reduce the pressure worldwide," be says.

"But there still needs to be a very serious emphasis on quality in Australia, and we need to reduce processing costs. We need to address freight and non-farm costs. We need to look at the international marketplace and be aware of what we're producing and for whom. We must be far more targeted."

Already, he worries that Australian farmers are losing out to their New Zealand coun-For grain-farmers, like Mr

Barron, the agreement is also a plus, but falls way short of

"A few years ago, we had really low commodity prices

for nearly all grains, and most farmers were in a very tight financial situation. Gatt was seen as a light at the end of the

tunnel," he says. Since the Blair House accord, however, "the watering down and delayed start makes it a step in the right direction, but not a windfall". Like his counterparts in the cattle sector, Mr Barron thinks that Australian farmers will need to concentrate on quality and find ways of reducing non-farm costs if they are to seize the market openings that Gatt throws up before rival producers steal a

And in farming sectors where the promised export boost is smaller and current problems still pressing, the gains can seem even more

"The average wool-grower's perception is that there's some-thing there of value, but it will probably be dissipated before we get to it," says Mr Charles Armstrong, a New South Wales sheep-farmer and president of the Wool Council of Australia, for example.

Mr Eliason thinks that Australian farmers are probably right to be wary.
"While the Uruguay Round

improves the unfair trading situation, there's still the test of fair trading," he says, noting thet countries like Hungary, East Germany or even the Ukraine could have the potential to become significant players at some stage in the future.

"Gatt's no panacea - it will just compel competitive forces

Pechiney aluminium gasury plan wins Russian government support

By Kenneth Gooding. Mining Correspondent

Pechiney of France has won Russian government support for a scheme to modernise gradually the Siberian aluminium smelters - Krasnoyarsk, Bratsk and Novokuznetsk which between them account for about half of Russia's aluminium production capacity but are among the world's heaviest polluters.

Mr Bernard Legrand, head of Pechiney's aluminium activi-ties, said that a start would be made at Krasnoyarsk with a "module" of 250,000 tonnes of annual capacity to replace outdated existing tonnage. Arranging finance for this, an estimated US\$400m to \$500m, and completing detailed engineering studies would take 18 months to two years and construction another two years.

Then a 250,000-tonne module would be built at Bratsk which, like Krasnoyarsk, has an annual capacity of 800,000 tonnes. Both are producing below that rate. He hoped this step-by-step process would con-

tinue until capacity at all three smelters had been modernised. :a.7.

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Mr Legrand said that he was assured at a meeting with the Russian prime minister. Mr Victor Chernomyrdin, that he had the Russian government's support for the project. "I am pretty confident things will work out, but it won't be

easy," he added.
Pechiney will work with Morgan Grenfell, the merchant bank, which will have to find a way to put together a bankable international finance package, while Bechtel, the US civil engineering group, will do detailed studies to see that as much Russian equipment as 5CO possible is used.

Mr Legrand said Pechiney's involvement sprang from the osterecent multi-lateral trade oste agreement between the big ahiwhen western governments dicted pledged to offer technological help and finance to the Russian industry if it would join in the international efforts to cut output temporarily to bring the aluminium market back into

Danes ease oil licence terms

Denmark has eased the terms on which oil companies are invited to apply for licences to explore for hydrocarbons in the Danish sector of the North Sea in the country's fourth licensing round. The new terms have been

approved the Folketing (Parliament) energy committee. Compared with the third lic-

ensing round in 1989, they have been altered significantly: no royalty payment is required; companies will not be required to apply for low as well as high risk acreage; there will be no right of first refusal to buy oil and gas by the state

no special requirements concerning research, development and training.

There will be obligatory 20

per cent stata participation, but the state oil company, Dansk Olie og Naturgas, will pay its share of the exploration costs and there will be no sliding scale allowing the state

company to increase its share ... if a commercial find is made. The acreage opened in the fourth round is in the extreme western tip of the Danish area, adjacent to areas where finds have already been made. Output from the Danish

fields last year reached 9.3m tonnes of crude oil, plus 4m tonnes oil equivalents of gas,. slightly more than Denmark oil distribution company; and requires for its own needs.

Bumper Queensland sugar output set to topple Cuba from pole position

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS

Australia is set to become the world's biggest raw sugar exporter this year, with a high sugar content cane crop in Queensland expected to push output beyond the forecast 4.4m tornes, reports Reuters from Brisbane.

Tha state's sugar output is

likely to rise to over 4.6m tonnes according to the Cane-

Mr Ian Ballantyne, Canegrowers general manager, said that the signs after a month of harvesting indicated that the record crop of 32m tonnes of cane had above average sugar

content and would beat earlier sugar production forecasts. "Wa have seen around a 10 per cent increase in the actual size of crop but about 15 per cent increase in the content of

sugar," he said. "We definitely

have 4.4m tonnes of sugar

Sep Dec Mar Mar May Jel Dec Total

Sep Nov Jan Mar

there but probably more."

About 85 per cent of Australia's raw sugar is exported with 3.36m tonnes going overseas last year. This made Australian sugar exports the world's second largest after Cuba's 3.6m tonnes.

Australia is hoping to take the number one position this

SOFTS

year with a third successive around 200,000 tonnes. good crop and with Cuba's sugar production falling to about 4m tonnes. Last year Queensland pro-

duced 4.02m tonnes of sugar with the only other growing state, New South Wales, producing its annual average of

"There is just no question that the 1994 growing season will produce a very good crop of sugar after a bit of a ragged start," Mr Ballantyne said. So far, only about 20 per cent of the country's crop has been

5.172

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-0.09 -1.00

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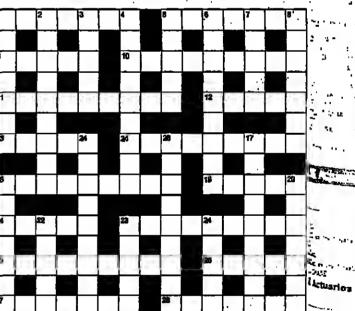
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MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

CROSSWORD

No.8,518 Set by VIXEN



ACROSS Arranged toast in place (7)
 Franco-Italian articles, including about four quite churlish 9 Getting hot in modern

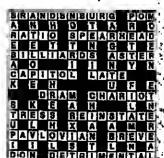
machinery (5)

10 Where people are questioned concerning their food intake?
(5-4) 11 A woman cleaner, note, must

encompass a good deal (9)
12 Muse when there's time to (5)

senator (7) 28 Vagrant given in charge after turning on maniac (7)

2 Social workers are frequently taken in by them (9) 3 A model thought to be over



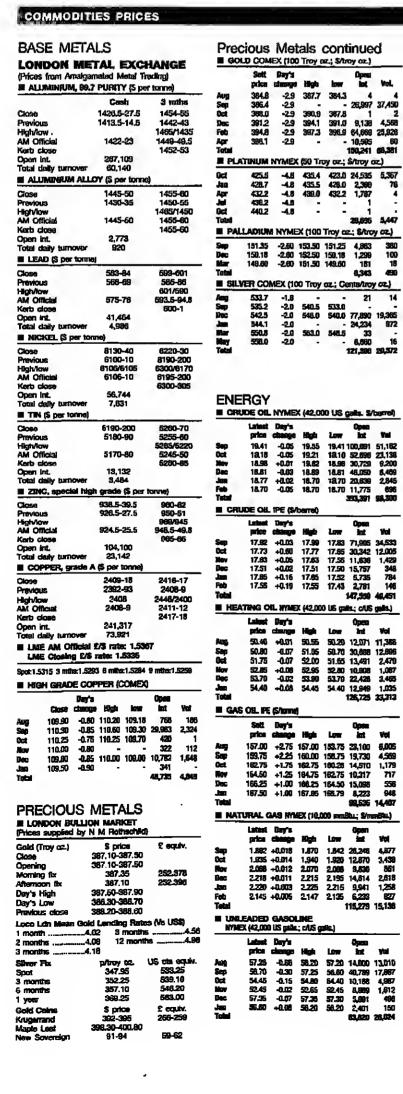
5 Join in the fun - it encourages sociability (5)
6 Pass the reader will find a

7 The girl often played (5) 6 Ridicule strike – on reflection

work on (7) Scattered and set about a

woman's followers (9)
16 Myrtle is constantly mindful

saver (9)



WHEAT LCE (£ per tonne) ■ COCOA LCE (E/torane ■ LIVE CATTLE CME (40,000lbs; cents/fbs 105.40 -0.75 106.25 105.40 106.20 -1.20 107.00 106.20 108.20 -1.35 109.25 108.15 110.00 -1.15 110.90 110.00 111.90 -1.00 112.50 111.90 68.350 -0.075 68.690 66.025 21,843 71,300 -0.225 71,626 71,200 25,871 1089 1101 68.650 -0.450 69.975 69.600 10,011 70.875 -0.375 71.050 70.825 5,360 87.750 -0.175 87.950 67.750 1,230 1119 10,282 ■ WHEAT CBT (5,000bu min; cents/60th bushel) ■ COCOA CSCE (18 cornes: S/tornes) -0/4 334/4 330/0 17,348 -1/2 348/0 343/2 32,137 -2/2 353/0 348/6 7,941 -3/0 348/0 342/0 383 +0/2 330/4 327/4 958 +0/2 2 1438 33,634 7,985 1480 19,513 2,890 1517 8,007 574 1545 2,953 2 2,344 43 41 41 41 41 41 1457 1488 1527 1545 45.950 -0.150 46.125 45.500 7,096 2,493 41.975 +0.350 42.200 41,250 11,802 3,056 41,375 +0.175 41,475 40,900 40,425 -0.175 40,900 40,350 39,600 -0.200 39,850 39,500 44,300 -0.125 44,300 44,050 58,770 18,432 MARZE CBT (5,000 bu min; cents/56to bushel) ■ COCOA (ICCO) (SDR's/tonne) PORK BELLES CME (40,000fbs; cents/fbs) 27.625 -1.450 28.300 27.200 42.375 -0.100 43.350 42.200 42.500 -0.150 43.100 42.350 43.100 +0.100 43.100 -44.200 +0.300 44.200 -/6 8,892 501 /6 8,180 909 /4 587 30 214,208 25,334 ■ COFFEE LCE (\$/tonne) -68 3525 3465 286 32 -78 3535 3429 18,496 1,553 -95 3575 3400 8,602 1,525 -96 3505 3400 9,578 579 -107 3460 3400 3,598 88 -112 3395 3380 882 46 3435 3458 3428 3413 3382 3386 O.35 105.85 105.50 475 0.35 107.50 107.15 LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Strike price \$ tonne — Cells — — Puts — ■ COFFEE 'C' CSCE (\$7,500lbs; cents/fbs) 202.40 -8.55 208.50 200.00 19.552 6,223 206.25 -8.20 211.75 203.50 12.285 1,842 211.50 -8.00 215.00 211.50 5,107 188 213.30 -8.00 215.00 213.30 1,762 34 215.00 -8.00 - 337 17 218.75 -8.00 219.00 219.00 - 39 5 96 83 70 SOYABEANS CET (5,000bu min; cents/60b bushet) 5846 -0.2 588/2 580/2 16,544 7,000 572/4 +1/6 577/0 567/6 12,762 2,828 564/0 +3/4 569/0 558/0 67,480 23,913 572/2 +3/6 578/0 568/0 10,351 1,324 569/0 +3/6 584/0 574/4 3,807 375 567/6 +5/6 580/0 581/4 3,383 946 122,448 37,489 1,762 34 337 17 39 5 38,317 8,414 COPPER (Grade A) LME 105 83 65 2400 COFFEE (ICO) (US cents/pound) Prev. day 186.84 195.64 Jul 27 COFFEE LCE SOYABEAN OIL CET (60,000lbs; cents/fb) 196 70 23.97 +0.04 24.13 23.88 11,329 4,711 23.96 +0.12 24.18 23.82 20,347 8,871 23.97 +0.20 22,75 22,43 13,545 1,894 23.36 +0.24 22,45 23.08 37,475 7,477 23.35 +0.28 23.39 23.08 4,183 554 23.34 +0.24 23.37 23.05 4,283 575 23.34 +0.24 23.37 23.05 4,283 575 ■ No7 PREMIUM RAW SUGAR LCE (certs/be) 12.13 +0.07 12.13 11.95 1,400 285 11.82 - - 90 . COCOA LCE 1000 . BRENT CRUDE IPE Sep WHITE SUGAR LCE (\$/tonne) 314.80 +1.10 318.50 313.00 10,902 314.80 +1.00 314.80 311.70 1,056 313.70 +1.10 313.80 310.50 4.193 313.10 +1.20 512.70 309.50 355 299.90 +1.20 299.90 297.00 179 SOYABEAN MEAL CET (100 tons; \$/ton) 177.3 +0.5 178.2 176.1 15.991 8.142 178.8 +0.8 177.7 178.5 18.961 4,718 176.2 +1.3 178.7 174.2 10.384 1,144 175.9 +0.7 178.9 174.2 28.532 5,440 178.8 +0.9 177.8 175.1 3,717 795 178.3 +0.5 178.9 178.9 4,045 697 83.676 21,559 LONDON SPOT MARKETS ■ CRUDE OIL FOB (per barrel/Sep) 17,078 669 Dubai ■ SUGAR "11" CSCE (112,000fbs; cents/fbs) Brent Blend (dated) Brent Blend (Sep) W.T.L (1pm est) POTATOES LCE (2/torme) 11.82 +0.18 11.86 11.57 65,675 5.558 11.75 +0.14 11.81 11.54 31,670 11.75 +0.17 11.75 11.50 6,506 11.69 +0.14 11.69 11.50 2,779 # Oil. PRODUCTS NWE prompt delivery CIF (tonne) 209.0 240.0 107.5 -27.5 230.0 209.0 1,224 11.59 +0.14 11.59 11.39 1,173 13 11.52 +0.10 11.52 11.39 1,173 13 11.45 +0.18 - 167 1 107,975 7,309 Premium Gasoline \$199-201 Gas Oil Heavy Fuel Oil \$156-157 \$98-89 \$165-169 1.224 Naphtha Jet fuel ■ COTTON NYCE (50,000lbs; cents/lbs) FREIGHT (BIFFEX) LCE (\$10/Index point) \$169-171 - - 6,757 1,118 74.76 72.70 28,882 3,972 74.00 72.26 7,047 95 Ang Oct Dec Mer May Jai Total 1400 1400 1425 1430 73.60 74.45 Gold (per troy cz).
Silver (per troy cz).
Platinum (per troy cz.) 5387.30 535.50c \$422.25 Close Prev 1440 14 Palladium (per troy oz.) \$150.75 ■ ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000lbs; cents/lbs) Copper (US prod.) 116.0c 95.35 +0.60 95.40 93.00 14,078 Lead (US prod.) Tin (Kusia Lumpur) Tin (New York) 97.50 102.20 +0.60 102.20 100.90 3,804 105.75 +1.05 105.00 104.25 2.405 243.50c Cattle (live weight)†© Sheep (live weight)†© Pigs (live weight)© 113,84p 723 184 24.882 109.70 +2.05 108.00 107.50 Lon. day sugar (raw) Lon. day sugar (wto) \$298.8 \$343.0 £307.0 Wool Opening auctions of the new selfing season in Australia brought a fresh rise in wool prices this week, which continued and lad to an increase in the newly based meriest indicator of 7 centa, to close at 681 cents a leg. This meens an increase compared with the end of June of about 15 cents or 2.5%, though adjustments make exact compartsons difficult. Wool at other auctions this week, in New Zealand and of British wool in Braction, showed a similar or greater advance. Traders still indicate resistance to higher prices from the retail and, despite the mantained upwerf trend and the Tate & Lyle export Barley (Eng. feed) Matze (US No3 Yellow) Unq. \$143.5 VOLUME DATA Wheet (US Dark North) Open interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CBT, NYCE, CME, CSCE and IPE Crude Oil are one Rubber (Sep)♥ Rubber (Oct)♥ Rubber KL RSS No1 Aug 95.00p 94.00p 363.5m Coconut Oil (Philis \$580.0z \$645.0q \$406 £179.0z Palm Oil (Mr Copra (Phil)§ Soyabeens (US) INDICES gance so regiser prices from the reason elegate the manasand upward front and relatively low level of wool prices on any to term companion. Holidays now affect many the leading wool processing countries Europe but otherwise activity is good. ■ REUTERS (Base: 18/9/31=100) Jul 27 month ago 2123.2 2063.3

CRB Futures (Base: 4/9/56=100)

Jul 25 month ago 232.52 229.38

of the environment (9)

17 Take a quarter ounce in and this must be declared (9)

18 The river turned colour, then disappeared (7) 12 Muse when there's time to (a)
13 Some loathe taking a letter (5)
15 Watches a series that causes the viewer distress (3-6)
18 Project for which the outlay required is five hundred (9)
19 Calls for personal adornment 20 The person most reluctant to give credit (7)
22 Decline to cover the London area (5)
23 The odd coin's needed for young offspring (5) 24 A trainee member's fear (6) Solution 8,517 23 Writing of oneself (9)
25 No longer daydreaming – the price is too great (9)
26 The place of a man north of the border (5)
27 Double-dealing and corrupt 1 Very acceptable petition (7) 4 The clothing of retiring indi-**JOTTER PAD**

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Vermine Treasury report helps calm interest rate nerves the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. were wary of expressing ov optimism ahead of the UK hours, site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested. The above 2007 before closing et the Dow Jones Industrial Average site range was more mixed than the gain in the Pootsie index suggested.

Treasury's monthly report calmed worries on interest rate prospects in the London stock market yesterday. and the FT-SE 100-share index recovered more than 13 points in a determined ettempt to regain the 3,100 level. The market was given a lead by strong gains in weter industry stocks following an unexpectedly favourable pricing review from Ofwat, the industry regulator. A new bid from J. Sainsbury for William Low saw shares in the Scot-

tish aopermarket group immedistely outstrip the terms as speculators anticipated an aggressive response offer from Tesco, the origi-

At the day's best the FT-SE 100

contract returned to a good pre-mium, trading comfortably above 3,100 as the markets closed. Equities moved uncertainly in the

early part of the session, easing at first with other European markets and then losing most of an 11.8 gain on the Footsie. But a steadier trend in the pound and sterling futures had already calmed nerves to some extent when the UK Treasury commented that all the latest data indicated steady economic growth, with no sign of input pricing pressures. Securities markets responded cau-tiously et first but gathered confi-dence in the second half of the session, helped by e brief upturn in British government bond prices.

A firm start on Wall Street, where

was above 3,097, before closing et 3,095.9 for a gain on the session of 13.6. The September Footsie futures contract returned to a good premium, trading comfortably above 2,100 as the method related to the countries of the coun

sures become negative.

The strength of the water sector overflowed into the electricity stocks, which hoped for a similarly favourable regulatory climate to prevail in the power industry. The market had no immediate guide as to the implications of the rejection of Ofwet'e ruling by South West Heavy turnover in William Low

shares as they topped the Sainsbury offer reflected the market view that Low'a pivotal position in Scottish markets will not be taken over without a battle between the two monarchs of the industry. The final picture across the Foot-

Industries, RTZ and Reuters Holdings, were strong, and ICI moved forward after disclosing satisfactory first half results, although with no change in the dividend payment Oil shares were firmer in response to the dollar and the continued

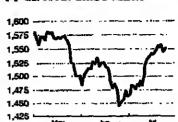
strength of crude oil prices. There was no great response from retail and consumer stocks to the easing of interest rate concerns. Banking shares continued to move confidently towards the profits reporting season, to be opened this morning by Lloyds Bank, and brushed off weakness in bank stocks in Germany in the wake of interim figures from Commerzbank

and Deutsche Bank In general, however, strategists

were wary of expressing overoptimism ahead of the report today of the US second-quarter gross forecasts for GDP growth have been moving higher all week, and analysts now warn that growth above 4 per cent would revive all the old fears of ection by the US Federal Reserve.

Seaq volume increased to 657m shares, from 599.1m in the previous session; on Wednesday, retail business was worth £1.05bn, indicating that the interest rate worries dominating that session had inspired some selling pressure.

But non-Footsie stocks were more active yesterday, making up nearly 58 per cent of the day's business The FT-SE Mid 250 Index gained 9.9 at 3,642.9 as investors continued to search out growth stocks.



FT-SE-A All-Share index

Source; FT Grephia

FT-SE 100

Utilities

■ Key Indicators

Indices and ratios

400 100 100

Merchant Banks

Equity Shares Traded

3095.0 3642.8 FT Ordinary index FT-SE-A Non Fins p/e FT-SE Mid 250 +9.0 FT-SE 100 Fut Sep 3103.0 FT.SF.A All-Share 1550,60 10 yr Gilt yield Long glit/equity yld ratio: 2.28 FT-SE-A All-Share yield 3,83 Worst performing sectors Bost performing sectors Tobacco ---- +1.6 2 Transport ... ing, Vehicles

Tesco riposte

The bid battle in the food retail sector is expected to take e further twist, perhaps today, with Tesco widely predicted to

A squeeze in stock index

Date 4.001 Puts 9.748

futures helped to reverse an

initial decline as turnover in the

derivatives returned to meagre

FT-SR 100 INDEX FUTURES (LIFFE) \$25 per full index point

Open Sett price Change High

FT-SE MID 260 INDEX FUTURES (LIFTE) \$18 per full index point

III FT-SE MID 250 INDEX FLITURES (OMLX) \$10 per full index point

■ FT-SE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFFE) (*3085) £18 per full index point

2926 2975 3025 3076 3125 3175 3225 3276

Aug 178\(^1\) 7 141\(^1\) 121\(^1\) 903\(^2\) 24 59\(^1\) 301\(^2\) 301\(^2\) 55\(^1\) 171\(^1\) 97\(^1\) 7 138\(^1\) 2 188\(^1\) 2

Sep 198 22 169 32\(^1\) 123\(^1\) 46 81 63 63 65 42 123\(^1\) 27 148 15\(^1\) 50

Oct 211 37 143\(^1\) 68\(^1\) 2 91 114\(^1\) 53 175\(^1\) 50

Duc 242 58 176\(^1\) 281\(^2\) 211\(^1\) 133 79\(^1\) 163

Mart 279\(^1\) 25\(^1\) 270\(^1\) 163

199\(^1\) 212\(^1\) 183

IN EURO STYLE FT-SE MID 250 INDEX OPTION (OMUS) \$10 per full index point

3450 3500 3550 3600 3650 3700 3750 37¹4 38¹4 68 59¹2 46¹2 56¹2

IL EURO STYLE FT-SE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFTE) \$18 per full index point

3640.0

share was being mooted in the market, a move which would severely test Sainsbury's staying power in the battle for the Dundee-based grocer. However, others suggestions were of a more cautious 325p e share

on the early morning Sainsthe market's instant assumption that Tesco would respond. with turnover e record 11m.

Waters up strongly

Ofwat, the water regulator, delivered the review many in the market were hoping for and sent water shares spurting forward as utility specialists upgraded profits and dividend forecasts.

Ofwat'e recommendation on the "K" factor - the amount the water companies will be able to raise their prices above the rate of inflation - came in more or less in line with market expectations, with e lower than expected figure for capital expenditure over the next 10 years. Other issues, such as rates of return and dividend growth, were also considered to be leniently treated in the ings, was also the only weak

report. Traders said there were hefty gains from the outset, with good buying sopport being maintained throughout the session Among the perceived key beneficiaries of the report, Northumbrian jumped 30 to 527p, Southern 33 to 588p, Anglian 24 to 549p, North West 28 to 553p, Welsh 30 to 638p and Severn Trent 33 to 572p, with furnover there hitting 7.3m, the second highest recorded. It was a similar story et Thames, where volume reached 9.6m as the shares raced forward 2414 to 5151/Ap. South West, the only company to appeal against Ofwar's find-

TRADING VOLUME

Major Stocks Yesterday

ASDA Groupt
Abbey National!
Abert Fisher
Abert Fisher
Angel Fisher
Angel Neser
Angel Groupt
Ange

BET BICC BCC! BPT BPB India, BTT BT (P/Paid)

Burnish Castrol†
Burtish Castrol†
Burtish E West†
Castroly Schwepp
Caristor†
Cartish Comms,†
Costs Vyelle†
Comm, Union†
Coolean†

Courtmedet Outputy De La Rust

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Gen. Accident?
General Sect.
General

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1,500 1,500

"Some companies might struggle to maintain aggressive divi-dend growth above the market

spot in the sector, losing 12 at

Analysts upgraded forecasts

for real dividend growth in tha

sector from around 2.5 per cent

to 4 per cent per appum, with

talk of the more bullish houses

moving to 5 per cent. Hoare Govett predicted a further 10

per cent upside for shares,

with strong recommendations on Welsh, Thames and Severn

Trent. But NatWest Securities

sounded a slight note of cau-

tion. Mr Andrew Wheeler at

the accurities honse said:

517p on busy volume of 3.3m.

Granada dilemma Whispers were reaching the market that Granada Group, the television and catering concern fresh from its successful takeover of LWT, might be considering hitting the ecquisition trail again. Gardner Merchant, the catering group sold by Forte last year to management and set to come to the market leter this year, was heing mooted as the most likely candidate, with a price tag of around £600m being attached. .

Leisure analysts, while agreeing that the move would make strategic sense to Granada, said that it was unlikely given both its recent foray and Gardner Merchant's imminent flotation, "Granada would have to pay a lot to stop that happening," was the view of one seasoned professional. Forte,

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1994

NEW HIGHS (25).

NEW HIGHS (28).

CHERACAS (1) Wobsenholms Rank,
DISTRIBUTORS (1) Fabor Press, ELECTERIOR &
ELECTERIDE (3) Deviver A, Scholes, United,
ENGINEERING (2) Booth industries, Renold,
ENG. WESTELE (2) Automotive Precision,
UPF, EXTRACTIVE NIDS (5) Angle Are. Cost,
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COMPANIES (1) Spores Bress (2), Metaliza,
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Elinical Computing, Cill Sint, Inspector, Penna,
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(5%), Lande, Sinder, TRANSPORT (1)
Devenoproup, AMSENIGANS (1) Whistpool,

which will reap 25 per cent from any float, crept e half-penny forward to 232p, while Granada managed a penny gain to 533%p.

ICI put on 4 at 637p after the UK's leading chemicals com-pany released second-quarter figures above the range of analysts' forecasts and accompanied them with e strong state-

The profits of £141m translated to a first-half gain of £234m, egainst forecasts of

£205m to £225m. Sir Denys Henderson, the chairman, said: This is the most tangible evidenca yet that our customers are emerging from recession."

Forecasts for the full year shifted from e range of £400m to £450m to between £450m and £500m, but many analysts remained just holders of the stock, arguing that it was already expensive.
SmithKline Beecham fell as

initial reports suggested that the US Food and Drug Administration's advisory committee had decided not to approve the company's best selling drug Tagamet es an over-thecounter treatment for heart-

The shares dropped 11% to 408p but, after the market closed, SmithKline announced that recommendation had been given subject to one or two small points, it said that if those points were cleared up, the drug would not have to be referred back to the advisory committee.

News that Medeva, the pharmaceuticals company, had lost a significant European appeal case came too late to affect the shares, which ended steady at 134p. But one analyst said the decision to uphold the patent on a hepatitis B drug held by Biogen, of the US, could prompt a significant fall in the Medeva share price when the

market opens today. The hepatitis B vaccine is seen as one of the prime sources of Medeva'e earnings growth in the next five years. Analysts had been looking for sales of around £30m next year.

Hanson had made a £96.1m recommended offer for Scholes manufacturer of electrical products, at 250p a share was not the blockhuster bid thet many had expected. Analysts are looking for further ecquisitions but some said that much depended on the strength of the dollar and its impact on the group's high level of dollar denominated debt. Scholes rose 57 to 250p while Hanson improved 3 to 258p the shares

News that conglomerate

a recommendation by Nomura which urged investors to switch their boldings from industrial conglomerate BTR. which eased eased 2 to 370p. Office equipment group Danka Business hardened 3 to 333p after reporting bumper

receiving further support from

first-quarter profits Rolls-Royce advanced 712 to 1884p, with investment bank Lehman Brothers reported to have been an aggressive bidder for stock in the second half of the session, to cover a position on a warrant issue.

Food processing equipment manufacturer APV firmed 2 to 114p after NatWest Securities upgraded profits expectations for the current year by £1.8m to £26.8m.

Motor dealer Lex Service. which reported disappointing figures on Tuesday, relinquished a further 10 at 437p.

MARKET REPORTERS: Peter John, Christopher Price, Joel Kibazo.

Other statistics, Page 17

LONDON EQUITIES

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY LIFFE EQUITY OPTIONS British Funds Oct Jac Apr Oct Jac Apr Option 240 20 2414 22: 1 834 94; 250 344 13 17 6 1534 18 134 11 38 -- 134 73 --154 14 74 -- 14 1804 --180 16 2414 28 114 834 1234 200 344 13 16 104 21 24 Ames-Lyons 540 68 - - 7h. - - (*581) 589 25 - - 27 - 20 Argel 250 24 39 38h 17h 17 20h (*288) 280 18h 18h 18h 27h 31 ASIA 50 10 12 15h 2h 4 5 (*58) 60 3 5% 7 7 8h 18 650 31 51 14 85% 5 31% 41 700 5% 26% 42 31% 81 68% 9rt Alreage 420 29 28 47% 19 28 33 654 TRADITIONAL OPTIONS Calis: Alliance Fies, Arcon Int, Ber-Corn, Biotrace, Caverdale, Division Grp, Euro Disnay, Glaco, Marine & Merc, Nift. Prf, NSM, Ovoca Rec, Shoprite, Tachole Tech. Puts: Alliance Ree, Biotrace, Coventies, Marine & Merc, NSM, Ovoca Res, Shoprite, Puts & Cells: Middiseast Grp, Willis Corroon. LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIES

price peld cep p up (2m.)

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178 156 CPL Aromes
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178 156 CPL Aromes
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- F.P. 10.6 LN8.0 24 21 17.0 N6.54 1.1 28 33.6 LN9.75 1.9 4.5 14.8 RIGHTS OFFERS

Amount paid up 15 40 120 1¹2pm 121pm 2¹2pm 24pm 5pm 1¹epm 2¹2pm ³epm ³epm ¹4pm FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

July 28 July 27 July 25 July 25 July 22 2420.8 2409.8 2423.8 4.15 4.17 4.15 5.59 5.61 5.68 19.08 18.00 19.11 18.84 19.75 19.87 2307.6 2713.6 2240.6 4.00 4.46 3.43 4.76 6.85 3.82 25.99 33.49 17.66 24.84 30.80 18.81

Ordinary Share hourly changes.

Open 9.00 10.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 16.00 10.00 High Low 2395.9 2393.0 2394.1 2399.8 2399.5 2399.2 2392.5 2397.1 2400.5 2401.9 2389.0 July 28 July 27

SEAG bargains Equity turnover (2m)† Equity bergains† Shares traded (mi)† 23,565

predicted

counter yesterday's £210m bid from J. Sainsbury for William Low, the Scottish retailer.

Analysts were united in the belief that Tesco would return to the fray three weeks after making an agreed £154m offer for Low. A fresh bid of 350p e

response. Sainsbury's cash bid is worth 305p e share.

Low shares surged forward

bury announcement, reflecting They closed 44 ahead at 324p Trading in Tesco was also heavy. The shares retreated 7 to 233p on turnover of 15m, while Sainsbury added a penny at 411p on volume of 4.3m.

The opening of the

below expectations and

Low

9084.0 3109.0 +16.8 3119.0 3074.0 11468 52885 3109.8 3113.8 +16.0 3109.0 3108.0 100 3863

3650.0 3650.0

Est, vol Open int.

EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING session lay ahead. Within the September futures contract on first hour of trading the the FT-SE 100 at 3,084 was contract had fallen to a low

of 3.074.

However, an aggressive buyer appeared at midmorning, taking the market by surprise. September saw the eartier decline reversed and a gentie squeeze was seen as dealers attempted to fill the order. A more favourable outlook on inflation helped to maintain the momentum. A firm opening on Wall

Street, the strength of sterling and another bout of hectic buying by the morning'e big trader brought a squeeze to the contract in the last hour which saw it climb to a day's high of 3,119.

Following a bout of profit-taking it closed at 3,103, a point ahead of its fair value premium to cash of about 7 points. Volume was 11,468 contracts. Dealers reported a dull

session in traded options, where a total of 24,372 lots had been dealt by the close. The FT-SE 100 option encountered business of 8,261 contracts, and among stock options HSBC closed well ahead with 3,814 lots traded.

T - SE Actuaries St	nare in	dices	;					1	he L	JK S	eries
	Jul 28	Dey's chge%	Jul 27	Jul 26	Jul 25	Year	Div. yield%	Earn. yleki%	P/E ratio	Xd adj. ytd	Total Return
E 100	3095.9	+0.4	3082.3	3117.2	3106.1	2917.5			17,40	78.15	1161.63
E Mid 250	3842.8	+0.3	3632.9	3641.1	\$624.D	3273.0	3,38	5.68	21.17	61.01	1349.71
E Mid 250 ex lev Truste	3645.1	+0.3	3535.1	3642.9	3826,1	3285.7	3.54	8.15	19,71	84.52	1347.44
6-A 350	1563.1	+0.4	1556.9	1571.2	1565,2	1457.2	3.89	6.54	1215	37.60	1200.41
E SmeltCep	1832,78	+0.2	1829,50	1829.77	1825.24	1643.65	3,07	4.26	30.72	32.98	1413.55
E SmallCop ox hiv Trusts	1800.78	+0.2	1797.54	1797.84	1784.43	1639.11	3.25	4.71	28.35	33,91	1392.27
E-A ALL-SHARE	1650,60		1544.86	1557.85	1582.07	1441.90	3.83	6.38	16.70	38.85	1211.32
FT-SE Actuaries All-	Share										
I -oc section sol		Day's				Your	DN.	Earn	P/E	Xd adj	Too
	Jul 28	chga%	Jul 27	Jul 26	Jul 25	#90	yield%	yield%	radio	ytd	Return
MINERAL EXTRACTION(18)	2713.82	+0.2	2708.98	2725.20	2748.31	2236.00	3.35	4,32	29.11	47.41	1078,44
Extractive industries(4)	3666.32					3110.90		5.21	24.05	54.24	1055,10
Oll, integrated(3)	2670.61					2179.20		4.43	28.09	50.54	1063,75
Oil Exploration & Prod(11)	1961.65					1828,40		1,24	80.001	20.34	1124,74
GEN MANUFACTURERS(284)	2015.12		2010.70	2026.63	2020.71	1824.90	3.77	4.80	26.70	45.29	1019,46
CHEST MARKET LIPS (OLDER SCHOOL)								4			004 44

IN Trusts E UBries A RACTION(16 RIGH(4) 3 Prod(11) CTURERS(21 STUCTOR(22) 8 Merchs(31)	Jul 2 2713. 3866. 2670. 1961.	5.9 +0. 2.8 +0. 5.1 +0. 7.6 +0. 7.8 +0. 60 +8. 1 Day's 8 chgs?4 82 +0. 61 :	Jul 27 4 3082: 3 3632: 3 3635: 4 1656: 2 1629:5 2 1797:5 4 1544:8 5 Jul 27 2 2708:96	9 3641.1 1 3642.9 9 1571.2 1 1829.77 4 1797.84 1 1557.85	3106.1 3624.0 3826.1 1565.2 1825.24 1794.43 1582.07	3273.0 3285.7 1457.2 1643.65 1639.11	Div. yield% ; 4.04 3.39 3.54 5.89 3.07 3.25 3.83	6.80 5.68 8.15 6.54 4.28	17,40 21,17 19,71 18,15	78.15 61.01 84.52 37.60 32.98	1200.41
Inv Trusts E SECTION IS SECTION I	3084 3844 3844 1563 1832 1800. 1550. 31-Sizare Jul 2 2713. 3866. 2670. 1961.	5.9 +0. 2.8 +0. 5.1 +0. 7.6 +0. 7.8 +0. 60 +8. 1 Day's 8 chgs?4 82 +0. 61 :	4 3082.3 3 3632.3 3 3635.4 1 556.1 2 1829.5 2 1797.5 4 1544.8 3 Jul 27 2 2708.9	3 \$117.2 3 \$641.1 1 \$642.8 3 1571.2 3 1829.77 1 1797.84 3 1557.85	3106.1 3624.0 3826.1 1565.2 1825.24 1794.43 1582.07	2917.5 3273.0 3285.7 1457.2 1643.65 1639.11	4.04 3.38 3.54 3.89 3.07 3.25	6.80 5.68 8.15 6.54 4.26 4.71	17.40 21.17 19.71 18.15 30.72	78.15 61.01 84.52 37.60 32.98	1181.83 1349.71 1347.44 1200.47 1413.55
Inv Trusts E SECTION IS SECTION I	3842 3843 1563 1832 1800 1650 31-Sizare Jul 2 2713 3866 2670 1961	2.8 +0. 5.1 +0. 5.1 +0. 78 +0. 78 +0. 80 +8. 1 Day's 8 chgs9 82 +0. 82 +0.	3 3632.3 3 3635.4 4 1656.1 2 1829.5 2 1797.5 4 1544.8 5 Jul 27 2 2708.9	9 3641.1 1 3642.9 9 1571.2 1 1829.77 4 1797.84 1 1557.85	9624.0 3826.1 1565.2 1825.24 1794.43 1552.07	3273.0 3285.7 1457.2 1643.65 1639.11	3.38 3.54 3.89 3.07 3.25	5.68 8.16 6.54 4.26 4.71	21.17 19.71 18.15 30.72	61.01 84.52 37.60 32.98	1349.71 1347.44 1200.41 1413.55
Inv Trusts E SECTION IS SECTION I	1563 1832 1800. 1650. 11-Sizare Jul 2 2713. 3866. 2670. 1961.	76 +0. 76 +0. 76 +0. 60 +8. Dey's chgs9. 82 +0. 32 +0.	4 1556.1 2 1829.5 2 1797.5 4 1544.8 3 Jul 27 2 2708.9	1571.2 1829.77 1797.84 1557.85	1566,2 1825,24 1794,43 1562,07	1457.2 1643.65 1639.11	3.69 3.07 3.25	6.54 4.26 4.71	1815	37.60 32.98	1200.41
RACTION(16 pries(4) i) & Prod(11) CTURERSEE struction(32) & Mercha(31)	1832. 1800. 1550. 31-Sizare Jul 2 2713. 3866. 2670. 1961.	78 +0. 78 +0. 60 +8. Dey's chgs9 82 +0. 32 +0.	2 1829.5 2 1797.5 4 1544.8 5 Jul 27 2 2708.9	1829.77 1797.84 1557.85	1825.24 1794.43 1552.07	1643.65 1639.11	3.07 3.25	4.26 4.71	30.72	32.98	1413.55
RACTION(16 pries(4) i) & Prod(11) CTURERSEE struction(32) & Mercha(31)	1800. 1650. 1650. 1650. 1650. 1650. 1660. 1660. 1661. 1661.	78 +0. 60 +8. Dey's 8 chge9 82 +0. 32 +0.	2 1797.5 4 1544.8 3 Jul 27 2 2708.9	1797.84 1557.85	1784.43 1582.07	1639.11	3.25	4.71			
RACTION(18 strias(4) strias(4) strias(4) strias(4) strias(11) ctrusters(22) struction(32) struction(32) struction(32) struction(32) struction(32)	JA 2 2713. 3866. 2670. 1961.	Day's 8 chga9 82 +0. 32 +0.	Jul 27	Jul 26		1441.90	3.83	E 20			1392.27
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CTURERS(2) struction(32) 8 Mercha(31)	4) 2015.	K5 40	2670.6	2885.78	2707.41	2179.20	3.45	4.43	28.09		
struction(32) 8 Merche(31)		_			1672.16		240	1,24	100.00		
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ect Equip(35)	1925. 1903.				1939,78 1999,53		3.90 2.98	4.60	25.57		1082.85
hicles(12)		87 -Q.	4 2398.3	2415.25	2407.55	1670.30	4.39	2.17	82.93	42.03	1142.66
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. Chierria							3.99	6.95			929.22
		15 +0.	5 2203.7	2205.90	2198.36	2202.90	4.33	7.96	14.53	65.72	926.31
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(12)							5,85	6.19			
							3.13	8.13			961.47
		20 -0.	9 2728.8	3 2749.54	2740.15	2639.80	3.32	6.51	18.08	56.97	931.18
624			2 2138.3	2141.37	2128.59	1843.60					1051,38 994,75
171							3.73	9.36			1022.70
		81 -0.	3 1693.0	1708.34	1700.81	1636.18	3.09	6.44	19.22	33.26	893.26
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04)			7 2171.90 3 2778.00	2807.14	2774.81	2555.60	4.06	8.74	13.02	73.88	632.55
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		67 -0.	4 2656.90 2 1906.00	1912.40	1903.81	1606.70	3.65	8.28	14.38	45.22	1010.71
24)			2 1586.7	1601.34	1593.41	1486.90	3,80	3.85	_		
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							3.83	8.38	18.70	35.66	1211,32
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LONDON SHARE SERVICE BANKS

语·传》 **张**传文

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BIO PRICE: Also called redemption price. The price of which under are outgleach by the price of the other price. The steatment spread between the units and bid prices is described by a formal laid down by the government, in practice, most ent in test managers outle a succh restricted and the prices is described by a much restricted and which the managers of any one of the concession price. However, the bid order might be moved to the concession price by the menogers of any time, usually in characteristics of units over buyers.

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MONEY MARKET FUNDS

Section (1901)

CURRENCIES AND MONEY

MARKETS REPORT

Futures take fright

A further sharp fall in sterling futures, on fears of an interest rate tightening, dominated markets yesterday, writes Philip Gawith

Volumes were very large, with both the September and December eurosterling contracts trading over 50,000 lots. The December contract settled 13 basis down at 93.54, showing that the market is discounting short term rates of 6.5 per cent by the end of the year, compared to 5.25 per cent presently.

Most analysts agree that the market is not reflecting economic fundamentals, but investors have been scared into selling hy the poor sentiment in the market. The pattern of options activity suggests that many investors sold against their better judgment.

Activity on the foreign exchanges was fairly subdued, with the līra stīll dominating most of the headlines. Worries about the possibility of the government falling sew the currency fall to an 18 month low of L1,011.50 against the D-Mark hefore recovering to close in London at L1,005.

A firmer Treasury bond mar-ket, and short-covering ahead of today's second quarter GDP figures, and the weekend trade talks with Japan, helped the dollar rise. Yesterday evening it was trading at Y99.50 and

The trade weighted sterling index finished slightly firmer at 78.8 from 78.6, while the D-Mark was fairly steady in Europe. The French franc ignored a cut in the intervention rate to 5 per cent from 5.10 per cent to finish at FFr3.415 against the D-Mark from FF13.417.

■ Dealers were mystified by the bearish interest rate sentiment which has seen the December short sterling contract shed 34 basis points in two days without any new information to trade off.

Sentiment remained very nervous and the market was awash with rumours. At various times, a gilt-edged market maker, a merchant bank and a clearing bank were all

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES

Sterling Dec '94 future contract, bid price .94.0 ~---93.9 93.7 July 1994

Jul 28 E spot 1 mth 3 arth 1.5300 1.5291 1.5279 - Prev. close -1.5337 1.5327 1.5316 1.5214 1.5274

the nameless Tory Euro MP alleged, on Wednesday, to have called for higher interest rates. No explanation was offered as to why this should have interested the market, save that it came the day before the monthly monetary meeting hetween Mr Kenneth Clarke. the chancellor, and Mr Eddie George, the governor of the Bank of England.

Mr Nick Parsons, treasury economist at CIBC in London. described the short sterling move as "wholly out of line with the likely prospect for interest rates." He added that only once in the last 18 years had rates been raised in August, and that was in 1987, just ahead of the stockmarket

crash. Commenting on the move-ments in eurosterling, Mr Rich-ard Phillips, analyst at hrokers GNI, said: "A lot of people who were sitting on positions perceived the risk of a rate hike and were forced to liquidate their positions against their better judgment."

Two bits of evidence support this conclusion. First, the large volume in the September contract. Traders normally trade in the most liquid contract. currently December. The large volumes in September suggests people were liquidating positions, rather than simply trad-

rumoured to be in trouble. The market also seemed unable to shake off the strange tale of shake off the strange tale of shake off the strange tale of strange

they had been forced out of. Short sterling options activity was very heavy, with most at the strike price of 94.50 and 94.75. This suggests that investors believe the September contract will close considerably higher than 94.28 where the

contract closed yesterday.

Mr Phillips said a lot of investors had been looking at the Clarke-George meeting "for the pre-emptive rate hike that many in the market are now forecasting." Trade was fairly brisk as many who sold on Wednesday were happy to buy back yesterday at lower prices.

The bearish sentiment in the futures market was at odds with developments in the cash market. After forecasting a shortage of £1bn, the Bank of England provided a £750m round of early assistance at the established rate of 5% per cent - £23m outright, and a £727m

repo facility. Mr Philip Shaw, economist at Union Discount, said the combination of an early round of assistance and the repo implied that the Bank "was trying to be helpful." He said the message was of "unchanged rates for the time

being." He predicted, though, that with renewed speculation about rates, the Bank's early morning operations would be watched more closely in the days ahead.

■ Analysts said the firmer dollar reflected technical rather than fundamental factors. The US currency was trading at DM1.5890 in the New York afternoon, more than two pfennigs up on its European low of DM1.5660.

Mr Steve Barrow, analyst at Chemical Bank in London, said the market seemed still to be taking its lead from the bond market. He said the overall attitude remained bearish, but the short-covering rally suggests some in the market see a greater risk in the short term of a rally rather than a fall.

■ OTHER CURRENCIES

Jul 28 155.768 - 155.953 101.710 - 101.810 2674.00 - 2677.00 1748.00 - 1750.00 0.4552 - 0.4566 0.2572 - 0.2560 0.3144.99 - 3151.11 2053.00 - 2057.00 5.6187 - 5.6301 3.6775 - 3.6735

Jul 28		Clasing	Change	Bid/offer	Day's		One mo		джее их		One y		Bark of
		mid-point	on day	spread	- Sept.	-5%	Rate	%PA	Rato	%PA	Rate	%PA	Eng. Indo
Europe													
Austria	(Sch)	17.0242	+0.0478	165 - 319	17,0378		17 0199	C.3	17.008	04			115.1
Solgium	(BFr)	49.7622	+0.0861	293 - 950	49,8530	43.5350	49.7572	0.1	10'8055	+0.3	49.8022	+0 1	116.0
Denmark	(DKr)	9.5080	+0.0255	040 - 119	9.5167	9.4635	9.515	-Q.S	9.5301	-0.9	9.5751	-0.7	116.
Finland	(FM)	7,9722	+0.0395	627 - 617	7.9760	7.6190			-		-		62.7
France	(FFr)	6.2605	+0.0157	571 - 639	8.2737	8.2253	6.2639	-0.5	8.2683	-0.4	8.2508	0.1	109.9
Germany	(DM)	2.4195	-0.0069	195 - 204	2,4228	2,4060	24191	0.2	2.4182	0.2	2,3974	0.9	125.6
Greece	(Dr)	365.806	+0.851	415 - 196	385.196	364,476							
treland	(20)	1.0120	+0.0001	112 - 127	1.0129	1.0082	1.0124	+0,5	1.0133	+0.5	1.0195	+0.5	104.2
Itady	L)	2430.82	+3.04	896 · 267	2433.73	2420 62	2437.52	-3.3	2449.67	-3.1	2502.92	-3.0	75.6
Luxembourg	(LFr)	49.7622		293 - 950	49.8530		49.7572	0 1	49.8022	-0.3	49.8022	-0.1	116.0
Netherlands	(FI)	2.7155		144 - 166		2,7009	2.7151	0.2	2.7136	0.3	2.693	08	120,4
Norway	INKri	10.5508	+0.0344	468 - 547	10.5610		10.5478	0.3	10.5583	-0.3	10.5443	0.1	88.6
Portugal	(Es)	247.241	+0.391		247,458		248.971	-8.4	252,151	-7.B			
Spain	(Pia)	196.256		172 - 339	199,266		199,701	-27		-2.6	203.541	-2.2	86.3
Sweden	(SKr)	11,8789		704 - 873	11.8990		11.9CO4	-22	11.9509	-24	12.1714	-2.5	73.9
Switzerland	(SFr)	2.0481		46B · 493	2.0519	2,0382	2.0466	0.9	2 0434	0.6	2.0192	1.4	120.2
UK	(E)	2.0401	70.0013										78.0
GCU ECU	(1.2655	*U 0046	649 - 660	:.2675	1,2609	1.2664	+0.9	1.2677	+0.7	1.269	+0.3	
SORt	_	0.951311	-0.0010	-1				-	-	-		-	-
American			-										
Argentina	(Peso)	1.5298	±0.0011	294 - 302	:.5353	1.5297		-				-	
Brazil	(FIII)	1.4400		381 - 419	1,4413	4345		-		-	_		
Canada	(CS)	2.1150		141 - 158	2.1237	2.7141	2.1185	+0.5	2.1202	-1.0	2.1472	-1.5	86.0
	Pesal	5.2060		025 - 055	5.2152	5.2000		-					-
USA	(\$)	1.5319		315 - 322	1.5375	1.5307	1.531	0.7	1.5297	0.6	1.5242	0.5	63.3
Pacific/Middle													
Austrolia.	IASI	2.0797	+0.0026	786 - 607	2,0923	2.0716	2.0796	0.0	2.081	+0.3	2.0992	-0.9	-
Hong Kong	(HKS)	11.8336	+0.0079	301 - 370	11.8772	11.8262	11.8297	0.4	11,8286	0.2	11.8357	0.0	
India	(FIs)	48.0522	+0.0332	355 - 689	48.2280	48 0220		-	-			•	
Japan	m	151.684	+1.545	603 - 764	151.873	150.750	151.304	3.0	150.539	3.0	146.544	3.4	191 2
Malaysia	(MS)	3.9729	+0.0034	712 - 745	3.9367	3.9691	-	-		-	-	-	
New Zealand	(NZS)	2.5515	+0.005	495 - 537	2.5661	25456	2.5555	-1.6	2.5633	-1.6	2.5855	-1,3	-
Philippines	(Peso)	40.2112	+0.1268	956 - 267	40.6150	39 8125			-				
Sauci Arabia	(SR)	5.7451		434 - 467	5.7659	5.7410							
Singapare	(55)	2.3123		110 - 136	2.3205	2.3110	-	-			-	-	
3 Africa (Com.)		5.6438		413 - 462	5.6464	5.5:35			-	•		•	
S Africa (Fin.)	(FI)	7.0036		867 · 255	7.0205	5.9867	-	-		-	-		
South Korsa	(Won)	1229.08		872 - 944	1233.54		-			-	-	-	
Tanvan	(12)	40.6603		460 - 745	40.6353		-	-	-	-			-
Thailand	(Bt)	38.2657	+0.0709	415 - 897	38.3760	38.2363	-	-	-	-	-		

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lelgium Jenmark													
enmark	(Sch)	11.1135	+0.024	110 - 160	11.1170	11.0260	11,1162	-0.3	11,1038	0.1	11.0315	0.7	104.1
	(BFr)	32,4850	+0.035	710 - 990	32.5200	32.2500	32,505	-0.7	32.5426	-0.7	32,605	-0.4	105.7
	(DKr)	6.2069	+0.0126	057 - 080	6.2092	6.1620	6.2129	-1.2	6.2239	-1.1	6.2609	-0.8	105.1
inland	(FM)	5.2043	+0.0224	993 - 093	5.2093	5.1521	5.2073	-0.7	5.2098	-0.4	5.2489	+0.6	77.2
rance	(FFr)	5.3925	+0.0087	915 - 935	5.4023	5.3515	5.3972	-1.1	5.4032	+0.6	5.381	0.2	106.3
iermany	(D)	1.5795	+0.0035	792 - 797	1.5805	:.5665	1.5802	-0.5	1,5802	+0.2	1.57	0.6	108.5
reece	(Dri	238.800	-0.4	600 · GCG	239.000	237,500	239.15	-1.6	239.92	-1.9	243.3	-1.6	69.3
eland	Œ	1.5138	+0.0008	130 - 145	1.5240	1.5125	1.5126	1.0	1.5103	0.9	1.5015	0.8	_
aly	(L)	1586.85	+0.95	600 - 770	1587.75	:574.40	1591.9	-3.6	1600.7	-3.5	1638.65	-3.3	75.9
uxembaura	(LFr)	32,4850	-0.035	710 - 990	32,5200	32.2500	32,505	+0.7	32.56	+0.6	32,605	-0.4	105.7
etherlands	(FI)	1.7727	+0.0037	724 - 730	1.7740	1.7583	1.7732	+0.4	1,7721	0.1	1.765	0.4	105.3
lorway	(NIKr)	6.8876	+0.01B	866 - 886	6.8900	5.8360	6.8911	-0.6	6,8956	-0.5	8.8711	0.2	
control	(Es)	151,400	+0.15	300 - 500	151,500	160.250	162.63	-9.1	194.67	-8.1	171.8	-6.4	94.8
pan	(Pta)	130,075	+0.325	050 - 100		129 100	130.44	-34	131,095	-3.1	133,465	-2.6	61,4
weden	(SKr)	7.7546	+0.0315	508 - 583	7,7583	7.7008	7.7718	-2.5	7.8081	-2.8	7.9626	-27	79.1
witzerland	(SFr)	1,3370		365 - 375	1.3390	1,3360	1.3367	0.3	1.3353	0.5	1,3228	1.1	105.8
K	(2)	1.5319	+0.001		1 5375	1.5307	1.531	0.7	1.5297	0.6	1.5242	0.5	86.9
Cu	1~	1,2106	-0.0009	103 - 1CB	1.2190	1,2095	1.2091	1.4	1.207	1.2	1.2189	-0.7	-
DR+	_	1.45522	-0.0003	100 - 100	1,2100	1,2,033	1,2001	"."	112.00	1.2	12 103		_
mericas	-	1.43562		•				•		•		•	_
	(Peso)	0.9987	-0.0001	936 - 987	0.9987	0.9983				_		_	_
rgentera razil	(RA)	0.9400	-0.005	390 - 410	0.9410	0.9380		•	•				
anada	(CS)	1.3807	+0.0016	804 - 839	1.3921	1.3804	1.3819	-1.0	1.3846	.:	1.4055	-1.8	82.5
		3.3985	+0.0016		3.4000	3 3950	3.2995	-0.4	3.4013	-1.1 -0.3	3.4087	-0.3	
	Peso)		40.006	970 - 000	3.4000	2 2220	7.5330	-0.4	3,4013	-0.3	7.4001	-0.3	98.9
SA	(2)			•				•			•	•	90.9
actric/Middle													
ustralia	(AS)	1.3576	+0.0047	572 - 580	1.3613	1.3526	1.3578	+0.2	1.3585	-0.3	1.3859	-0.6	67.2
ong Kong	(HKCS)	7.7250		245 - 255	7.7259	7.7245	7.7248	0.0	7.7255	0.0	7.7405	-0.2	-
dla	(Hs)	31,3688	+0.6013	650 - 725	31,3750		31,4538	-3.3	31.5968	-29			
acan	m	99.0200	+1.01	900 - 500	99.0500		98.82	2.4	98,36	2.7	95,825	3.2	152,5
lalaysia	(MS)	2,5935	+0.0005	930 - 940	2,5940	2.5923	2.5843	4.3	2.573	3.2	2.6465	-20	-
ew Zeeland	(NZS)	1,6657	+0.0022	647 - 667	1 6694	1.6620	1.6666	-0.7	1,5685	-0.7	1.6736	-0.5	-
hlippines	(Paso)	26,2500	-0.1	500 - 500	26,6000	26.C500						-	-
audi Arabia	(SH)	3,7504		502 - 508	3 7506	3,7502	3.7517	-G.4	3.7558	+0.6	3,7744	-0.6	_
enograpni	[55]	1,5095	-0.0004	090 - 100	1.5100	1.5090	1.5082	1.1	1,5083	0.9	1.4995	0.7	-
Africa (Com.)	(FI)	3,6843	+0.0148	B35 - 850	3,6850	3,6610	3,6998	-5.0	3,7281	-4.8	3,8048	-3.3	_
Africa (Fin.)	(R)	4.5720	-0.017	620 - 820	4.5820	4.5650	4.8057	-8.6	4.6645	-6.1			-
outh Korea	(Won)	802,350	-0.1	360 - 400	802,400		805.35	-4.5	808.85	-3.2	827,35	-3.1	_
siwan	(TS)	26.5433	-0.0555	400 - 465	26.5975		26.5633	-0.9	26,6033	-0.9			_
nallend	(134)	24.9800	+0.03	700 - 900	24,9900		25.0525	-3.5	25.16	-3.2	25.66	-27	

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Bank of Beroda 5.25
Banco Bibeo Vizcaya 5.25
Bank of Oppus 5.25
Bank of Neland 5.25
Bank of Indiad 5.25
Bank of Scotland 5.25
Bank of Bank of Scotland 5.25

Bril Bri of Mid East ... 5.25
GROWN Shipfley & Co Ltd .5.25
CL Bank Naderland ... 5.25
Clibbank NA 5.25
Clibbank NA 5.25
The Co-operative Bank ... 5.25
The Co-operative Bank ... 5.25
Cred Lyonnals ... 5.25
Cyptus Popular Bank .5.25

Barclays Benk Brit Bk of Mid East

- Jul			BFr	OKr	FFr	DM	36	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	NKr	Es	Pto	SKr	SFr	٤	C\$	\$	<u> Y</u>	Ecu	Jul 28 Ecu cen. Rate Change % 4/- from % spread D rates against Ecu on day cen. rate v weekest in
Belgium Denmark			100 32.33	16.11 10	16.60	4.861	2.034	4886 2557	5.458 2.857	21.20	496.8 260.0	400.5 208.6	23.87 12.49	4.116 2.154	2.010 1.052	4.250 2.224	3.079 1.811	304.7 159.4		Netherlands 2.19672 2.15068 -0.00103 -2.10 4.55
France			30.24	11.51	10	2.929	1.225	2943	3.288	12.77	299.3	241.3	14.38	2.479	1,211	2.561	1.855	183.5		Belgium 40.2123 39.4368 -0.0068 -1.93 4.37 14
Gennany		DM) :	30.57	3.931	3.415	1	0.416	1005	1.123	4.361	102.2	82.39	4.611	0.847	0.413	0.874	0.633	62.67	0.523	Germany 1.94964 1.61634 -0.00127 -1.71 4.13
iroland			49.17	6.395 0.391	6.162	2.390	1	2402	2.684	10.42	244.8	196.6	11.74	2.024	0.988	2.090	1.514	149.8		treland 0.808628 0.802064 -0.001131 -0.81 3.16
itely Notherlands			2.047 18.32	3.501	3.041	0.100	0.042	100, 895.1	0.112 1	0.434 9.884	10.17 61.02	6.196 73.38	0.489 4.374	0.084	0.041	0.087	0.063	6.238 55.82		France 6.53883 6.55265 -0.00108 0.21 2.14 -4 Decimark 7.43679 7.53445 +0.00055 1.31 1.03 -4
Norway	ŋ	vicy 4	47.17	6.012	7.829	2.293	0.959	2304	2.574	10	234.3	188.9	11.26	1,941	0.848	2.005	1.452	143.7	1,200	Portugal 192.854 195.944 -0.052 1.60 0.74 -1
Portugal			20.19	3.846	3.341	0.979	0.409	983.4	1.099	4.268	100.	80.62	4.806	0.828	0.405	0.858	0.620	61.33		Spain 154.250 157.881 -0.05 2.36 0.00 -10
Spein Sweden			24.97 \$1.89	4,771 6,003	4,145 6,953	1.214 2.036	0.508	1220 2046	1.363 2.286	5.294 6.880	124.0 208.1	100. 167.6	5.961 10	1.028	0.502	1.061	0.769 1.290	76.07 127.6		NON ERM MEMBERS
Switzerland			24.30	4.643	4.033	1.161	0.494	1167	1.326	5.151	120.7	97.61	5.801	1	0.488	1.033	0.748	74.02		Greece 264.513 290.094 -0.168 9.67 -6.67
UK		(12)	19.76	9.508	8.260	2.419	1.012	2431	2.718	10.55	247.2	169.6	11.88	2.048	1	2.115	1,532	151.6	1.266	Italy 1793.16 1929.14 +4.29 7.58 -4.86
Canada	(23.53 32.48	4.496 6.206	3.905 5.392	1.144	0.476	1149	1.284	4.988	118.9	94.23	6.617	0.968	0.473	1	0.724	71.68		UK 0.786749 0.794652 +0.00054 1.00 1.34
US Japan			328.2	62.72	54.49	1.579 15.96	0.661 6.675	1587 16038	1.773 17.92	5.886 69.59	161.4 1631	130.1 1916	7.765 78.36	1.337	0.653 6.596	1.881	10.11	98.96 1000.		Ecu central rates set by the European Commention. Currencles are in descending relative strength. Percentage changes are for Ecu; a positive change denotes a week currency. Divergence shows the
Ecu			39.30	7.510	6.524	1.611	0.799	1920	2.145	8.333	195.3	157.4	6.384	1.616	0.790	1.671	1.210	116.7		ratio between two eprends: the percentage difference between the actual market and Equicentral ra- for a currency, and the maximum posmitted percentage deviation of the currency's market rate from
Yen per 1,000;	; Danish	Kroner	French	Franc, No	rwegian K	roner, and	Swedish	Kronor pe	r 10; Belglan	Franc, E	cudo, Lira	and Pes	Ka per 100.							Ecu control rate. (17/3/92) Starting and Italian Lies suspended from ERM. Adjustment calculated by the Pinancial Tim
D-MARK	-		_						<u> </u>	. = 4			UTURES						^	# PHILADELPHIA SE 2/3 OPTIONS 931,250 (cents per pound)
Sep	Open 0.6343		atest .6348	+0.000				31. vol 32,677	Open int. 83,082	8		Open 1.0193	Latest 1.0178	-0.000	-			st. vol 86,906	Open Int. 70,300	Strike — CALLS — PUTS —
Dec	0.6360		.6368	+0.003			6358	726	4,218	Sep		1.0275	1.0258	-0.000			0258	462	5,824	Price Aug Sep Oct Aug Sep Oct
Mar	0.6380	0.	.6380	+0.002	1 0.63	85 O.	6380	15	1,094	Mar		-	1.0345	-0.0044				2	1,016	1.450 8.17 8.14 8.31 - 0.08 0.11
																				1.475 5.75 5.93 6.26 · 0.30 0.31 1.500 3.39 3.96 4.42 0.11 0.75 0.68
E SWISS IN	RANC I	TUI	RECS (IM	IM) SFr 1	25,000 p	er SFr				= 5	TERLING	PUTUE	(MMI) 830	£62,500 g	2 rac					1.525 1.49 2.36 2.90 0.68 1.62 1.31
Sep	0.7497		7500	+0.000	3 0.754	48 0	7483	15,406	38,005	Sep		1.5304	1,5320	+0.0016	3 1.53	184 1	6298 I	6.741	31,164	1.650 0.41 1.24 1.82 2.07 2.96 2.27
Dec	0.7560	0.	7520	-0.002			7520	629	1,527	Dec		1.5340	1.5320	-0.002	4 1.53	1.50	5320	74	857	1.575 0.05 0.56 1.05 4.15 4.77 3.57 Previous day's vol., Calls 678,924 Puts 536,260. Prev. day's open int., Calls 26,725 Puts 6,501
Mar	•	0.	.7550	•	0.756	37	•	3	14	Mer		1.5310	1,5310	+0.002	2 1.53	140 1.0	5310	4	193	Transmitted and a second control and a discussion of the about
WORLE	THE	ERI	ST	RATE	S	Mark.		Mist.	Control of	LE S		1		-	- (S. S.)		0	577		UK INTEREST RATES
MONEY	RAT	E\$							-	- T	HREE N	ONTH E	UROMAR	K FUTUR	WES (LIFE	FET DM1	m points o	r 100%		LONDON MONEY RATES
July 28		Over	One			Qne			Яеро			Open	Sett price	Change	, Hig	gh L	ow E	st. vol	Open int.	Jul 28 Over- 7 days One Three Stx One
		night	mont	in mith	s mtha	year	inter.	rate	rate	Sep		95.09	96.09		96.1			18950	171355	night notice month months months year
Belgium		41	57					4.50	-	Dec		94.99 94.76	95.02 94.60	-0.02 -0.01	95.0 94.8			23211 19655	161726 160189	interbank Sterling 54 - 44 54 - 47 51 - 51 51 51 - 51 55 - 57 64 6
week ago Prance		5%	5% 53					4.50	6.75	Jun		94.50	94.50	-0.01	94.5			9560	92755	Sterling CDs - 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 6½ - 6 Treasury Bills - 5½ 5 6½ - 5½ - 5
week ago		5%	53	59	5%	50	5.10	-	6.75	3 T	HEEF M	ONTH E	UROLIRA	INT-RAT	E PUTU	RES (LF	PE) L1000	m point	s of 100%	Barnk Bills 5 ¹ g - 5 6 ³ g - 5 ¹ q 5 ⁵ g - 6 ¹ 2 -
Germany		5.75	4.97					4.50	4.85			Open	Sett price	Change	Hig	ah L	ow E	st. vol	Open int.	Local authority deps. 413 - 412 412 - 413 518 - 5 510 - 514 512 - 514 674 - 6
week ago ireiend		4.80 48	4.97			4.95 61/4		4.50	4.61 6.25	Sep		90.98	91.02		91.1			5583	91180	Discount Market deps 5 - 414 412 - 413
week ago		5	5					-	6.25	Dec		90.69	90.70	+0.01	90.8			2641	49411	UK cleaning bank base lending rate 5% per cent from February 8, 1994
italy		6.1 8%	874 878			94 61		7.00 7.00	7.95 6.15	Mar Jun		90.26 89.78	90.35 89.90	+0.02	90.4			1194 674	13256 11576	Up to 1 1-3 3-6 6-8 9-12
week ago Netherlands		4.85	4.91				_	5.25	6.15				URO SWI				FE) SFr1m		of 100%	month month months months month
week ago		4.95	4.91					5.25	-			Open	Sett price	Change	Hig	th L	OW E	st. voi	Open Int.	Certs of Tax dep. (£100,000) 112 4 314 314 312
Switzerland week ago		434	434					3.50		Sep		95.62	95.63	_	95.6			2462	22720	Certs of Tex dep. under £100,000 is 1 lppc. Deposits withdrawn for cash lppc. Avis. tender rate of discount 4.8646pc. £CGD fixed rate \$15, Export Finence. Makes up day July 29, 1994. Agrical rate for period Aug 24, 1984 to 5ay 25, 1984. Schemes II & III 6.50pc. Reference rates period July 1, 1994 to July 29, 1994, Schemes IV & V 5.2460pc. Finence House State Rate & good and the scheme III & III 6.50pc. Reference rates August 1, 1994 to July 29, 1994, Schemes IV & V 5.2460pc. Finence House State Rate & good and the scheme III and III 6.50pc. Reference Rate & I
US S		474	42	45				3.60	-	Dec		95.44	95.44	-0.02	95.4	6 96	.49	702	9313	1984. Agreed rate for period Aug 24, 1984 to Sep 25, 1994. Schemes II & III 6,50pc. Reference rate period July 1, 1994 to July 29, 1994. Schemes IV & V 5,2450pc. Finance House Rate Rate Rate for
week ago		44	44	44		52		3.50	-	Mar Jun		95.24 94.95	95.24 94.67	-0.01	95.2 94.9		.22 .95	492 35	10069 2427	July 1, 1984
Japan		25	2 <u>1</u> 2 <u>1</u>	2.				1.75 1.75	. [FEE M		CU FUTU			m points		33	2421	
week ago	ETION	<u> </u>		. 29	24	-4		1.10				Open	Sett price					st. voi	Open int.	
interbank Fl		-	49	47	58	62	-	-	-	Sep		93.88	93.89	-0.02	93.9			890	10975	E THREE MONTH STERLING FUTURES (LIFFE) 2500,000 points of 100%
week ago		~	47	4	5%	5%	-	-	-	Dec		93.68	93.66	-0.02	93.6			483	8211	Open Sett price Change High Low Est, vol. Open i
US Doller C	:Ds	-	4.27			5.93	_	-	-	Mar		93.45	93.46	-0.02	93.4			472	4725	Sep 94.40 94.28 -0.13 94.41 94.28 55869 10819
week ago	-	-	4.27 6 y				_		-	Jun		93.15	93.15	-0.03	93.1	\$ \$3	L1\$	ð	1143	Dec 93.65 93.54 -0.13 83.69 93.53 62131 14094
SDR Linked week ago	La	_	3%				-	_	_	LIFE	E futures (WHOME OF	AP I							Jun 92.40 92.37 -0.04 92.44 92.28 6012 5259
BCU Linked D	e Min et	Aes: 1	min: 5%	3 mthe:	SHc 6 mile		ear: 65. S	LIBOR Inte												Traded on APT, All Open interest figs, are for previous day.
rates are offers day. The bents Mici rates and o			m quote Truse, Be	nk of Tok	yo, Barcia	re and Na	ico benks ilonal Wes	at 11am e tminster.	ech wonung - 104	∎π	FEE M	ONTH E	URODOLI	LAR (IMM)	\$1m po	oints of 10	10%			
							SUM LINK	r rebos	a hage			Open	Latest	Change	-				Open int.	
EURO C	:URR	ENC	Y IN	TERE	ST R	ATES				Sep		94.76	94.74	-0.02	94.7			1,981	431,981	E SHORT STERLING OPTIONS (LIFFE) 2500,000 points of 100%
Jul 28		Short		days	One	Thre		Six	One	Dec Mar		94.05 93.80	94.02 93.78	-0.03	94.0 93.8			36,310 7,513	436,988 334,342	Strike CALLS PUTS
		term	по	tice	month	mont	hs mo	mtha	year	IVIA		33.0U	83.70	-0.03	33.0	s.	175 0	7,313	334,342	Price Sep Dec Mar Sep Dec Mar
Belgian Franc		- 47	616	- 44	54 - 54	516 -		- 5 ⁵ 8	614 - 512											9425 0.16 0.04 0.04 0.13 0.75 1.36 9450 0.06 0.02 0.02 0.28 0.98 1.59
Danish Krone		- 5\		- 54 :	5% - 5%	8 - 5 5 - 4		- 67 - 47	614 - 61 ₈ 51 ₈ - 5	= 4	S TREAS	JURY DI		MES (MM)	\$1m pe	r 100%				945 0
D-Mark Dutch Guilder	. 50 . 41	- 44 - 44	54	- 5 de -	당 - 4년 4월 - 4월	412 -	역 기술 4월 5½	- 413	54 64	Sep		95.20	96.16	-0.02	95.2	20 96	5.10 1	.767	16,860	Est. vol. total. Galla 44478 Puta 20170. Previous day's open int., Calla 231595 Puta 215499
French Franc	-3	- 51	4/2 5/2	- 4년 - 54	5,4 - 5,4	64 - 5	5/4 54	- 5 ⁵ a	6 - 5%	Dec		94,60	94.59	-0.02	94.6	51 94	l. 5 7 1	.643	9,147	
Portuguese E	sc. 12 ¹	- 11	4 11 4	- 113 1	24 · 124	123 -	12 4 12%	- 124 1	24 - 114	Mar		94.31	94.31	-0.03	94.3	31 94	1.30	207	2,008	
Spanish Pess	ta 75	- 7.3	75	- 74	肾-冯	712			82 84				•							
Starling Status Eman		- 44			516 - 516 414 - 412	5 ₁₆ · 1	54 44 44		8% · 8% 4% - 4%			-	for previous	-						
Swiss Franc Can. Dollar	4 53	ار - د 6 - 6			5l ₂ 5l ₃	513 - 1	46 46 51 51	- 616	758 - 7½		JROMAF	K OPT	OMS (LIFF	E) DM1m	points of	f 100%				BASE LENDING RATES
US Dollar	4			- 41	41 ₂ - 43 ₈	4% - 4	44 64	- 53	5HŽ · 5HŽ	Strike			ÇAI	T2			PU	т\$		
italian Ura	9	- 7 ¹ 2	64	-6	8% - 64		91 ₂ 91 ₆	- 613	9% - 6% 213 - 213 613 - 614	Price		Aug	Sep	Oct	Dec	Aug	Sep	Oct	Dec	Adam 6 Company 525 Dungso Lauris 525 * Gustumbo Gustanto
Yen Adan Ssina	24	- 25	24		24s - 24s 44s - 44s	24 - 2	2년 2년 4월 5년	- 20 - 50	2월 - 2월 6년 - 8월	9500		0.10			0,19	0.01	0.05	0.11	0.17	Alled Town Cook For a Table Cook Table Cook
Asian SSing Short term rate		- 34				-	-	-14	-10 -10	9525 9550		0.01 Q				0.17 0.41	0.16 0.42	0.27 0.49	0.31 0.51	ARB Bank
			کا سے ہے							للحجون			W-101	14.141 I	لتلك	uel	11.63	14.434	431	

0.16 0.06

Strike Price

9550 9575

94.28 94.12 93.90 93.70

94.04 98.77

-0.03 -0.05 -0.06 -0.08

MONTH PURIODCLLAR (LIFFE)* Stim points of 100%

-0.01 -0.01 -0.01 -0.02

94,34 94,16 93,96 93,78

94.75 94.03 93.79 93.47

Sett price Change

94.35 94.16 94.00 93.77

94.08 93.77

14,898 16,484 8,661 2,984

49,080 35,910 30,732 24,138

Est. vol Open mt.

0.11 0.27 0.49

0.50 0.66 0.84

0.05 0.18 0.42

\$ep 0.08 0.19 0.40

0.24 0.15

Money Market up lg . 1 4 /5 **Trust Funds** Dae Heng Blank (London) PLC Pressier Acc to annul Cost, London CCSI 789 871-806 5 75 2.19 2.81 2.84 5 4375 6 625 6 98 0:1-382 1\$15 - | 494|3-MG .___[485 0.373 2.655 2.09 3.373 3.525 **Money Market** Hex Bidg Soc Asset Perseve Chapse Acc **Bank Accounts** Julian Hodge Bank Ltd 4 90 4 39 4 23 1 99 5 00 5 15 875,001-€ \$100,001 (wort Beason Private Bank Midland Bank plo PO Box 2. Sheller. Tyndali Bank pic 29-33 Percum Vision 071-248 4000 5 06 Men 4 00 Men 4 31 Men 4 57 Men 2 27 Men 3 04 Men 3 04 Men 3 104 Men 4M 70H 4.00 4.25 4.50 2.75 3.00 3.25 United Young Beack Life (Cornerby ULC) I Greet Combetted Pt Loedon Will 764 | 071-250 0064 | Green Combination | 1,000 | 6.92 | 3-Mm | 10,000 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 3-Mm | 10,000 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 3-Mm | 10,000 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 | 6.92 J. Henry Schroder Wage & Co Ltd 120 Chespetts, Louise EC29 405 3.00 | 5.01 | Man 2.81 2.44 1.89 3.79 6-140: 3.26 6-140: 2.25 6-140: 3.65 4.10 6-4m 2.25 1.02 6-4m 1.00 2.77 6-40 1.73 2.32 6-40



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Price data supplied by Telefors

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AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES

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US stocks rebound from recent lows

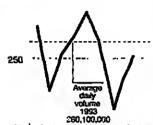
Wali Street

US share prices rebounded yesterday morning as the recent flood of corporate results slowed to a trickle, writes Frank McGurty in New York. By I pm, the Dow Jones

Industrial Average was 17.48 higher at 3,737.95, while the more broadly based Standard & Poor's 500 was 2.11 ahead at 454.68. Volume on the Big Board was moderate, with 147m shares traded by the early afternoon.

In the secondary markets, the American SE composite was up a scant 0.31 at 434.33. and the Nasdaq composite was After a weak opening, stocks

MYSE volume



15 16 19 20 21 22 25 26 27 25 July 1994

made a decisive pusb into positive ground, in spite of the approach of a potential stumbling block this morning, when the government's preliminary estimate of second-quarter economic growth was to be

The market was particularly vulnerable to a strong reading because of the threat of an imminent increase in short-term interest rates by the Federal Reserve.

Investors received a further suggestion of economic strength yesterday, when the Labor Department reported a sharper than expected decline in claims for unemployment benefit last week, but litters gerea by tae report

The employment news, which came on the heels of a big jump in durable goods orders the previous session, depressed bond prices. However, economists later dismissed the significance of the reading as a technical aberration, allowing Treasuries to

The activity was closely mir-rored by the equity market, which gained extra support from latecomers in the quarterly reporting season which was drawing to a close.

General Motors, last of the Big Three car makers to pub-lish its results, seemed to benefit from its tardiness. GM's share price gained \$1 to \$50% after it revealed record second-

quarter earnings, in contrast with Ford and Chrysler, whose strong performances had gone unrewarded. Yesterday, however, Ford appreciated \$% to 331% and Chrysler firmed \$1/2

to \$47\5. On the negative side, shares in Wellpoint Health Networks lost 18 per cent of their value after the company posted earnings of 50 cents a share, against expectations of 54

The stock was down \$5% to \$25% in heavy volume of 1.4m shares after at least two securities houses downgraded the In an ironic twist. Well-

point's disappointing performance fuelled speculation that it would launch a bid for intergroup Healthcare, its stock was \$4 ahead at \$42.

Elsewhere in the healthcare sector. Value Health dropped \$1% to \$42% even though its results were in line with expectations. United Healthcare lost \$11 to \$43 and Humana shed S% to \$18%.

Acquisition news also buf feted the share price of Williams, its stock climbed \$1% to \$33 on a report that it was close to accepting a sweetened \$2.5bn offer from LDDS Communications for its longdistance telephone operation.

On the Nasdaq, LDDS added S1/2 to 8191/4. IDB Communications, a second LDDS takeover target, slipped \$% to \$10 on reports that the completion of the deal was contingent on an audit of IDB finances.

Toronto was mixed in quiet midday trade but the tone was positive in response to a firmer bond market and good secondquarter earnings.

The TSE-300 composited index was 12.96 higher at 4,146.97 by noon in volume of 31.9m shares. Advances led declines by 287 to 259, with 323 issues unchanged.

The low trading volumes of recent sessions was attributed to uncertainty over the Quebec further rises in US interest

Mexico

Mexican shares opened marginally lower, with traders forecasting some profit-taking after Wednesday's 1.6 per cent

The IPC index was off 0.97 at 2.432.25 in volume of 7.2m shares in early trading.

Analysts said that they expected volume to decline next week as investors reacted to political uncertainty in the run-up to the August 21 presidential and legislative

In New York, Telmex ADRs were up \$1/2 at \$60% after earlier reaching \$60%.

Gold shares make ground

Sonth African shares ended mixed after investors related stocks but held back in industrials.

Dealers, however, said that sentiment remained steady after Wednesday's gains and demand could re-emerge

The overalt index was 13 ahead at 5,672, the industrial index lost 22 at 6,484 and golds added 21 at 2,167. Gencor saw most of Wednes-

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS

Canada (105)

France (97).

Hong Kong (56)..

United Kingdom (204)

EUROPE (720).....

The World Index (2170) ...

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day's gain pared, dipping 30 cents to R11.95 as demand slowed after the announcement of its purchase of Billi-ton. Anglos rose R6 to R246 after gaining on Nasdaq, while De Beers firmed 25 cents to R111.75. Traders said the shares had attracted offshore interest after recent inactivity.

Pick'n Pay Stores fell 50 cents to R12.50 as the shares remained under pressure from continued strike action throngbout the country.

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136.13 96.66 119.37 114.50

105.35 134.45 106.65

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Ltd., Goldman, Sachs & Co. and NetWest Securities Ltd. In conjunction with the institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Local Local Currency % chg index on day

167.53 60.41 193.51 239.80

129.33 186.60 184.82

212.08 111.77

129.61 180.82 134.41 223.94

132.00 144.71 147.45 175.66

Gross Div. Yleid

3.56 1.04 3.98 2.68 1.30

US Dollar Index

Pound Sterling Index

207.15 201.29 88.48 66.54 208.45 200.80 345.31 335.54 288.90 280.72 145.13 141.02

170.86 216.53 172.50 171.68 1S1.50 154.47

248.38 241.35 172.62 167.73 173.97 169.04 175.04 170.09 183.75 178.56

3.01 1.40 1.07 1.88 2.90 2.41 2.85 1.91 2.06 2.25 2.91

213.91 178.96

Mixed fortunes for German, Swiss drugs groups

Claims and counterclaims by the pharmaceuticals companies were a feature of European trading yesterday.

In Germany, Schering dived DM54, or 5.5 per cent, to DM926, and to DM920 in the after market, on reports that rival companies had made progress on research into a drug for the treatment of multiple sclerosis. It was thought that an alternative medicine would have a significant impact on Schering's earnings.

In the opposite direction, Ares-Serono, the Swiss pharmaceuticals group, picked up SFr99, or 16.5 per cent, to SFr700: Mrs Birgit Kulhoff at UBS in Zurich explained that Ares held the patent for the production process for beta interferon which Biogen, the American drugs company, had claimed was superior to Schering's Betaseron anti-multiple

sclerosis drug. FRANKFURT weakened slightly in the official session but made up some of this lost ground after hours, helped by strength on Wall Street.

The Dax closed off 17.63 at 2,122.81 and in the Ibis moved to 2,134.12. Turnover amounted Commerzbank disappointed

ASIA PACIFIC

in Osaka, the OSE average rose 3,41 to 22,498.81 in volume of 20.4m shares. The index improved for the first time in six trading days as buying by domestic institutions countered selling by overseas and individual investors.

meanwhile, turned nervous.

HONG KONG closed flat after a volatile day as profittakers erased all of an earlier 140-point rise.

ished just 0.48 ahead at 9,402.66 after touching the day's high of strength of property issues. Strong demand hy foreign

to HK\$6.28bn from HK\$4.54bn. Among property shares, Cheung Kong was up a net 10 cents at HK\$37.30 after a day's peak of HK\$38.20. Sun Hung Kai Properties advanced 40 cents to HK\$49.60.

ber 17, 1992.

The index has plummeted by 79.5 per cent since its high of

Shanghai's B share index. however, gained as a result of a slight strengthening in Hong on 1.4 per cent at 68.39.

Share price (DM) J# 27 Jul 35 Ja 25 M 22 1391 70 1424,29 1384.93 1421.38 1370.68

1994

some investors with its firsthalf rssults, although there was general agreement that it would match 1993 results for the full year. The shares ended DM9 off at DM335. Among other banks, Deut-

1,100

sche fell DM6.00 to DM728.50 and Dresdner DM5.50 to DM386.00. Elsewhere in the financial sector, Allianz was down DM42 at DM2,425.

James Capel has reiterated its buy recommendation on Deutsche, following its recent results: "Given that some further modest reduction in interest rates is to be expected, and

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices THE EUROPEAN SERIES Jul 28 Oper 1630 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Close FT-SE Europek 200 1364.34 1363.73 1365.15 1364.62 1365.52 1364.13 1369.75 1372.12 FT-SE Europek 200 1403.24 1403.85 1404.57 1404.58 1404.94 1403.96 1407.07 1410.54

that statistics for German industry's orders, output and confidence levels are getting CS Holding rose SFr6 to better and better, and that hopafully, disasters on the scala of Metalgesellschaft and SFr565 ahead of first-half results from Credit Suisse Schneider are things of the past, there is good reason to be

ZURICH was firmer in derivatives-driven trade, and the SMI index, in negative territory for much of the session, picked up towards the close to finish 14.4 ahead at 2,559.3. Trading volumes were low. Roche certificates, marked

down to their low for the year of SFr5,160 at one stage, finished SFr10 down on the day at SFr5,290. A SFr100 decline in EVIS to SFr4.000 was attributed to investors reducing the weighting of the stock in their

Nestlé posted a SFr11 gain at

SFr1.160, pushed up by a technical rebound following Wednesday's decline.

which could come today. PARIS shrugged off the cut by the Bank of France in the repo rate - which had been long expected - and the CAC-40 closed a day of only moderate trading activity 2.26 softer at 2,053.04.

Most of the corporate news was announced after the close of trading, Elf Aquitaine, off 80 centimes at FFr411.10, said it was to sell an asset portfolio worth FFri.lbn to BNP, FFrt firmer at FFr259, in exchange for new shares which would lift its stake in the bank to above 4 per cent, from 1.86 per cent at present

Roussel Uclaf also reported

after hours that first-half net income had gained 44 per cent. the shares slipping FFr2 to FFr571 during the day; while Peugeot, which said that firsthalf turnover was up nearly 15 per cent. lost FFrI to FFr829.

MILAN staged a technical recovery after the 4.3 per cent fall over the previous two sessions, but trading remained thin and the mood uncertain as investors awaited fresh developments on the political front The Comit index rose 1.0 to

Against the trend, Olivetti was heavily traded for the second consecutive session, prompting speculation of some shifting of shareholdings between investors. The shares gained L27 at L2,364 in volume of almost 14m.

Pirelli led the industrials higher, rising L99 to L2,811, with investors said to be reassessing recent cables contracts. Fiat ordinary shares rose L110 to L6,790, while the recently neglected preferred shares caught up with recent rises elsewhere, adding L80 at L4.070. AMSTERDAM made forward

progress although turnover remained low, as has been the trend in recent sessions. The

Among the day's movers. IHC Caland put on F11.30 at f140.20 as the engineering and dredging group said it had won an order to provide equipment

its lows, belped by the better tone in other European bourses and in the futures market. The general index gave up 1.64 at 309.54.

Argentaria , which posted a CODINT 10.1 per cent increase in first-half net profits, lost Pta60 at Pta5,670.

to Pta4,990 in Banco Santander was attributed to a decision to trade in Madrid from today.

Written and edited by John Pitt

for the Suez canal MADRID was easier but off

BCH shed Pta10 to Pta2,570 after announcing a 26.9 per cent fall in first-half pre-tax

A Pta110, or 2.2 per cent, fall

the great

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allow 47.3m new shares to BRUSSELS finished mixed after recovering from early losses and the Bel-20 index firmed 0.92 to 1.451.44. Solvay was the star performer, adding BFr475, or 3.2 per cent, at and BFr15,350 in response to Wednesday's better than expected first-half results.

Nikkei recovers the 20,000 level on late buying

Tokyo

Dealers braced themselves for a sharp decline in share prices as the Nikkei 225 average fell through the 20,000 level in the morning session, but the index closed higher on buying by arbitrageurs and domestic institutions, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

It was finally 110.62 ahead at 20,247.85 after dipping to 19,993.70 in the morning and setting a day's peak of 20,262.55 just before the close.

Foreign investors took profits on blue chip exporters, while dealers sold to adjust their positions, pushing the index below 20,000 for the first time since May 18. Domestic institutions, along with public funds, later supported the index, restoring investor con-

> nowever, rem low at 291.6m shares against 277m. The Topix index of all first section stocks put on 5.64 at 1,621.46 and the Nikkel 300 firmed 1.52 to 294.33. Falls outnumbered rises by 544 to 428. with 183 issues unchanged. in London the ISE/Nikkel 50 index edged forward 0.82 to

Some electrical issues, which met selling in the morning, recovered in the afternoon. Toshiba, the day's most active stock, rose Y5 to Y727 and Fujitsu gained Y20 at Y1,040. Others remained weak, Hitachi slipping Y7 to Y952 and Matsushita Electric Industrial shedding Y30 to Y1,630.

Brokers continued to lose ground: Nomura Securities shed Y30 to Y2,190 and Daiwa Sacurities Y40 to Y1,540. Banks, however, were higher on arbitrage buying, Industrial Bank of Japan appreciating Y20 to Y3,010 and Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank moving up Y50

Speculators bought Ihara Chemical Industry, which advanced Y90 to Y1,300 in spite of the absence of any conspicuous news, while Mitsubishi Oil added Y10 at Y1,160.

Large-capital steels and shinbuilders closed firmer on buying by domestic institutions Nippon Steel moved forward Y4 to Y334 and Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Y4 to Y770. Mining shares were higher, with Sumitomo Metal Mining ahead Y9 at Y924 and Dowa Mining gaining Y2 at Y575.

Roundup

An early gain in Hong Kong, lost by the close, supported many of the region's markets, hut turnover was generally low. Local investors in China,

The Hang Seng index fin-

funds lifted the day's turnover

HSBC Holdings, HK\$1.50 higher in early trade, finished unchanged at HK\$91.75.

SHANGHAI'S A share index crashed 9.2 per cent to a record low as investors, resigned to further declines, embarked on a round of selling. The index lost 33.92 at 336.22, for a two-day fall of 13.7 per cent.

The Shanghai exchange was officially launched in December 1990, but the index did not become a meaningful indicator until much later. Official newspapers put the previous record low close at 362.46 on Novem-

1,640.71 was set on February 16 last year, affected by a national credit clampdown, rising bank interest rates and the success of this year's government bond

Kong's stock market, putting In Shenzhen, the A index also closed at an all-time low,

Index High Low (approx

284.82 240.32 378.92 250.05 252.63 238.28 286.99 292.64 175.93 206.21 118.70 143.37 155.79 118.33 117.41

134.79 155.86 143.88 150.77 175.67 179.79

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143,62 146,1 126,89 145,31 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 125,1 120,54 12

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178.56 113.83 151.56 178.15

140.93 155.55 178.58 178.58 212.59 220.60

142.28 111.97 176.86 141.60 129.25 173.89 149.70 181.11 192.73 127.40 135.82 157.47

index gained 0.4 per cent.
BOMBAY ended slightly

firmer after a dull session during which cement and a few cash issues were the only ones actively traded. The BSE 30share index hardened 5.70 to Sbares in Gujarat Ambuja

Cement led the rally in cement stocks, rising by 9 per cent before falling back slightly. Gujarat Ambuja's shares recorded a year's high when touching Rs720, later slipping

TAIPEI eased in a slow trading session as the market continued its period of consolidation after recent strength. The weighted index receded

to Rs700, still Rs40 stronger on

19.21 to 6.642.13 in turnover Among the most impressive performers, Taiwan Styrene Monomer, a major petrochemical manufacturer, advanced by the daily 7 per cent limit to

T\$87.00.

Brokers said the turnround in the plastics sector would continue to support prices in the near term because international demand for petrochemicals was still high.

MANILA was another market to move only marginally higher as investors were encouraged by gains elsewhere in the region.

The composite index was ahead 6.54 points at 2,791.14 after an intraday high of 2.813. Turnover came to 1.2bn pesos. San Miguel, which reported a 40 per cent increase in its firsthalf net profits, slipped on

profit-taking: the "B" shares lost 1 peso at 134 pesos. SYDNEY rose in quiet trade, All Ordinaries index firmed 0.4 to 2,042.1. Turnover amounted to A\$544.1m. BHP added 2 cents at A\$18.70 and News Corp gained 3 cents

at A\$8.49. TNT remained well supported on optimism of a turnround in its European operations, climbing 9 cents

institutional and retail buying during the afternoon which took the market higher for the fifth straight day.

KUALA LUMPUR saw strong

The composite index added 6.11 at 1,026.30.

Idris led the day's activity, rising 18 cents to M\$4.84 in response to its plans to buy a 30 per cent stake in Aokam's

plywood mill. Time Engineering and Landmarks gained on news that

tlum which has won the licence for a new electricity we be plant. Time rose 70 cents to M\$8.05 and Landmarks put on 16 cents at M\$5.10.

BANGKOK encountered late profit-taking after Wednesday's rally, pulling the SET index back from its best level to close 3.69 ahead at 1,371,33. Foreign institutional demand pushed turnover np to Btll.66bn from the previous Bi6bn.

SEOUL was lower for the fourth session in a row in the absence of fresh factors to drive the market. The compos- want to the treets idea ite index declined 8.02 to 926.20. WELLINGTON was led down by Telecom during another day of slow trade.

The NZSE-40 capital index ended 17.97 off at 2,008.95 in turnover of NZ\$39m. Telecom retreated 12 cents to NZ34.68.



The Commerzbank report on German business and finance 7/94

Germany's EU presidency: jobs and the East deserve priority

The process of Western European integration has suffered three major setbacks in recent years: 1993, the first year of the completed single market, saw the first decline in the Community's real GDP in almost two decades; the EMS, intended to be the forerunner of monetary union, collapsed last summer; and, last but not least, the goal of a common foreign and security policy, the second pillar of the Maastricht treaty, was shown to be an illusion in the face of the carnage in

former Yugoslavia. Now, with economic recovery under way and the prospect of EU enlargement through the accession of four Efta countries at the beginning of next year, the tide may turn. At this critical juncture, Germany has assumed the EU presidency for the next six months, and the German government seems determined to put European integration firmly back

Strategy for growth

If it is to regain credibility and support among the people of Western Europe, the EU has to present a convincing end coherent strategy for growth and employment, i.e. one which can be expected to achieve the objective stated in its white paper of halving the unemployment rste by the end of the decade. This goal is ambitious but not illusory. Infrastructure projects such as those proposed for Europe's road, rail and telecoms networks could create new jobs provided that a sound financing is guaranteed. This is dictated by the unprecedented scale of government deficits in EU countries and the very high level of taxes in member

"Eastern enlargement poses no threat to jobs in the EU."

states such as Germany, which leave no

room for "more government". The problem of unemployment, therefore, can only be tackled through deregulation, improved labormarket flexibility, tight cost control, policies to enhance competition, and measures to boost job skills. Even though national governments still bear responsibility for

momentum to the process and make it easier to overcome the opposition of national pressure groups. While probably con-

key areas here, a broad

consensus among EU

countries would lend

sidered to be less urgent by the public, East-West relations within Europe are the second major topic which the EU must address. The current halfhearted offer of access to its markets is not sufficient to ensure that democracy and market economics take root in Central and Eastern Europe. It is also not enough simply to state that associated countries may become full EU members as soon as they are able to meet the obligations of membership - including adherence to the aims of political, economic and monetary

union. This could take decades to achieve. The most obvious economic bone of contention is the Common Agricultural

Policy. Estimates put the cost of extending the system to Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic and Slovakia at DM 70 billion per year, i.e. twice the present level. Huge Sapporo Boor ahead sums would also be required for structural funds. All in all, the EU cannot simply expect these newcomers to take over, with a few minor adjustments, the First UK lottory draw existing body of rules and regulations;



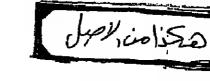
to reflect the very different structural

features of the countries concerned. While Germany, at the crossroads between East and West, is more strongly affected than other countries - both positively and negatively - by what happens in Eastern Europe, it should not be deterred from championing the cause of Eastern integration by charges that it is merely advancing its own interests. Closer links are clearly in the interest of Western Europe as a whole. And far from posing a threat to jobs, they will help the EU to solve its unemployment problem, given a more positive attitude to structural change.

COMMERZBANK 🎎

German know-how in global finance

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